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VOL. XXVI NO. 228 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1938 PRICE: ONE ANNA.

Chamberlain's Good-bye To Hitler

MOSCOW'S THREAT TO POLAND

Soviet To Abrogate Treaty If Czech Territory Is Violated

(Special To "The Chronicle")
PRAGUE, Sept. 23.

Soviet Russia handed over to the Polish Charge d'Affaires in Moscow, Mr. Yankowski, a Note calling in unmistakable terms the attention of Poland to the fact that Soviet Russia would consider the Pact of Non-Aggression concluded between Russia and Poland annulled, even without previous notice if:

(1) Polish Troops will step into Czechoslovak territory, and

(2) Polish Troops concentrate near the Czechoslovak Frontier.

This point is based on the fact that rumours about Polish Troop movement on the Czechoslovak-Polish frontier current all over Europe and that the Polish Government has not officially denied it.

MOSCOW, Sept. 23.

Soviet Russia has warned Poland that she would abrogate the Soviet-Polish Treaty of Non-Aggression if the Poland violates Czech territory.

The Note was handed by M. Potemkin, Assistant Commissar of Foreign Affairs, to the Polish Charge d'Affaires in Moscow to-day.

POLISH SURPRISE

WARSAW:—The Polish Charge d'Affaires replying to the Soviet 'demarche' said 'inter alia' that the Polish Government was well acquainted with the wording of the agreements which it concluded.

The Charge d'Affaires has been instructed to express surprise on account of the 'demarche' as no special measures have been taken on the Polish-Soviet Frontier.—Reuter.

SOVIET ATTITUDE

GENEVA, Sept. 23.

M. Litvinoff stated that after accepting the "German, British and French ultimatum," the Czech Government asked the Soviet whether it would consider itself bound by the Czech-Soviet Pact in the event of Germany presenting new demands, the Anglo-German negotiations being unsuccessful and Czechoslovakia deciding to defend her frontiers with arms.

The Soviet replied that in the event of France granting assistance, under conditions mentioned, the Czech Pact would enter into force.—Reuter.

FRENCH GENERAL JOINS CZECH FORCES

PRAGUE, Sept. 23.

General Faucher, Chief of French Military Mission to Czechoslovakia, has sent his resignation to the French Government and has asked to be relieved of his duties.

It is announced at the same time that General Faucher has put himself at the disposal of Czech Defence Forces.—Reuter.

DE LA WARR MEETS LITVINOFF

GENEVA, Sept. 23.

Lord De La Warr, Lord Privy Seal, had a private talk with M. Litvinoff this evening.—Reuter.

EVACUATION OF BRITISHERS

LONDON, Sept. 23.

It is learned at Croydon that air liner "Heracles" left Prague for London, bringing the wives and families of the members of the British Legation.—Reuter.

BR. LEGATION STAFF LEAVES

PRAGUE: An aeroplane left with British Legation Staff.—Reuter.

Abrupt End Of "Winged Mission"

SOVIET WARNS POLAND: WARSAW REJOINDER

Czech Troops Reoccupy Sudeten Districts: Talks Of Nazi Invasion

LONDON, September 23.

The Conference between the Prime Minister and Herr Hitler which lasted for two and three quarters hours yesterday at Godesberg was to have been renewed at 11-15 this morning. This anticipation was not, however, realised and it later became known that the Prime Minister had sent a letter to the German Chancellor.

GOOD-BYE, HITLER!

Mr. Chamberlain is meeting to bid good-bye to Herr Hitler, suggesting that the talks have ended rather abruptly.

Newspapers show full recognition of the gravity of the situation which was emphasised by a statement late last night by Mr. Chamberlain appealing earnestly to everybody to assist in maintaining a state of orderliness and to refrain from action of any kind likely to lead to incidents.

NO OFFICIAL NEWS

No official information is available as to the trend of the Godesberg talks yesterday, but newspapers emphasise that there are certain matters which lie outside their immediate range.

IS THERE A HITCH?

GODESBERG, Sept. 23.

It is officially announced by the British Delegation that this morning Mr. Chamberlain has sent a letter to Herr Hitler. The meeting arranged for this morning has been postponed until a later day.

It is understood Herr Hitler is replying to Mr. Chamberlain's letter.

SENSATION AMONG JOURNALISTS

It is understood Mr. Chamberlain spent the morning having long telephone conversations with London. News of the postponement has caused a sensation among the waiting journalists, who considered it might indicate an entirely new situation.—Reuter.

German Circles "Guardedly Optimistic"

GODESBERG Sept. 23

Lights burned till early hours at the hotel where Mr. Chamberlain and party are staying.

German circles remain guardedly optimistic in giving assurances that Mr. Chamberlain will find Herr Hitler in a reasonable mood. British officials were early astir this morning, and were in telephonic communications with London.

Next Chamberlain-Hitler meeting will be at 11 a. m.—Reuter.

GODESBERG:—German circles express the hope that Mr. Chamberlain-Hitler talks will not breakdown. German opinion is that Mr. Chamberlain has made such a good impression on Herr Hitler both as a man of goodwill and as negotiator that Herr Hitler will not lightly allow a breakdown to be caused by sudden untoward events.

One German spokesman said to Reuter: "Mr. Chamberlain yesterday talked to the Chancellor with perfect frankness of the difficulties, which had to be met but that there is not by any means ground for pessimism. It is far better that both sides should know just where they stand."

Herr Hitler's answer to Mr. Chamberlain's Note is expected this afternoon. Whatever its contents, it is believed that there will be at least one further meeting.—Reuter.

HITLER'S REPLY

GODESBERG:—It is officially announced that Mr. Chamberlain received Herr Hitler's reply at 15-35.

According to German circles the Conference is expected to last until to-morrow evening.—Reuter.

RESUMPTION OF TALKS

BERLIN:—German circles express the opinion that the conversations will not be resumed before 17-00.—Reuter.

HENDERSON INSTEAD OF CHAMBERLAIN

GODESBERG:—Sir Nevile Henderson accompanied by Sir Horace Wilson left Petersberg Hotel in the evening.

Sir Horace Wilson told "Reuter" they were going to see Herr Von Ribbentrop.

Sir Nevile Henderson entered the Hotel Dreesen where Herr Hitler is staying at 16-10.

The nature of his message from Mr. Chamberlain is not known. Mr. Chamberlain himself had been expected.—Reuter.

CHAMBERLAIN LEAVES TO-DAY

GODESBERG:—It is officially announced that Mr. Chamberlain is leaving for England early to-morrow.—Reuter.

"GOOD-BYE, HITLER."

GODESBERG:—Mr. Chamberlain will see Herr Hitler to-night to say good-bye. The decision to return to England followed a meeting between Sir Nevile Henderson, Sir Horace Wilson and Herr von Ribbentrop.—Reuter.

FASCIST MARCH BANNED

LONDON, Sept. 23.

The proposed Fascist march on embankment, Hammersmith, on Sunday has been banned by the Metropolitan Commissioner of Police on the ground that no march or procession could be allowed in the existing circumstances.—Reuter

CZECH-SUDETEN CLASH

ASCH, Sept. 23.

The Czech Military began to reoccupy the Sudetenland in the early hours of the morning, but the advance towards the Czech-German frontier was held up at Oberlohma, half-a-mile outside Franzensbad by the Sudeten Free Corps, who are sending reinforcements to Hassleu, four miles this side of Oberlohma.—Reuter.

(See Page 7, Col. 4).

New Czech Govt. Acclaimed.

(Special To "The Chronicle")

The news about the formation of the new Government of General Syrovy has been received with great satisfaction and acclamation by the British public.

All parties in Yugoslavia are united in their approval and satisfaction.

WE MUST SAVE OUR COUNTRY"

(Special To "The Chronicle")
PRAGUE, Sept. 23.

President Benes to-day received the Government of Dr. Milan Hodza and expressed his sincere thanks for their co-operation and services rendered to Czechoslovak nation. Dr. Benes then addressing Dr. Hodza and his colleagues said:

"We must save our country. I hope everything will turn out ultimately to the good. We must, however, be prepared and alert."

Dr Hodza in his reply emphasized that there was absolute unity and agreement in his Government and that he and his colleagues in the former Government were always prepared to render their loyal services to the Czechoslovak Nation.

HODZA MEETS BENES

PRAGUE, Sept. 23.

Dr. Hodza accompanied by his former Cabinet colleagues visited Dr. Benes this afternoon and formally tendered resignation of the Premiership.

Dr. Hodza stated that by his resignation they did not consider themselves freed of responsibility.

"Our formal responsibility is ended, but our moral responsibility continues. We hold ourselves at the disposal of the State and Nation."—Reuter

NAZI LIES CONTINUE

(Special to "The Chronicle.")
PRAGUE, Sept. 23.

The German Broadcasting Station continues to spread false and malicious stories about Czechoslovak situation. The news spread by them about the arrest of the Mayor of Usti (Aussig) is found to be untrue. Contrary to their broadcast there is perfect peace in the country. All shops and restaurants are open and business is going on as usual. The Czechoslovak people are highly satisfied in the new Government of General Syrovy.

GEN. SYROVY'S CABINET

PRAGUE, Sept. 23.

An official statement issued by the Geteka Agency says that in well-informed political quarters, it is emphasised that all parties of the Government bloc and also the political committee of the Parliamentary majority bloc which accepted the Franco-British proposals will support the new Cabinet.

"The Government of General Syrovy accepts all the duties and complete responsibility of the Government, which has resigned. It will carry these proposals into effect and is sure of the support of all the parties."—Reuter.

BENES' APPEAL TO ARMY

PRAGUE, Sept. 23.

Cautioning soldiers that enemy propaganda is taking advantages of the situation, to undermine the confidence of the people and to create unrest, Dr Benes, in a proclamation to the army, declares that "At this difficult moment the nation naturally turned to the army for strength and organisation, for which everyone made sacrifices. The army must remain firm, ready and absolutely disciplined at all costs in every direction" —Reuter.

PURGE TO PURIFY CONGRESS

JINNAH TO RETIRE?

Decision Said To Be Due To Indifferent Health

SIMLA, Sept. 23.

It is gathered from Muslim League circles here that there is every possibility of Mr. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, retiring from active political life, soon after the conclusion of the annual session of the Muslim League at Patna in December next, in view of his recent indifferent health.

It is further understood that prominent Muslim Leaguers will try to dissuade Mr. Jinnah from taking the fateful decision. In case Mr. Jinnah persists, the likely choice may fall on Sir Syed Raza Ali.—United Press.

FASCISTS ATTACK INDIAN STUDENTS

(From Our Own Correspondent)
LONDON, Sept. 23.

Three Indian students were manhandled by Fascists last night outside the Conway Hall where they were distributing handbills protesting India's name against the Anglo-French proposals. When the police arrived on the scene, the assaulters ran.

Inside the Hall where a meeting was held under the auspices of the Union of Democratic Control, Fascists used stink bombs which, the police discovered were made in Germany.

To-night Indians are holding a poster parade in the West End to protest against Chamberlain's policy.

ULTIMATUM TO NIZAM'S GOVT.

State Congress To Launch Direct Action If Ban Is Not Removed

(From Our Correspondent)
HYDERABAD, Sept. 23.

The Hyderabad State Congress Provisional Committee at an emergent meeting held to-night discussed the present situation prevailing in the State in the light of the peace talks proceeding between Mr. Narsing Rao, President Andhra Conference, Sir Akber Hydari, President Nizam's Executive Council, and Mr. Ali Yar Khan, Secretary, Constitutional Affairs Committee. After discussing the Pros and Cons of Mahatmaji's recent article in the "Harijan" regarding Indian States, Sir Akber's consultations with Simla Officials and his talks with the Home Member Bombay, and Minister Noorie and have come to the conclusion not to change the name of the State Congress, but to launch a programme of action if the authorities do not lift the ban within a week on the State Congress.

Now that the State Congress Provisional Committee have decided not to have anything to do with the peace talks, as in its opinion negotiations would not be successful through intermediaries unless Sir Akber takes courage and has direct conultation with the State Congress leaders.

Meanwhile it is learned that the State Executive Council meets to-morrow to dispose of urgent business.

Mahatma On Menace To Movement

FIVE YEARS' TESTS FOR EXECUTIVE POSITION

Attempt Of Opportunists To Capture Committees

NEW DELHI, Sept. 23.

Members of the Congress Working Committee and Premiers of Congress provinces again met Mahatma Gandhi at Harijan Colony from 3 to 5 P.M. when Mahatma Gandhi explained to them verbally the details of his scheme for non-violence.

The leaders will meet Gandhiji again at 2 P.M. to-morrow to submit to him their considered views on his suggestions regarding enforcement of absolute truth and non-violence in Congress politics and other affairs. —A. P.

PURGE OF THE UNFAITHFUL

NEW DELHI, Sept. 23.

The Working Committee members as well as the Premiers of Bombay, Madras, United Provinces, Orissa, Bihar and N.W.F. Province met again at Mahatmaji's cottage in Harijan Colony for two hours this afternoon.

Mahatma Gandhi amplified his views about the imperative need for the strictest adherence to Truth and Non-violence by all members of the Congress. He is reported to have observed that now that the Congress has come to wield power of Government in a majority of the Indian provinces, there seems to be an attempt on part of persons, who had so long remained aloof from the Congress movement, to simply sign the Congress pledge and enter Congress fold and having once got there to seek to occupy responsible positions in provincial and District Congress organisations by spending money and also by employing other means.

TEST FOR OFFICE

This Gandhiji felt to be a serious menace to the Congress movement. He, therefore, suggested that there should be a rule according to which no person who has not strictly fulfilled all rules that may be laid down in the revised Congress Constitution for a minimum period of five years, should be eligible for being entrusted with any position in the Congress Executive, be it a Taluka, District or Provincial organisation.

PURGE ADVOCATED

He also suggested that all elements which would attempt to dodge the rules in the Congress Constitution about Truth and Non-Violence on one plea or another should be unhesitatingly purged from Congress organisations even at the risk of the numerical strength on Congress rolls dwindling considerably.—United Press.

MAHATMA POURS OUT HIS HEART

Plan To Purify Congress Organisation

NEW DELHI, Sept. 23.

After nearly six weeks of self-imposed silence, Mahatma Gandhi spoke to-day for one hour to the members of the Working Committee and six Congress Pre-

(Continued on page 7, col. 3)

Congress Attitude On Federation

NEW DELHI, Sept. 23.

The Working Committee at its afternoon sitting is understood to have drafted a comprehensive resolution on Federation which will be formally adopted after the Congress President's arrival.

It is understood that this resolution will reiterate the resolution adopted at the Haripura session of the Congress with regard to the Federation issue and add that the wisdom of the attitude taken up there had been amply justified by subsequent events, specially in Indian States.—United Press.

DELHI CROWD'S DISAPPOINTMENT

NEW DELHI, Sept. 23.

Vast crowds which had collected at the Delhi Aerodrome and in the streets to accord an enthusiastic reception to the Congress President, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, had to go disappointed, owing to the non-arrival of the Congress President who took suddenly ill at Cawnpore.

The non-arrival of the Congress President has once again dislocated the arrangements made by the local Congress leaders to take him in procession. The programme of work of the Working Committee and the All India Congress Committee also has been dislocated by this.

CROWDS GATHER FOR 'DARSHAN'

Large crowds of villagers and City-dwellers gathered at the Harijan Colony this evening to have 'darshan' of Mahatma Gandhi. Special arrangements were made to-day for evening prayers to accommodate the large audience and, unlike the previous three days Mahatma Gandhi was seated on a raised platform, while offering prayer, so that the entire audience could have full view of him. The crowd enthusiastically cheered him, when he arrived and when he left the place.

Mahatma Gandhi's speech to the Working Committee this afternoon on Truth and Non-violence was the subject matter of discussion in the various Congress camps.—A. P.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word— Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 % on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

26. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted:—"A very beautiful fairly well educated Hindu girl for a high caste M.B.B.S., Doctor aged twenty two with a fairly well established private practice son of a Doctor with a very big practice and lot of landed property. No caste restriction. Correspond with Box No. 10808, "Bombay Chronicle".

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted an experienced Geologist for prospecting; apply with full particulars, experience etc. to Box No. 10820 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted educated English-knowing Hindu lady above 30 as residential Assistant Superintendent. Boarding-lodging free. Apply stating terms to Secretary Shraddhanand Mahilashram, Matunga. (10832)

Wanted—A tutor and guardian for the heir-apparent of an Indian State. Pay Rs. 1,000 p.m. or thereabout according to qualifications. Apply before 15th October to Box. No. 9539 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately to join a senior Accounts Clerk with good experience in Book-keeping and general office routine and an experienced M.B.B.S. or L.C.P.S as medical officer. Free quarters available. Pay according to qualifications. Apply stating age, experience and minimum salary expected to the Manager, Belvandi Sugar Farm Ltd., Dist., Ahmednagar. (9538)

Men-Women, stop job hunting. Let me help you to earn hundreds in your spare time. I am doing it, you can, easily. Send Re. one only and be independent for life. Your rupee cheerfully refunded if wrong. Nothing to lose. Must prosper. Guaranteed. Believe. Rahim Datoo, Kharadhar Karachi. (10785)

Wanted a Jain Doctor (M.B.B.S) with professional experience for the Jain Dispensary. Attendance four hours in the morning and two hours in the evening. Preference to one who does not conduct a private dispensary and is eager to do social service. Apply with full particulars stating minimum salary required before 30th Sept. to the Honorary Secretaries Shri Jain Dispensary, Godiji's Chawl, Pydhoni, Bombay 3. (10823)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Lady Steno-typist. Apply stating qualifications to Box No. 10833, "Bombay Chronicle."

Experienced Canvasser for Litho, three-colour printing line knowing English. Apply with qualifications. to Box No. 10613, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Representatives to sell silk cloth, salary 100, allowance 50. Bilbo Silk Mills, Co., (Regd.) Depo, 47. Ludhiana. (10784)

Wanted—Branch Manager on Rs. 80|- P.M. to build houses in Prominent Towns and sell them by instalments. P. B. 10009, Calcutta. (10735)

42. TO BE LET

To Be Let at Dadar Airy Single and Double Rooms with water-taps at Madhav Wady, close to G.I.P. Railway Station. Moderate Rents. Also to let big godown and Shop. (10826)

Cumballa Hill, Taraporevala Building, airy, lighted two-room tenements with bath and tap. Rs. 26 upwards. New Book Co., 190, Hornby Road, 'Phone 26455. (9526)

Cumballa Hill, Bhedwar House, airy, lighted 1st floor, 8 rooms, kitchen. Also independent flat, 2 rooms, kitchen. New Book Co., 190 Hornby Road, 'Phone 26455. (9527)

To let flats and garage at Yazad Minor, Parry Cross Road, Bandra Apply High Court Receiver Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. (9525)

To Let—Rebsch St. Jacob Circle, near Y.M.C.A. "Rutton House" 2nd floor, self-contained Blocks, Rs. 52. Apply mali. (10741)

3 Room and 6 Room Blocks self-contained, marble-floorings, Dias Lodge, Rana Street, Grant Road. Reduced rent. (10814)

To Be Let—Single and double rooms, fully ventilated, in new Jhawalla Building at 510, Arthur Road, Near Tardeo Tram Terminus. Apply on premises. (10825)

68. FLATS TO LET

To Let—Bombay's finest flats at 'Meher-Abad' on Marine Drive, Churchgate Reclamation, facing sea, 2 and 3 bed rooms, complete. Unrivalled situation. Apply on premises. (10834)

To Be Let decent flats in Jehan-gir Mansion 71-79 Hughes Road. Apply Mohammadbhai Ibrahim. 'phone 24970. (10824)

Three Rooms Flat are vacant at Purnathy 164A Vincent Road, Dadar. Enquire within or 'Phone 42574. (10811)

74. TO LET (UPCOUNTRY)

To Let—Matheran: easy walk from Railway Station. New Cottage of 2 bedrooms etc. well furnished. Apply Box No. 10931 "Bombay Chronicle."

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Shorthand in 24 Hours. Dutton's Shorthand has only 6 rules and 29 characters. Complete Theory learned in 24 hours. Practice quickly gives speed of 150—200 words per minute. Write Now For Free First Lesson:—The Dutton College, London, Indian Headquarters, Delhi 11. (10815)

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Motor Driving Taught Perfectly within fifteen days by expert on our car. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 10836 "Bombay Chronicle."

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Sexus Paste, best and cheapest Contraceptive. Gelotube, best and cheapest Venereal Preventive. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (10710)

240. PARTNERSHIPS OFFERED.

Wanted:—By an experienced Architect of very long standing to join a reputed firm as paid partner. Apply Box No. 10830 "Bombay Chronicle."

247. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loan advanced on Estate, Hundi, Loan Gold and Silver, Jewellery Insurance Policy and on credit. Please write or see Narothamdas Harjivandas, Bankers, 56-A, Abdul Rahiman Street, Bombay No. 3. (10835)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE

PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that Mr. JESINGLAL MANECKLAL is no longer our Manager.

Sha. PUNAMCHAND GULABCHAND.
Govind Gully, Mulji Jetha Market.
Date: 23-9-38. (10837)

P. W. D.

SEALED TENDERS for "Providing sewers and accessories along certain roads in the South-West corner of Block No. 2." of the Back Bay Reclamation Scheme will be received in the office of the undersigned on THURSDAY, the 6th October, 1938, upto 4 P.M. (S.T.) and opened on the same date at 5 P.M. (S.T.) Approximate cost Rs. 24,000.

Tender forms may be obtained on payment of Rs. 3 on any working day upto 4 P.M. (S.T.) (2 P. M. on Saturdays) except the day of receiving tenders.

Each tender should be accompanied by a deposit receipt of Rs. 400 as earnest money, from the Reserve Bank of India or a District Treasury, without which no tender can be considered.

The successful tenderer will be required to lodge Rs. 1,200 as security deposit.

The right to reject any or all of the tenders without assigning reasons is reserved.

B. P. JAGTAP,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 21st Sept. 1938. 9547

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the work noted below and will be received upto 1 P.M. (Bombay Time) on Wednesday 5th October, 1938:—

"Construction of additions and extensions at the King Edward Memorial Hospital, Parel."

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms, of tender, specification, etc., will be issued to anyone deputed to receive them on payment of Rs. 5 for each tender copy by the Dy. City Engineer, who will, on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) D. N. BARIA,
Dy. City Engineer.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay. 22nd September 1938. (9544)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted agents for silk and wool-len cloths. Pay 125|-. Particulars free. Jindals Ltd.; Dept. 79, Ludhiana. (10799)

601. SILK—COTTON—WOOL

Silk Shirtings: Quite new Produc-tion, superior, soft and durable, without cotton, 18 yds x 27" for six shirts, price Rs. 5|8 including postage. Returnable if unapproved. Shankas & Co., Ludhiana. (10822)

651 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Empire Typewriter Co., 76, Tama-rind Lane, Fort, repairs, overhauls and rebuilds Typewriters (all makes) under expert supervision of Late Foreman, Remington Rand. (10812)

Public Notices

THE NOTIFICATION

AGENT AND REPRESENTATIVE OF VARIOUS SALT, FLOUR AND VEGETABLE PRODUCT MANUFACTURERS

Mr. KASSIM A. MOHOMED of the Firm of Messrs. Kassim & Ismael is expected to arrive in Bombay on or about the 27th instant on a short visit and he will be glad to meet parties interested in the above commodities. Any one desiring to discuss business with him may do so by appointment. His address will be: C|o. Mr. M. A. Dotivala, Wimbridge House, Sleater Road, Bombay. (9543)

THE MORARJEE GOCULDAS SPG. & WVG. CO., LTD.

REMINDER.

THE SIXTY-SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Share-holders of the Morarjee Goculdas Spinning & Weaving Company, Limited, will be held on SATURDAY, the 24th September, 1938, at 3-0 P.M. (Standard Time), at the Registered Office of the Company, at Soparibaug Road, Parel, Bombay, as duly notified in this paper dated the 7th September 1938.

By Order of
The Board of Directors,
GANESHNARAYAN PIRAMAL,
Agents. (9523)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client Mr. SADASHIV HARI KELKAR HAS as from this day purchased from Mr. Govind Vishnu Bhave his business of Manufacturing Stationers and Quality Printers carried on under the name and style of "Shree Gajanan Printing Press," situate at No. 4 Library Road, Dadar, Bombay including the goodwill thereof. All the outstandings of the said business and Printing Press accrued due upto date shall be recovered and received by the said Govind Vishnu Bhave, who alone shall likewise be and remain responsible to pay all debts and discharge all liabilities thereof upto date.

Dated this 20th day of September, 1938.

DAMKEVALA, & CO.,
Attorneys for Mr. S.H. Kelkar.
Hamam House,
Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay. 9549.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION

George VI by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of NARSI PUNJA of Vinjan (Cutch) Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Vinjan (Cutch) until his death ..... Deceased.

LAKSHMIBAI alias LALBAI of Chalisgaon Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Chalisgaon outside Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the above-named deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 14th day of September in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and Thirty-eight and in the second year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI.

The 14th day of September 1938.
Messrs. RAMANLAL & HIMATLAL,
Petitioner's Attorneys. (9540)

Public Notices

LIFE ASSURANCE.

WANTED a first class INSPECTOR of Agencies on salary basis for Maharashtra with good social position and organising ability with Head Quarters at Poona for a life assurance Company already having an office in that town. Only those who have previous experience and who are prepared to give a guarantee need apply stating full particulars to Box No. 9548 "Bombay Chronicle."

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Miss SULOCHANA MOTILAL GHANDHI, of Bombay Hindoo inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. Any person having any claim or interest in to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, Mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, easement or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at New Bansilal Building, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same (if any) will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground (being a portion of the land, bearing New Survey Nos. 5524-37) together with the Building standing thereon situate, lying and being at Duncan Road or otherwise called Falkland Road, second Cross Lane, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 113 square yards or thereabouts bearing Cadastral Survey No. 877 of Girgaum Division and Assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 2103 and Street Nos. 9 and 11 and bounded as follows:—i.e. on the North by the house of Ambalal Bhaiseth, on the South by the property of Jadhavji Juthabhai, on the East by the Stable of Esmail and on the West by the Falkland Road 2nd Cross Lane and which said premises are now in the occupation of the Vendor's tenants.

Dated this 22nd day of September, 1938.

KHARAS & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys. 9540.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 2208 of 1938.

NARENDRAKUMAR PURSHOTAM & Ors. ..... Plaintiffs.
versus
MORARJI KESHAVJI & Ors. ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to Consent Decree, dated 11th March, 1938, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court on the premises on Sunday 25th September, 1938. at 4 P.M. (S.T.)

PARTICULARS.

ALL that piece of Freehold land together with dwelling house situate at Cathedral Street Bombay admeasuring 615 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector of Land Revenue Old No. 140. New No. 1250. Old Survey No. 220 and New Survey No. 2/423 Cadastral Survey No. 1736 (Bhuleshwar Division) and C Ward Nos. 4477-4478-4479 Street Nos. 30, 32 & 34.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. MINOCHEHER MANCHERSHAH HIRALAL & Co., Attorneys for the plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 1 Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 27th day of July, 1938.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ.
Commissioner. 9401.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

ADJOURNMENT OF AUCTION SALE.

Property at Peddar Road Cumballa Hill, which was to be put up to auction on 28-9-38, has been adjourned.

BENNETT & CO.

Auction Sales

AUCTION SALE OF PRECIOUS ORNAMENTS

Old and precious ornaments belonging to Morvi State are to be sold by auction. The auction will begin in our office at 11 A.M. (S. T.) on THURSDAY, 29th Sept. 1938. Intending purchasers should be present in our office at the specifical time and the conditions of auction will be notified there and then.

The ornaments will be kept open for examination before the auction.

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MORVI STATE.
Morvi (Kathiawar). (9442)

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DEVIKA RANI

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ASHOK KUMAR

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Directed By: P. C. BARUA
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is showing this week a Picture Full with Mystery.

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AT THE
NEW EMPIRE
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with ADOLPHE MENJOU

It's a Fact:
HENRY VIII MARRIED 6 TIMES
No. 1 was INNOCENT
No. 2 was IMMORAL
(She got the axe)
No. 3 was STUPID
No. 4 was a CARD SHARP
(How she trimmed him)
No. 5 was TOO GOOD-LOOKING
(She got it in the neck too)
No. 6 was A NAGGER
YET
HENRY said:—
THE BEST WAS THE WORST!
See why, for yourself!
CHARLES LAUGHTON
IN
"THE PRIVATE LIFE OF HENRY VIII"
Directed by: ALEXANDER KORDA
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Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

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ANACIN

Is a scientific combination of several valuable ingredients which, together, constitute the ideal formula for the quick relief of pain, without affecting the heart or upsetting the stomach.

ANACIN contains quinine

A312

A hearty reception was given by the local Congress Committee to Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, "the Frontier Gandhi," on Tuesday night when he arrived at the Delhi Railway station.

Mr. H. R. W. Hogg, Adviser on Physical Education to the Punjab Government, who was one among the notable arrivals from England on Thursday evening.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday

A verdict of accidental death was returned by the Bombay Coroner's jury at the inquest on Premji Jasa (25), who died of injuries in the J. J. Hospital due to a fall from the second floor of B. I. T. Chawl at Mazagaon. The deceased fell down while vomiting after having some liquor.

Nana Tatya, Genoo Paraji, Devidas Bala and Shripat Genoo, who were arrested on the 10th inst. by Sub-Inspector Dongre when they were found gaming in a room in Patras Chawl, situated at Naigaum were sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 5 each, in default, to undergo one week's simple imprisonment at the Mazagaon Court, to-day.

Sriram Govind, a goldsmith was arrested at Chiploon (Ratnagiri District) on a charge of Criminal Breach of Trust in respect of gold valued at about Rs. 1000 preferred against him by Keshavji Govindji, proprietor of a firm of jewellers.

The accused is alleged to have absconded from Bombay about a week back with the gold, which, it was alleged, was entrusted to him by the complainant. The accused was brought down to Bombay this morning.

A clerk of the Government Tobacco Warehouse and the proprietor of Vinod and Co. have been arrested by the Bombay Police on a complaint of cheating and abetment lodged by the Superintendent of the Bombay Excise.

Francis Xavier Peris and Vallabhadas Harjiwandas were placed to-day before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court.

The Magistrate directed the accused to be released on bail.

Jayantilal Maganlal Sutaria, a student who lived in Mahavir Jain Vidyalaya at Gowalia Tank fell down from the third floor of the building, yesterday morning, while he was brushing his teeth on the balcony. He sustained injuries and was removed to J. J Hospital, where he died.

Inquest was adjourned for further investigations.

Israil Joseph and Mrs. Rachal Saul were convicted to-day under the Prevention of Gambling Act at the Mazagaon Court.

Both the accused pleaded not guilty.

Mr. I. S. Haji sentenced each of the accused to pay a fine of Rs. 500 in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment.

The Government's appeal in what is known as the "Gunnybag murder case" of Broach asking for death sentence to be awarded to the three accused, was dismissed to-day by Justices Broomfield and Macklin at the High Court.

The accused in the case are (1) Harkison Harjivan "chenchia", (2) Jagjivan Pursottam and (3) Hiralal Dahyabhai.

They were sentenced to transportation for life by the Sessions Judge of Broach.

On the ground that the gravity of the offence justified the extreme penalty of the law, the Government filed this appeal to the High Court.

The three accused also appealed against their sentences.

The appeals of the Government as well as of the accused were dismissed.

Mr. A. J. MacDonald, Poultry Expert, who will be the Officer-in-Charge of the Poultry Research Section, Government of India, arrived in Bombay by Thursday's mail boat.

INTERCEPTED DAK & TOOK LETTERS CONTAINING HUNDIS?

Peon Arrested On Criminal Breach Of Trust Charge

BOMBAY: Friday.

Bhikal Chunilal, a peon attached to a commission merchant's office was arrested, yesterday, by the Bombay police on a charge of criminal breach of trust as a servant in respect of Rs. 5,492

The accused, according to the police is alleged to have intercepted letters addressed to his master and took letters containing Hundis. The accused, the Police stated, had been doing this for the last five months.

The accused was directed to be remanded to police custody by the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court.

MONTH'S JAIL FOR RUNNING GAMING HOUSE

Kacharoo Bhiva (30), who was arrested by Sub-Inspector Dongre, on the 10th inst. on a charge of running a gaming house for card-gambling, was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment at the Mazagaon Court.

BANDS AT EMPRESS GARDENS, POONA.

By kind permission of Lt.-Col. B. H. Bonham-Carter and the Officers of the 5th Bn. 14th Punjab Regiment (Pathans) the Band will play at Empress Gardens, Poona, on Friday, 23rd September 1938, from 6 to 7-30 p.m., weather permitting.

By kind permission of Lt.-Col. G. C. Bampfield O.B.E., and the Officers of the 3rd Bn. 8th Punjab Regiment the Band will play at Empress Gardens, Poona, on Saturday (24th inst.), from 6 to 7-30 p.m., weather permitting.

In order to commemorate the Haripura Session of the Indian National Congress held in Kadod Taluka of the Surat District the people of that Taluka in consultation with Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel have expressed unanimous desire to have their taluka renamed Vithalnagar by which name the Congress Nagar was called.

The Nawab of Palanpur arrived in Bombay from England on Thursday. His Highness is seen here leaving the boat at Ballard Pier.

ATTACKS ON PEOPLE'S RIGHT

Poona Protest Against Nizam's Govt. Policy

(From Our Correspondent).

POONA, (By Mail).

The following resolution was passed at a public meeting of the citizens of Poona held in the Tilak Mandir on Sunday the 18th September under the Presidentship of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, M.L.A., Bombay, under the auspices of the Hyderabad Political Conference. A resolution was moved by Mr. Raghawendra Sharma of Hyderabad and was duly seconded by Pandit Taranath of Tungabhadra and by Mr. J. S. Karandikar, editor of the "Kesari," Poona:—

THE RESOLUTION

(1) "This meeting of the citizens of Poona records its very strong protest against H.E.H. the Nizam's Government for issuing the black ordinance in the form of the Public Safety Regulation with the object of suppressing popular and political awakening and demand for Responsible Government in the State. This meeting further protests against the Government for declaring the Hyderabad State Congress as illegal even before it was born, under the pretext that it was a communal organisation, although the Association was started to secure political rights to the people.

APPEAL TO CONGRESS PRESIDENT

(2) This meeting points out that all important newspapers in India and even Mahatma Gandhi have recorded their strong protest against the extremely repressive policy being pursued by the Nizam's Government. This meeting requests the President of the Congress that the A.I.C.C. meeting to be held at Delhi should not content itself with merely protesting against the attacks on fundamental rights of subjects in the Nizam's dominions and other States but should adopt some appropriate measures. This meeting expresses its opinion that it is time for the Congress to modify its attitude and policy towards the question of the States.

CONDITIONS FOR PEACE

(3) This meeting warns the Nizam's Government that if H.E.H. the Nizam's Government really desire that there should be political reforms and peace in the State they should first of all remove all restrictions on political meetings and freedom of press and lastly this meeting warns that unless the Public Safety Regulation is withdrawn there will be deep discontent among the subjects and that the results of the discontent will be disastrous to the State."

ONLY BOMBAYITES FOR BOMBAY GOVERNOR'S BODYGUARD

In future only men from the Bombay Presidency shall man the Bombay Governor's Bodyguard.

It is understood that His Excellency the Governor has issued orders that from October 1 half of his Bodyguard should be manned by men from the Presidency and the remaining half should be gradually substituted by Presidency men.

At present the Bodyguard, numbering 55, are all men from outside the Presidency, mostly Punjabis and Sikhs.—Associated Press.

MAULANA IRFAN TO GO TO CAIRO.

Maulana Muhammad Irfan, Secretary of the Central Khilafat Committee, Bombay, will sail for Cairo very shortly to represent the views of the Khilafatites of India at the Palestine World Muslim Conference to be held at Cairo early in October.

The Moulana intends meeting prominent Muslims in Palestine, Iraq and Syria with a view to apprising them of the strong feeling the Indian Muslims hold over the atrocities against the Arabs of Palestine.—United Press.

LEGAL EDUCATION IN U. P.

Prof. Dube's Minute Of Dissent

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 21.

Prof. A. P. Dube, Dean of the Faculty of Law, Allahabad University, and a member of the U. P. Legal Education Inquiry Committee, has forwarded to the President a strong Note of Dissent to the majority recommendations of the Committee. Prof. Dube disagrees with the recommendation favouring the lengthening of the course at the University for Law to three years. He considers two years quite sufficient and the third year's course in practical training under the proposed Council of Legal Education will not do much good.

He says that the engagement of an advocate by a client is now in India a pure contract. If there should be perfect freedom of contract, a client may go to whom he likes. If he entrusts his case to a junior which a senior alone could handle, he must thank himself. No law has gone so far as to protect a grown up normal man against himself. If it is said that care must be taken that a qualified man alone should be enrolled and a year's work in the atmosphere of courts will make him better fitted, then the question arises. How much better fitted? Can it be said that nothing more would be left which he could learn at the expense of the litigant public? Will such a junior be competent at the end of this year to deal with all cases without harm to the public? If he would be slightly more competent is not the gain negligible as compared with the expense, trouble and a delay caused to the young man himself in standing on his own legs?

Concluding Prof. Dube says:—"I do not think that there is much substance in the talk of practical training as to require a year's training.

DEATH FUND COMMITTEE ACQUITTED OF DEFAMATION CHARGE

The Chief Presidency Magistrate passed orders to-day in the case in which J. S. Pereira, ex-treasurer of the Holy Cross Death Benefit Fund, had charged Sebastian D'Souza, J. M. Fernandez and A. M. Gracias, President, Secretary and member of the Managing Committee, respectively, of the Fund with defamation.

The charge was in respect of a pamphlet published by the accused wherein an allegation was made that the complainant had misappropriated funds of the Society.

Accused pleaded that they had enough justification to come to such a conclusion 'bona fide.'

The Magistrate holding that the defence was substantiated, acquitted the accused.

Mr. V. F. Couto defended the accused.

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TO-NIGHT!

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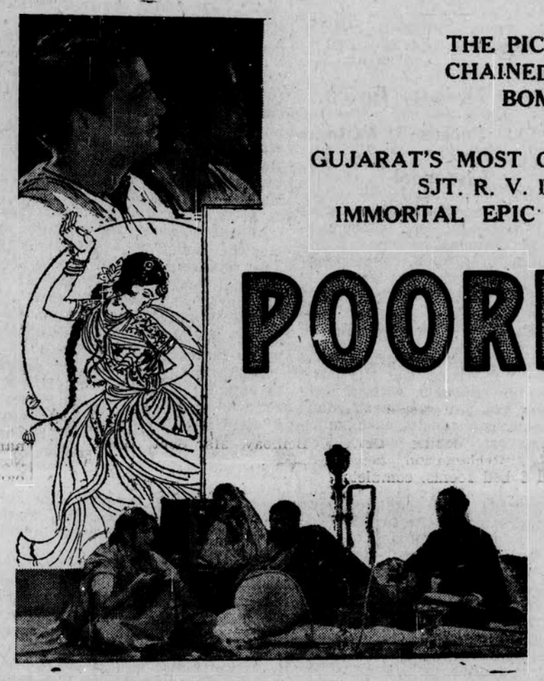

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AFGHAN SNOW

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B. M. BHARGAVA, Secretary.

Selections For To-day's Races

Panna Prince Should Win Big Event

BY "SENEX"

Poona has had torrential rain through the week and upsets are likely to-day. Panna Prince, if started, should about win the Newbury Plate.

2-0 p.m. The Arab Consolation Plate—Distance 6 Furlongs.

STAR OF KASHMIR	1
FALI HAL IRAQ	2
PRETORIA	3

2-30 p.m. The Deccan Plate—Distance 1 Mile.

POM POM	1
IRONSIDE	2
TOMTIT	3

3-0 p.m. The Eve Stakes—Distance 6 Furlongs

FLIPPANT	1
RED MINX	2
APPLE TREE	3

3-30 p.m. The Alandi Plate—Distance 1 Mile.

FUNNY FACE	1
LOOKMAN	2
FAIR PLAY	3

4-0 p.m. The Curragh Plate (Div. II)—Distance 6 Furlongs.

SCHOOL QUAD	1
EASTERN QUEEN	2
SOUTHERN CROSS	3

4-30 p.m. The Alandi Plate (Div. I)—Distance 1 Mile.

*MAMLUK AL IRAQ	1
PRINCE HILAL	2
SILVER STAR	3

5-0 p.m. The Newbury Plate—Distance 1 Mile.

PANNA PRINCE	1
HIMAT	2
FEARLESS PRINCE	3

5-30 p.m. The Dullingham Plate—Distance 6 Furlongs

MANIFOLD	1
HOW'S THAT	2
ALDERSHOT	3

6-0 The Curragh Plate (Div. I)—Distance 6 Furlongs

WOORANIAN	1
DOMINIC	2
PRINCE SHIVAJI	3

Daily Double:—FLIPPANT and MAMLUK AL IRAQ.

Daily Treble:—SCHOOL QUAD, PANNA PRINCE and MANIFOLD.

WESTERN INDIA BILLIARDS

Sofaer's Convincing Victory

Moses Sofaer played a brilliant game in the first quarter-final of the Western India Billiards Championship, at Green's Hotel, on Friday, to beat T. A. Contractor, snooker champion of Western India and billiards champion of Byculla, by 400 points to 355. Young Sofaer led by over 150 points at one stage of the match.

Contractor did not appear to be at his ease in the opening stages of the match, and was only 18 when his opponent passed his first hundred. Sofaer, on the other hand, scored big breaks frequently, his best being one of 51 compiled before reaching his 100. Sofaer continued on his winning way till he led by the wide margin of 274-121.

After this Contractor got his eye in and by scoring steadily at every visit to the table got as far as 345 with his opponent only 37 points ahead, but Sofaer went on to win the match at 400-355. Sofaer made eight breaks over 20, four of them over 30. Contractor's best was one of 32, besides five of over 20.

Our Ajmer correspondent wires:—"Osmania, Delhi, gave a good display of football. The defeated Friends Nasirabad, and Sporting Club of Calcutta. Bhundi, the All-India fame champion, was in good form"

Kane Defeats Jurich

40,000 Persons Witness Heavy-Weight Fight In Liverpool

LONDON, Sept. 22.

It is estimated that 40,000 persons at Liverpool watched Kane-Jurich fight when Kane outpointed Jurich. Kane was aggressive from start and in second round Jurich went down for a count of nine. Kane kept up attack for next four rounds.

In seventh round Jurich had Kane on the ropes but the latter shook his opponent with a right to the jaw. In the next round the American fought back gamely. In the Tenth round Jurich went down for two brief counts. Kane staggered Jurich with left right and left in the eleventh and scored with a knockdown count of nine in the twelfth.

Again in the opening of the thirteenth Jurich went down to the boards and rested till nine was counted. Kane then scored with heavy rights to his opponent's body while Jurich was hardly able to land a blow.

The American varied in the fourteenth but in fifteenth he stood up toe to toe and drove back the Englishman.

BEN FOORD TO RETIRE

LONDON: Sept. 23.

Ben Foord, the former British Heavyweight Champion, has announced retirement, following the recent knockout defeat at Cardiff, by George James, a former miner.—Reuter's Special.

DUSSERAH- Day of Achievement

Tuesday, October 4, is Dusserah Day —when Princes will lead splendour-strewn Processions in token of the tradition of commencing campaigns of conquest on that auspicious day.

TUESDAY OCTOBER 4, MINERVA MOVIETONE COMMENCE A NEW CAMPAIGN TO CONGUER PUBLIC OPINION BY RELEASING THEIR NEW ACHIEVEMENT

'VASANTI'

Starring the Lovely

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WESTERN INDIA BADMINTON

Surprise Defeat Of Kanga And Vimadalal

R. N. Kanga and J. R. Vimadalal, holders of the men's doubles in the Western India Badminton Championships, were surprisingly beaten by the young college pair, B. I. Jacob and J. Nazareth in the first semi-final of the men's doubles at the Bombay Gymkhana on Friday. In the second semi-final R. D'Silva and H. M. Frenchman had a fairly easy passage into the final at the cost of H. Rebeiro and G. D. Patwardhan in two straight sets.

In the quarter-final match in the mixed doubles G. D. Patwardhan and Miss Dadyburjor were eliminated by J. R. Vimadalal and Miss Vacha after two interesting games. At the other court, R. D'Silva and Mrs. Nariman beat E. D'Souza and Miss Lovji also in straight games.

Though the matches had all been scheduled for the first court, Kanga and Vimadalal vs. Jacob and Nazareth match was so well fought out and so full of long and exciting rallies that one match, that in which R. D'Silva and Miss Nariman were concerned had to be played on the second court for want of time.

Jacob and Nazareth combined perfectly and were flawless in their smashing and recoveries and it was easily the best match seen so far in the tournament. Kanga and Vimadalal established a commanding lead of 6-1 in the first game, but their younger opponents made a great effort, to come up to 5-6. The sides were level at 9-9, after which the holders of the title again took the lead. When they were at game point, however, their opponents showed amazing form to equalise at 14-14. The College pair then won the following three points to bag the game.

In the second, Kanga and Vimadalal again led 10-6 and 11-8, but Jacob and Nazareth scored 7 points in succession to win the game. Jacob's excellent smashing was a feature of this match.

Patwardhan and Rebeiro failed to extend D'Silva and H. M. Frenchman in the second semi-final of the men's doubles and went down 11—15, 1—15. The first game was even for the first half, but afterwards D'Silva and his partner dominated play. The second was all in favour of the winners though Patwardhan made a great effort to save it in the closing stages.

D'Silva and Mrs. Nariman were not extended in beating D'Souza and Miss Lovji in straight sets. D'Souza played a sound game throughout, but was no match to the clever placing of D'Silva.

Patwardhan and Miss Dadyburjor were unlucky to lose their match against Vimadalal and Miss Vacha in two games. Losing the first after a keen fight, the former pair led in the second up to 10 points, but a series of erratic strokes by Miss Dadyburjor lost them the lead and the match. The losers did not display mutual understanding.

Results:—

Men's Doubles

(SEMI-FINALS).

R. D'Silva and H. M. Frenchman beat G. D. Patwardhan and H. Rebeiro 15—11, 15—1.

B. I. Jacob and J. Nazareth beat R. N. Kanga and J. R. Vimadalal 17—14, 15—11.

Mixed Doubles

(QUARTER-FINALS).

R. D'Silva and Mrs. Nariman beat D'Souza and Miss Lovji 15—5, 15—3.

Vimadalal and Miss Vacha beat Patwardhan and Miss Dadyburjor 15—8, 15—11.

Week-End Fixtures

COURT NO. 1:—

6-30 p.m. Women's Doubles Final—Mrs. Nariman and Miss Dadyburjor vs. Mrs. J. N. Kerr and Miss Vacha.

7-00 p.m. M. N. Kunzru and Miss Dyer vs. R. A. D'Silva and Mrs. Nariman.

7-30 p.m. R. N. Kanga and Miss Vimadalal vs. J. R. Vimadalal and Miss Vacha.

MATCHES FOR SUNDAY.

Court No. 1:—

6-15 p.m. R. N. Kanga vs. C. Gomes (semi-final).

6-45 p.m. R. A. D'Silva vs. G. D. Patwardhan (semi-final).

7-15 p.m. final of Mixed Doubles

MR. ABDUL SHAKOOR.

Mr Abdul Shakoor has been appointed the General Captain of the Hockey Club of the Aligarh Muslim University. He is a versatile hockey player who has a remarkable stickwork and is to-day among the outstanding centre-forwards in the country.

World Of Sports: Home And Abroad

Indian Footballers Even With Australia In "Test" Battle

(BY LOOKER-ON.)

Soccer fans in India will be delighted to hear that the I. F. A. Football team which is now touring Australia has at last come into its own and has succeeded in levelling up matters with Australia as far as the "Test" series are concerned. In the first Test at Sydney they were defeated by the home country by five goals to three. In the second at Brisbane, they drew with the score at 4 goals all. The third "Test" at New-Castle (N. W. S.) saw the tourists conquering their hosts by four goals to one. The Fourth Test will be played at Sydney to day and the final Test comes off at Melbourne on October 1. With the honours even so far the battle is bound to remain interesting till the end

EARLY REVERSES.

The tourists made their debut in Australia in excellent style by defeating South Australia by 6 goals to 1. But they could not sustain their initial victory for long. They met with four defeats in succession—three from Provincial sides and one from Australia. And these defeats were substantial too. With the exception of the Northern Districts who won by the odd goal in three, they lost to Victoria, New South Wales and Australia in First Test by the margin of a brace of goals. It was stated that the Indians played the superior type of football on the whole, but it was their inferiority in marksmanship which robbed them of victory on these occasions.

EXPERIENCE TELLS.

It must be said to the credit of the tourists that they did not accept their defeats in a downhearted manner. They directed their intelligence and attention in studying the strong and weak points on both sides and engaged themselves in strengthening and solidifying their own combination. They had also to study the local conditions carefully and get themselves used to them. By the time they played their first "Test" match they had managed to acclimatise themselves and take full measure of their opponents. They realised that the root of their success lay in their shooting at the target at every available opportunity. Perfect fall control, speedy movements and spectacular positional play had their charm, but without accurate and opportune shooting their efforts came to nothing.

GLORIOUS SUCCESSES.

The subsequent matches bore the fruit of their serious endeavours. Playing against Queen's-land at Brisbane, the tourists notched as many as seven goals to their opponent's six. Then came the Second Test. They emerged on level terms sharing eight goals registered during the day. Next they conquered Ipswich and Queen's land again by five goals to two. Finally they overwhelmed Australia by 4 goals to 1 in the Third Test. It will thus be seen that though the tourists owned defeats in their initial engagements, they were not dispirted. On the other hand they profited by their adverse results. And it stands to their immense credit that they surmounted their handicaps and turned the tables on their opponents.

FUTURE HOPES.

To start with, they, as a picked up side with no practice between themselves, were definitely in team-work. Then they had to play under rough conditions and strange surroundings. Several of them played barefooted besides which handicapped them a good deal, instead of giving them their usual advantage. Gradually they overcome all their difficulties and turned to account their inherent strength. There is now every hope of their winning the rubber. Indian football world will no doubt rejoice at that happy consummation, if it comes to pass. Even if it does not, they have every reason to be gratified at the show put up by the Indian tourists. For a team without any experience of the world conditions and any training abroad they have done exceedingly well. More travels in foreign lands will certainly place them in a better position. The day is not perhaps far distant when India will be able to challenge the world in this game as in hockey. I heartily congratulate the tourists and K. Bhattacharjee, their Captain, on their Test success and wish them more of it in their future engagements.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay—I Programme

VUB 244 metres (1,231 kc/s.)

p.m.

1-0 Market Rates, Announcements. 1-5 Recorded Lunch Hour Music. 1-30 Children's Hour. 2-0 Bombay Orchestra. 2-5 Vazirbai of Poona. 2-30 Child Marriage in India. Talk in Gujarati by Suiochana Modi. 2-45 In Memoriam. 3-0 Maharashtrache Ratna. 5-30 Kumar Gandharv. 5-45 Jultarang and Flute. 5-50 Gujarati Selections. 6-5 Sham Kalyan on Violin. 6-10 Which One? 6-15 Shamsuddin. 7-0 To Bhumijan. 7-45 Commercial News. 8-0 Review of Marathi books by V. H. Kulkarni. 8-15 Three Prodigies. 9-0 News (Hindustani). 9-15 Ma Stuti. 9-30 News. 9-45 Tales from the Bazars. By 'Babaji'. 10-0 Olga Athaide: Piano. 10-20 An Interlude. 11-0 Epilogue.

Bombay—II Programme

8-0 to 9-0 a. m. and 1 p.m. Same as in Bombay I.

61 metres (4,905 kc/s).

p. m.

5-30 Same as in Bombay I.

Delhi—I Programme

VUD 338.6 metres (886 kc/s.)

a.m.

7-0 Mukerjee and His Music Makers. 7-10 Vocal Variety. 7-50 Murli ki Tan. 7-55 Classical Music. 8-25 Mohammad Shafi. 8-32 S. D. Batish. 8-40 News in English. 8-50 In Hindustani. 12-0 noon.

Women's World.

p.m.

12-30 Akhtaribai Faizabadi Recital. 1-0 A Simla Listener's Programme. 6-0 Chughtai and his Octet: Multani. 6-10 A Variety Concert. 6-40 Ghazals from the Great Masters: Dagh S. D. Batish. 7-30 For Villagers Only. 8-0 Sitar Solo. 8-15 History in Making. 8-30 Classical Music. 9-15 News, Weather Report. In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Light Music. 10-0 I Met a Man. Talk by Mrs. J. M. Raju. 10-15 Light Music.

Delhi—II Programme

7-0 to 9-0 noon 12-0 to 2-0 as in Delhi I.

60 metres (4,995 kc/s.)

p.m.

6-0 Melodies. 6-45 Songs from the Punjab. 7-0 Mixed Melodies. 7-30 Cocktail-Time. 7-47 Varieties 8-0 Ghazals from Mohammad Shafi. 8-15 to 9-45 Programme as in Delhi I. 9-45 A Russian Programme. 10-0 to 10-15 as in Delhi I. 10-15 A Russian Programme. 10-55 News. p.m.

Delhi—III Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s).

6-0 to 8-0 as in Delhi II. 8-0 to 11-0 as in Delhi I.

OPEN TABLE TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS

The first annual Open Table Tennis Championships organised by J. Walter Thompson Company Sports Club will be played at the Club premises from the 1st October under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency Table Tennis Association. The principal events will be: Men's Singles, Ladies' Singles, Men's Consolation Singles, Men's Doubles and Mixed Doubles. There will be two challenge cups—one for Men's Singles (J. W. T. Challenge Cup) and the other for Ladies' Singles (Wagle Challenge Cup).

A feature of the tournament is the Junior's Singles for boys and girls under 16 years of age. In addition to this the Team Championship will be played on knock-out basis for the Dr. Shantilal J. Mehta Challenge Trophy controlled by Bombay Presidency Table Tennis Association.

Entry forms should be addressed to Mr. C. S. Major, Hon. Secretary, J. W. T. Sports Club, Imperial Chambers, Wilson Road, Ballard Estate, and must be received not later than 5-30 p. m. Wednesday (28th instant). The draw will take place at the club premises at 7 p.m., the same day.

READ THIS ALOUD.

"Gramophone Singer" is a film that deserves more than casual attention, not only of the public but of the trade as well ... It is an entirely believable story, convincingly acted and entertainingly directed.

—BOMBAY CHRONICLE

SAGAR

Made it to be an

IDEAL ENTERTAINMENT

"Gramophone Singer"

SONG-DANCE-ROMANCE!

and the three Stars:

SURENDRA, BIBBO, PRABHA

AND THE PICK OF SAGAR FEATURE CAST.

2ND WEEK

Daily: 5-15, 8, 10-30 p.m.

Sat., Sun., Hol., 2-30 p.m.

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STAR FLASHES

by CHARLES BRUNO

THE "SUIT" OF THE TIN WOODMAN IN "WIZARD OF OZ" WAS FINALLY CONSTRUCTED OF BAMBOO AND RUBBER WHEN TIN PROVED IMPRACTICABLE.
TOUGH GUY HUMPHREY BOGART HAD TO HAVE HIS EYEBROWS PLUCKED FOR HIS ROLE IN "BLACKWELL'S ISLAND".

EDWARD RAQUELLO, WHO PORTRAYS NAPOLEON IN "THE MAN ON THE ISLAND" HAS A LIBRARY OF 800 BOOKS.... ALL OF THEM ABOUT THE LIFE OF THE EMPEROR! RAQUELLO NOT ONLY RESEMBLES NAPOLEON BUT IS A FELLOW CORSICAN AS WELL...

PATHE
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M. Sun. Extra Sho 10 A.M.
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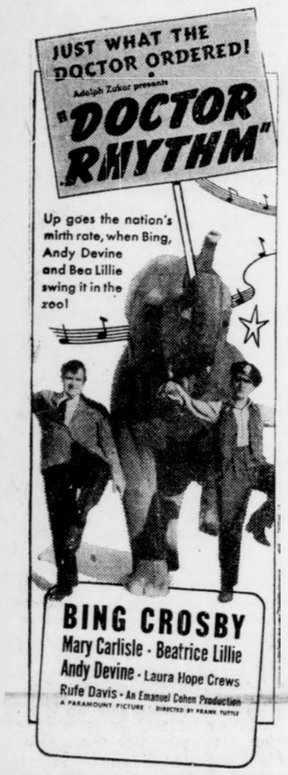
The Year's Funniest Comedy at Reduced Prices for all Shows.
As. 4, As. 9, As. 14, Rs. 1-2, Rs. 1-8 & Rs. 2-4, including Tax.

THE EXCELSIOR
THREE SHOWS DAILY:
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.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Adolph Zukor presents
"DOCTOR RHYTHM"
Up goes the nation's mirth rate, when Bing, Andy Devine and Bea Lillie swing it in the zoo!
BING CROSBY
Mary Carlisle · Beatrice Lillie
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Rufe Davis · An Emanuel Cohen Production
A PARAMOUNT PICTURE DIRECTED BY FRANK TUTTLE

SUNDAY SEPT. 25th AT 10 A.M.
CECIL B. DE MILLE'S
historical triumph
"THE CRUSADES"

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DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

WHAT WAS IT?
What was the terrifying mystery that even brave men feared to face? Sidney Howard's startling stage play ... now fires the screen with its powerful drama!
YELLOW
JACK
ROBERT
MONTGOMERY
VIRGINIA BRUCE
with
LEWIS STONE · ANDY DEVINE
HENRY HULL · CHARLES COBURN
BUDDY EBSEN · HENRY O'NEILL
Screen Play by Edward Chodorov
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A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture

EXTRA:
PETE SMITH SPECIALITY
M.G.M. MUSICAL COMEDY
BRITISH MOVIETONE NEWS
BOOK YOUR SEATS NOW!

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Asho Shud 1, 1994
Muslim: Rajjab 29, 1357
Parsi: Farvardin 19, 1308
Hightide: — 12-00
Lowtide: 5-48 18-09
Sunrise: 6h 27m
Sunset: 6h 35m.

MOGAVEERA FREE NIGHT SCHOOL

Gandhi Jayanti will be celebrated in the school at 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Saturday). Mr. H. Damoder Rao, of Mangalore, will speak on the occasion.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O S K steamer 'London Maru' left Colombo on September 21 and is due to arrive in Bombay on September 25.

THE SWASTIK LEAGUE

The Annual Five Miles Running Race for the members of the League comes off to-morrow (Sunday) at 6-15 a.m. (S. T.).

FLAG HOISTING AT MATUNGA

Under the auspices of Matunga Gujarati Seva Mandal, a flag hoisting ceremony will be performed on Sunday, 25th September at 8 a.m. near Nappoo Hall Garden.

Sjt. K. S. Ramchandra Iyer has kindly consented to perform the ceremony.

LATE SIR PHIROZE SETHNA

A public meeting of Harijan workers was held on Wednesday last at Dhobi Talao, to mourn the loss of Sir Phiroze C. Sethna. Mr. G. G. Bhatkude presided and Messrs. Virkar, Shirke, Nikam and others spoke.

LATE SIR PHIROZE SETHNA

The President and Members of the Managing Committee of the Bombay Insurance Brokers' Association feel it their melancholy duty to place on record their sincere sorrow at the sad and sudden death of the late Sir Phiroze Sethna.

NAVADURGHA NAVARATRI MOHOTSAV

Under the auspices of "Shree Navdurgha Nitiprakash Mitra Mandal", the above Navaratri Mohotsav will be performed from to-day (Saturday) to 3rd proximo at Shah Hargovind Anandji Desaiwadi, 14, Bhaskar Lane, Bhuleshwar, Bombay.

LECTURE ON RAJA YOGA

Swami Sambuddhananda, President, Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, will deliver a public lecture on "Transmission of Prana" (Cosmic Force) at the Batliboi's Accountancy Institute Hall today (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.).

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSN.

Lecture in series on the new Constitution of India organised by the Association will be delivered by Prof. N. S. Pardasani on "Provincial Autonomy" at Wilson College to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. Dewan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri will preside.

AGRAWAL SABHA

Birthday ceremony of Maharaja Agrasen will be celebrated under the auspices of Agrawal Sabha, Bombay and Muttra Vaishya Yuvak Mandal under the presidentship of Raja Bahadur Narayanlal Pitti in Hirabaug Lecture Hall at 4 p.m. (S. T.) to-day (Saturday). Drama show has also been arranged at this function.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EROS—"The Lilac Domino". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Yellow Jack". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Doctor Rhythm". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Having Wonderful Time". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Vachan". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Checkers". Daily at 4 and 10 p.m. only and 6-30 p.m. 'Sadhona Bose.'
CENTRAL—"Gopal Krishna". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Kentucky Moonshine". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"The Garden of Allah". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"The Cat." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bramhachari". Daily at 5, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
MINERVA—"Dharti Mata". Daily at 5, 8 and 11 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Poornima". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Gramophone Singer." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
BROADWAY—"The Private Life of Henry VIII". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Raja Gopichand". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
SUPER—"Bahadur Kissan". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Alf's Button Afloat" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Lancer Spy". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY'S NAVRATRA PROGRAMME AT ANDHERI

Lecture on "Navratra Mahotsava" by Sjt. S. U. Shukal, Principal of Fellowship School. (2) Vocal music by Sangit Divakar Master Dinanath of Surat.

YOUNG THEOSOPHISTS' DAY

The All-India Young Theosophists' Day will be celebrated at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.) to-morrow (Sunday) at the premises of the Youth Lodge, Theosophical Society, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty.

Members can bring their friends to be present at the function.

THE BOMBAY THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION

Opening of the Annual Sessions of the Bombay Theosophical Federation today (Saturday) at 6 p.m.

Entertainment gathering with music on Sunday, the 25th instant at 6 p.m. in the Besant Hall of the Blavatsky Lodge.

SUBURBAN SOUTH INDIAN SOCIETY

The usual Navarathri festivities under the auspices of the above Society, will be held this year at C. K. P. Hall, Linking Road, Khar, from to-day (Saturday) to Sunday, the 2nd October (both days inclusive.).

There will be musical entertainments every evening. To-day's programme consists of a concert by Mrs. C. S. Balakrishnan (vocal and veena) to the accompaniment of Mr. V. A. Mani Iyer (Mridangam).

MR. MOHAMAD JAFFAR NASAR MAVJI.

Mr. Mohamed Jaffar Haji Nasar Mavji, who returned by the last mail-steamer after obtaining a personal interview with the Imam of Yemen, said in the course of a talk with a press representative that the trade of Yemen is mainly in the hands of Indians. This ancient Islamic country was now experiencing the competition of Britain and Italy. The power of Yemen in manufacturing armaments has considerably increased. Port Sudan and Khartum, the capital, are under the joint possession of Egypt and Britain, and since Aden was placed under the control of the British Foreign Office, the trade which Indians carried on there for the past 100 years has been ruined.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' UNION

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Municipal Workers' Union, Bombay, will be held to-day (Saturday) at 7 p.m. (S.T.), at the Head Office of the Union. All the members are requested to attend.

THE KANARA BROTHERHOOD

Under the auspices of the Kanara Brotherhood, there will be a programme of Vocal Music by Master C. D. Nagarkar of Lucknow, disciple of Mr. Shrikrishna Rathunjankar, Principal, Marris College, Lucknow with Sjt. R. Mangeshkar for Tabla and Master Dattaram Parwatkar for Sarangi, in the Brotherhood Hall, 302/B Vithalbhai Patel Road on Sunday, the 25th September at 8-30 in the morning.

FLAG SALUTATION AT GOWALIA TANK

Dr. T. R. Naravne, G.O.C., Bombay Seva Dal, B. P. C. C. has addressed a circular letter to all Volunteer Corps and Akhadas in Bombay appealing to them to participate in the monthly flag salutation ceremony on Sunday, the 25th instant to be performed at Gowalia Tank Maidan, at 7-15 a.m.

POSTAL NOTICE

Registered and unregistered packet mails and superscribed registered and unregistered letters and postcards for Mauritius and all correspondence for Reunion per extra s.s. 'Sirsa' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 8-30 and 9 a.m. respectively on Monday, the 26th instant.

SHISHU VIHAR PROGRAMME

Under the presidency of Dr. R. P. Paranjape of Poona, a Grand Variety Entertainment Programme, is to be held in the Royal Opera House, on Sunday, the 25th September at 8-45 a.m. in the aid of the Shishu Vihar, the only children's educational institution of Dadar. Tickets can be had either from Shishu Vihar or at the Opera House.

DADAR HINDU MAHA SABHA

A public meeting will be held under the auspices of the Dadar Hindu Maha Sabha, to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. in the Vanmali Hall, Tilak Bridge, under the presidentship of Sheth Govardhandas Morarji, to honour the Hindu Maha Sabha leader Sjt. Gangaram Khanna, of Ahmedabad.

YOUNG MEN'S LITERARY CIRCLE

Under the auspices of the above institution, a public debate will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "That the League of Nations has proved a failure" at the Bohra Brotherhood Hall, 182-84 Musjid Bunder Road, Bombay. It will be proposed by Mr. A. S. Gandhi and opposed by Mr. Afzal Ashrafi.

THE BOMBAY EAST INDIAN ASSOCIATION

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the above Association will be held to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. at the office of Messrs. Ferreira and Vallabdass, Solicitors, 72 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact various important items of business.

TRAMWAY TRAFFIC UNION, BOMBAY

A meeting of the general body of the Tramway Traffic Union, Bombay, will be held to-day (Saturday) at 11 p.m. in the Muzafarabad Hall, Grant Road.

'A' WARD GANDHI JAYANTI

To-day (Saturday, 24th September.)

4 p.m. A procession will start from the 'A' Ward Congress Office to Colaba via Frere Road, Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Flora Fountain terminating at the compound near Colaba Land Mills.

5-30 p.m. A meeting near the compound of Colaba Land Mill, where the procession will terminate.

THE TECHNOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Technological Association, University of Bombay, Dr. S. S. Bhatnagar will deliver a lecture in the lecture room of the Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, today (Saturday) at 5 p.m. All are requested to attend.

How Best To Observe Gandhi Jayanti Week:

From The B. P. C. C.

1. By buying your requirements of Khadi from the Khadi Exhibition organised at the Congress House, or from any of the Khadi Bhandars in the City.
2. By liberally contributing to the Gandhi Jayanti Purse Fund.
3. By enrolling yourself as a Congress member.
4. By making yourself sure on an inspection of the Preliminary Municipal Rolls, kept at all Congress offices in the City, that, as a rent payer, your name is entered therein.

"G" WARD GANDHI JAYANTI

The ceremony of opening a Branch Office of the "G" Ward District Congress Committee at Dharavi will be performed at 6 p.m., to-day (Saturday, the 24th September) in the compound of Yellow Bunglow near Hindi School.

Sjt. I. S. Patel will preside.

YOUTHS' PARLIAMENT

Under the auspices of the Youths' Parliament, Prof. Moses Ezekiel, Wilson College, will deliver a public lecture at Blavatsky Lodge, to-day (Saturday, the 24th instant), at 6-30 p.m., Subject Adulterated Foodstuffs.

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY

For Visiting the Chawl, the members of the Social Workers' Society will meet at 5-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) at J. J. School of Art, Tram Stand, and on Sunday at 9-45 a.m., at Bharat Mata Cinema, Tram Stand Lal Baug.

KHAR NAVARATRA CELEBRATIONS

To-day (Saturday, 24th September) at 9 p.m., (S. T.), Prayer, Garba, "Ajinkyatara" a drama by Amar Joti Mela."

SARASWAT BRAHMAN SAMAJ

To-day (Saturday, the 24th September) at 5-30 p.m., Prof. V. N. Naik, M.A., will deliver a lecture on "Culture" in Saraswat Brahman Samaj Graha at 264, Charni Road, Girgaon, Bombay.

CHIMNABAI GAEKWAD S. T. FUND.

Her Highness the Mahant Chimnabai Saheb Gaekwad Scholarship Trust Fund has issued a list of 58 scholars who have been awarded scholarships for the year ended 31st May 1939, amounting to Rs. 445 per month, i.e. Rs. 5,340 for the year.

THE BOMBAY MATHEMATICAL COLLOQUIUM

Rev. Fr. R. Rafael S.J., of St. Xavier's College will deliver a popular lecture on the theory of Relativity at the Royal Institute of Science, to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m.

U. P. HOMOEOPATHIC CONFERENCE

(Dr.) D. N. Banerji, General Secretary, U. P. H. A., 15/34, Civil Lines, Cawnpore, writes:

The fourth Provincial Conference of the U. P. Homoeopathic Association will be held at Baradari, Hazratganj, Lucknow on the 8th and 9th October 1938. Dr. J. N. Mazumdar, M.D. (U. S. A.) of Calcutta will preside over the session. Special feature of this session will be to raise the standard of Homoeopathy and the standard of Homoeopathic practitioners by obtaining Government recognition of the Science and acceptance of the Homoeopathic Faculty Bill.

Those who will read papers in the Conference are requested to send the copy to the undersigned on or before the 7th October, 1938.

KETKAR'S ART INSTITUTE, BOMBAY.

The 23rd annual social gathering of Ketkar's Art Institute, Bombay, will be held to-day (Saturday) and to-morrow (Sunday) at Wagale Memorial Hall, (Chikitsak Samooha High School, Kandewadi, Bombay), when Prof. V. G. Rao will preside. The programme is as under:—

To-day (Saturday): 3 p.m. Students' programme; 9-30 p.m. Vocal and Instrumental music by S. Parsekar; Jaltarang and Kastha-tarang by Prof. Keshewrao More; Indian dance by Mr. Piliay.

To-morrow (Sunday): 8-30 a.m. Photo; 9-30 a.m. Demonstration Lecture on Life Sketch by Mr R. D. Panvolkar A. M.; 4-30 p.m. Flute by V. M. Joshi. Annual meeting and prize distribution.

VILE PARLE NAVRATRA—MAHOTSAVA MANDAL

Pandit Balmukundji will give "Harikirtan" to-day (Saturday) night at 9 p.m., in the compound of Gokalibai High School. All are cordially invited to attend.

SHRI RAMTIRTH YOGASHRAM

Free Tuition in Yogashastra, on Sunday morning 6 and 10 (S. T.). Natural Way to real health and Salvation.

VILE PARLE NAV DURGA MOHOTSEVA

Shri Nav Durga Mohotseva ceremony as usual will be performed in Vile Parle at Park Road East in the premises of Late Dr. Dhruv's Bungalow from to-day 24th September, 1938 to 3rd October, 1938 Monday both days inclusive when religious Garbas Ras, Pravachans, Harikirtans, Sangit, Vyayam, Yoga Havan, etc., will be observed accordnig to the ropes of our Hindu Sanatan Dharma.

THE B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Under the joint auspices of the Royal Institute of Science and the B. P. Adult Education Association Mr. B. S. Nawalkar and Mr. R. N. Dave will deliver their second lecture in Marathi Botany and Gujarati Zoology to-day (Saturday the 24th instant) at 3 p.m., at the Royal Institute of Science.

BOMBAY NORTH AND SUBURBAN SECONDARY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION

The Annual General Meeting of the Association will be held in Dr. A. Da Silva High School, Dadar, to-day (Saturday 24th instant) at 4-15 p.m.

SECONDARY TEACHERS' TRAINING INSTITUTE, GHATKOPAR

Under the auspices of the Secondary Teachers' Training Institute, Ghatkopar, Mr. K. G. Warty, M.A., B.T., will deliver a Lecture on "The Aims and Policy of Education in India" at the Ramnarain Ruia College, Hall No. 5, Matunga, to-day (Saturday, the 24th instant) at 5 p.m.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE.

The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class (Advanced) on "Urban Co-operation" will meet to-day (Saturday, the 24th September) at the League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road. There will be two lectures this day. The first will be delivered by Mr. G. P. Murdeshwar, B.A., LL.B., on "Co-operative Housing" from 5-15 to 6-15 p.m., and the second by Prof. V. G. Kale, M.A., on "Co-operative Federation" from 6-30 to 7-30 p.m. (S. T.)

Students are requested to attend in time.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE

The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day (Saturday, the 24th September) at Tutorial High School, Grant Road, when Miss Piroj Anandkar, B.A., T.D., will deliver a lecture on "Women's Co-operative Movement" from 5 to 6 p.m. (S. T.).

Students are requested to attend in time.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUNDS

The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of "F" Ward will meet near the Central Vaccination Station near Old Parel Tram Terminus on Saturday, the 24th September 1938 at 7 a.m., (B. T.), to go round the Ward.

Residents of the Ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time. In the event of there being heavy rains, the visit may be postponed.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1938

STATES AND THE CONGRESS

Repression in the Indian States is steadily getting worse and more sinister. A State like Travancore, which is truly progressive in some respects, is just at present one of the worst offenders in respect of repression. Lathi charges and firing on unarmed crowds have now become very common in the State, firing having been resorted to four times during the last few weeks. Every time the occasion is only a public meeting held against orders. The orders themselves seem hardly justifiable, being calculated either to humiliate the agitators or to drive them into bold action. And when such action is taken it is made a pretext for stern repressive measures. It is not necessarily right to prevent or suppress every meeting held against orders. It should suffice to arrest quietly the leaders of the meeting before crowds gather or after they peacefully disperse. As the leaders have openly declared themselves as Satyagrahis, they will at any time offer themselves for arrest and they can be easily prosecuted without any provocation to the people. But the authorities in Travancore needlessly provoke the crowds by seeking to disperse them with lathi charges. And when some of the provoked men or others bent on mischief throw stones at the police it is considered enough justification for firing on the crowds. Gandhiji rightly condemns such methods as "frightfulness."

Who Creates Violence?

The Travancore authorities continue to put all the blame for the firing on the people, alleging that violence on the latter's part makes firing necessary. Even conceding that the allegations of violence are well-founded, the point we would always urge is that the violence itself is to a large extent provoked by a mishandling of meetings by the local authorities concerned. But the allegations themselves seem to us grossly exaggerated and very much one-sided. In this connection we cannot help reproducing from "Harijan" an extract from a letter to Gandhiji from a Travancorean whose testimony, he says, he has "never had occasion to doubt." Says Gandhiji's correspondent: "As regards the violence which we all deplore, the stone-throwing and the burning of buses are attributed to rowdies set up by the police according to one version; but without a thorough inquiry, which is impossible under the present circumstances, it is difficult to say what is the truth. Anyhow, do you not think that it is rather surprising that through all these occurrences took place in clear daylight and at meetings at which large numbers of police and military forces were present, it was not possible to prevent any of them or arrest a single one of the offenders? The explanation of the supporters of the State Congress is that the police dare not arrest any as they and their hirelings commit these atrocities. I cannot say how far the explanation can be accepted. A volunteer who was subjected to a severe lathi charge at the Quilon meeting says in an interview to the "Hindu" correspondent (published in the "Hindu" of 4th September) that he saw with his own eyes some policemen throwing stones. Such allegations are generally made by the State Congress members." It is the duty of the Government to make a searching inquiry into all the allegations of violence even if the inquiry should prove a little inconvenient or embarrassing.

Help The States People

Another grim feature of the situation in thne States is tha repression is spreading fast among them. We have referred before to the repression in Khashmir, Hyderabad, Rajkot and several other States. Reports are now coming that in far too many States vexatious restrictions are being put on public meetings and the right of association for political agitation. When even constitutional agitation of the mildest type is thus prevented the people, now thoroughly awakened, will naturally resort to more effective methods like Satyagraha, and they will as naturally receive all possible sympathy and support from their fellow countrymen in British India, particularly Congressmen. It is certain that the A. I. C. C. will strongly condemn the repression in the States and express its full sympathy with the peoples' struggle for responsible Government. Whether or not Congress as a body will continue to refrain from intervening in the struggle. Congressmen all over the country ought to help the States people in their struggle in all possible ways.

Restoration Of Chirner Minar

The proposed restoration of Chirner Minar recalls great memories. Sholapur, Bilashi and Chirner, besides various centres of Salt Satyagraha during the Civil Disobedience campaign became particularly remarkable because of the firing resorted to by the police in order to control the armies of Satyagrahis. At Chirner, near Panvel, there was riot and firing in connection with a forest satyagraha. Some people died, some were maimed and about a score were proceeded against and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment. Some were acquitted on appeal and sentences of some others were reduced. To the memory of those who died in the skirmish, a memorial in the form of a pillar, called Chirner-Minar was erected by a memorial committee and it was unveiled by the late Mr. Vithalbhai Patel. During the second or resumed Civil Disobedience campaign, this pillar was construed at a news-sheet under the Emergency Powers Act and demolished by the Kolaba District Police under magisterial orders. The Memorial Committee of which Mr. Jamnadas Mehta was President and Mr. T. N. Bedekar, Secretary filed a suit against the Secretary of State for India for damages to the extent of Rs. 1,000 for the destruction of this obelisk. The case was protracted for years and only about a month ago, it was decided against the complainants. They were also ordered to pay Government's cost.

But as behoved a Congress Government, the Bombay Cabinet decided to waive their claims for costs and also ordered the stones of the memorial to be handed back to the Memorial Committee and Panvel Congress Committee. September 25 is the day on which the firing took place and on the same day, the Hon Mr. K. M. Munshi, Home Member, will now lay the foundation-stone of the memorial to be reconstructed after the old pattern. It is in the fitness of things that what was destroyed under the auspices of Sir Ernest Hotson should be restored under the auspices of Mr. Kanavalal Munshi as it is indicative of the change that has come in the administration of the province.

Muslims And Palestine.

The discussions at Geneva on the subject of Palestine served to bring out two facts very prominently. First, the League of Nations, so far from excercising any control over the Mandatory Power, formally surrendered its authority to the latter and even agreed to suspend the very principle of Mandates itself. It accepted Great Britain as the real and ultimate sovereign over Palestine. Secondly, the proceedings clearly proved that the whole of the Muslim world is definitely on the side of the Arabs in connection with the crime which Britsih Imperialism is preparing. But mere verbal protests cannot go far. If the Arab countries are in earnest and do mean to "stand by" the Palestine Arabs they have to make themselves felt by British Imperialism. This applies also to Indian Muslims and, in fact, in a greater degree because they constitute a part of the Empire which is going to amputate Palestine. They owe a duty to the Arabs. And that duty, we suggest, cannot be discharged merely by protest meetings, much less by supporting British military programmes.

MOTOR-CAR MANUFACTURING

Possibilities In India

By Prof: G. R. SAHGAL, B.A., B.Sc. (E. E.) Calif: D. I. C, (London); A. M. I. E,

The conference of Ministers of Industries called by the Congress President, it is expected, is likely to be held on or about the 2nd October 1938 at Bombay. It is understood that the manufacture of motor-cars and motor-trucks will be one of the subjects under discussion. There is no doubt that the idea of starting an Automobile factory in the country will be further advanced when the Provincial Ministers do meet and the industry can be successfully started in the country to the great benefit of our people. According to Sir M. Visvesvarayya, the Ex-Dewan of Mysore, "one and half crores of rupees" are required for manufacturing 10,000 cars and 500 trucks per annum; the "Factory Price" is computed at Rs. 1,250/-; the "Sale Price" of a medium size car being fixed at Rs. 1,800/-. Sir Visvesvarayya desires the Provincial Governments to contribute Rs. 50 lakhs towards the share-capital, the remaining balance of one crore to be subscribed by the Indian public. Sir Visvesvarayya is one of those Indian administrators, who sincerely and honestly pin their faith on the "Capitalistic Ideology" and as motor-works have an inherent value for National Defence, it is essential that the Congress President and the Hon'ble Congress Ministers of Industries, should insist upon adequately safeguarding the national and public rights and privileges, before committing themselves to a "Limited Liability Company" to be controlled by the Non-Congress Capitalists.

Why Pay High Price?

Sir M. Visvesvarayya feels confident that this automobile industry can be successfully started in India to the great benefit of the country. According to him the price of a medium size car will not exceed Rs. 1,800/-, and the promotion of the industry is contingent on the Provincial Governments contributing Rs. 50 lakhs towards the share capital. We must have our own Swadeshi cars and trucks but must we pay very high for them?

The price of the German People's car has been fixed at 900 mks. which for comparative purposes may be taken as Rs. 900/- the disparity is obvious. In regards to percentage of population engaged in industry Japan falls behind almost every country of Western Europe, and her cost of raw materials per ton of pig iron is the highest in the world, yet she can afford to compete in our markets; and but for the deplorable Sino-Japanese conflict our automabile market would have been flooded with cheap Japanese cars.

India Stands Low

With respect to the World Production of iron ore India stands fourth in the list, the first, second and third places being taken by U. S. A., France and United Kingdom respectively. Our output of pig-iron compares very favourably indeed both with Japan and Italy, our nearest Industrial neighbours; and our estimated coal reserves are much larger than those of both of these countries put together. There is no dearth of mechanical talent in the country, but unfortunately our Capitalists think in terms of Imperial-Capitalism and not in terms of National-Capitalism, and hence the industrial inactivity in the country.

Utilise Indian Talent

Sir Visvesvarayya suggests: "the patents can be bought from foreign countries, notably Germany; Foreign Experts shall be employed to install the plant, which will take three years and which shall be imported from abroad; the Indian buyer will save Rs. 1,000/- per car." Excellent so far as it goes, but why forget and eliminate the Indian mechanical talent and why not manufacture most of the essential plant in the country? What would a typical present day car (a model) cost if it were made entirely of Indian materials and entirely by hand in the country. An Officer of the Ford Company puts the figure at Rs. 53,000, but an Indian Engineer can make the model at a cost of Rs. 15,000 only, which represents one tenth of one per cent. of the crore and half required for the Industry. A colleague of mine, an Indian Engineer, has already built a car for the Calcutta Corporation for less than Rs. 6,000/-.

(Continued on page 7, col. 1)

ZERO HOUR POSTPONED

Impressions From Paris

By Khwaja Ahmad Abbas, "Chronicle" Roving Reporter.

PARIS, Sept. 13.

Last night, in the capitals of Europe and even across the Atlantic, millions awaited the Zero hour with breathless suspense. Peace or War?

In Paris from early evening thousands thronged the streets waiting for the special editions of newspapers to come out with Hitler's Nuremberg speech on the Czechoslovakian situation. Those who understood German sat in their homes by short-wave radio sets to hear the fateful pronouncement in the Fuehrer's own voice.

The speech was scheduled for 7 p. m. I joined the crowd in a restaurant in Montparnasse and after an early supper everyone kept a sharp eye for the news-boys to make their appearance. There was intense excitement in the air. Nerves were strained and soon at every street corner there started violent discussions between partisans of various political groups, between supporters of Front Populaire and the French semi-Fascists, between Socialists and Communists, between advocates of Franco-Soviet pact and the rabid nationalists. Voices grew louder and more and more people felt it necessary to participate in the discussions. White-collar clerks, workers from factories, gendarmieres, students, artists, even the otherwise cynical "demi-mondes," everyone was keenly, anxiously, debating the issue which they knew to be of such vital importance to their own personal lives: Peace or War?

On The "Normandie"

This was the climax of the general state of tension that had been prevailing in the world during the last few weeks. I left New York on 31st August on the "Normandie" which sailed with an unusually small number of passengers on board. Hundreds, I learnt, had cancelled their reservations owing to their fear of the unsettled state of Europe, while on the return journey to the United States the same steamer was fully booked for people leaving Europe in a hurry. During the voyage the threat of war was the only topic of conversation and the brief news bulletins were scanned apprehensively every morning One day the rumour gained currency that a war had been actually declared, but that the steamer authorities were holding back the news for fear of creating a panic. Next day we looked with uneasy eyes as a German steamer passed us in the distance. On board we had Ernest Hemingway, the American author, who is fighting with the International Brigade in Spain and who was almost arrested when he boarded the steamer, and Colonel Julien, "the Black Eagle," a Negro aviator who fought for the Abyssinians and now talked of enlisting in the French Air Force to fight Hitler.

Nor was the state of tension eased when we arrived in Paris. There was incessant talk of mobilization, train-loads of soldiers were leaving for the Frontier every day, big posters advertising the National Defence Loan were put up in the streets, while every home displayed printed instructions to follow in case of a sudden air-raid. At the travel agencies tourists added the proviso, "If the frontiers are not closed by then" when discussing plans for a tour of central Europe. And an ominous silence fell on a group of foreign tourists when the guide, taking us round the city, pointed to a church on which had landed some of the shells from the German "Big Bertha" during the last war. Everyone thought with a shudder: It might happen again.

And now the man who was solely responsible for creating this uneasiness and tension was going to speak. For what seemed an interminable period we waited for the newspapers until at about 10 p. m. the appearance of the first news-boy caused a general scramble. I am afraid the poor newsboys had a rough time last night.

Anti-Climax

The speech for which we had so anxiously waited and hastened to read through in that cafe on Montparnasse, even as it was being anxiously scanned in the Chancelleries of Europe, came to many as a bit of an anti-climax, though it certainly relieved the high pitch of tension and sent to peaceful sleep many uneasy heads who had dreaded an immediate declaration of war. The only thing that mattered last night was that we had still some more days of peace and, momentarily relieved of our anxiety, there was a general exodus from the streets. Soon the music-halls and cabarets were crowded and cafes rang with laughter as the strains of "Marsellaise" broke through a medley of gay music.

Read in the disillusioning light of the day, Hitler's speech gives little cause for enthusiasm. It is ominous, but non-committal. "I will no longer tolerate the oppression of the 3,500,000 Germans and beg foreign statesmen to take note that this is not an empty phrase." These are not words which promise peace. Though not in the same crude way as employed by Field Marshall Goering, he reviles Czechoslovakia, slanders the Jews and the Soviets and administers a sharp rebuke to Britain and France. Indeed, he goes out of his way to taunt Great Britain "not to talk so much of peace but to make peace and create law and order in her Jewish state—Palestine," and, following the lead of Mussolini, the "Defender of Islam." Hitler comes out to champion the cause of Arabs. A rather futile and transparent gesture which will not fool anyone, least of all the Arabs! It is a pity, however, that all the efforts of Lord Runciman to secure the Nazi demands by unscrupulously using British pressure on Czechoslovakia should have been so unceremoniously ignored. But, those who have closely followed the Sudeten situation and Britain's role as mediator will not be surprised at this attitude of Hitler. Indeed, it is quite in keeping with his policy of international blackmail which is being so naively abetted by Great Britain.

Britain Playing Nazi Game

The factual background is simple. Hitler uses the German minority of Sudeten to secure Nazi domination of Czechoslovakia, as a part of his programme of expansion in Central Europe. Behind the demands of the Sudeten leader, Henlein, is the threat of armed invasion by Hitler's troops. This threat can be met effectively only by a joint declaration by Britain, France and Soviet Russia. The Soviets have reiterated their determination to fulfil their obli-

(Continued on page 9, col. 4)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

SPAIN'S NEW GESTURE.

Signor Negrin, the Spanish Premier, announced at Geneva the other day that his Government had decided to order immediate withdrawal of all non-Spanish combatants fighting on the Government side. This decision, he declared, was taken as a contribution towards general appeasement. It is certainly heroic but we have no reason to hope that it will stimulate, much less shame, the so-called democratic Powers into compelling General Franco to do the same with his own Italian and German legions. Indeed his newspapers, doubtless reflecting official opinion, regard the step as an admission of defeat. This is, of course, nonsense. But it does make us wonder if, after years of gallant fighting against odds composed of Italian and German support to Franco and of one of the blackest betrayals in history by Britain, they are not thinking of trying other ways of conciliation.

THE CZECH CHALLENGE

The Sudeten Germans and their masters across the Frontier, who had probably thought that it was virtually all over save the triumphal entry of the Fuhrer into Sudetenland on the first stage of his march, must have received a rude shock. The Czechs, it appears, are not going—at least not just yet—to let them have it all their own armed way. They have struck back. They mean to re-establish order and their authority and suppress armed rebellion. We do not suggest that all this implies, in any way, a determination on the part of Czechoslovakia never to cede the Sudeten districts. So far as that part of the country is concerned the betrayal of Czechoslovakia by Britain and France is complete; a *fait accompli* which Mr. Neville Chamberlain has taken in his pocket to Godesberg. But it is an intimation to Herr Hitler and to his British agent that Czechoslovakia is not going to be done to extinction quietly and peacefully. This intimation is further confirmed by the significant change in the Czech Government. They have formed a Cabinet of "National Concentration" with military representatives on it "because the present hour demands discipline and complete unity of all elements in public and military administration." And at the head of the Cabinet is their greatest military chief who is also a national hero.

THE ANSWER?

These developments must have disconcerted and angered Herr Hitler. And they have evidently disturbed Mr. Chaberlain, who has issued an appeal for calm, an appeal, which—it is very significant to note—he never thought of issuing all these days while the Sudetens and the German were provoking "incidents" after "incidents." The question is whether the Czech activities will make Herr Hitler pause or whether he will try to seek in them an actual provocation for embarking upon his contemplated programme immediately. The other question is what, in the event of the latter alternative, will Mr. Chamberlain do? Honour reinforced by pubic opinion in Britain herself demands that he should stand up to Herr Hitler and by Dr. Benes who said in his latest broadcast declaration that "he was ready for any understanding favourable for Czechoslovakia, the pacification of Europe and for collaboration with Great Britain, France and Germany." The question would be very easy to answer in the case of an ordinary normal statesman. But Mr. Chamberlain is nothing if not extraordinary. He is as desperate a submissive 'realist' as Herr Hitler is a threatening bully. True, that Earl Winterton has almost with the authority of the British Government, peremptorily rejected "proposals" recently put forward by "two European countries adjacent to Chechoslovakia." But recent history is full of authoritative British declarations and their subsequent betrayal.

TOUCHED ON THE RAW

Mr. F. E. James, representative of the Madras "Europeans" in the Central Assembly, is badly smarting under the irritation caused by "bitter speeches" made recently in the Simla sessions of the Assembly. We appreciate his trouble. He, the embodiment of 150 years of British exploitation of India, cannot but suffer pain when that exploitation is challenged in the language of truth. He complained the other evening to his constituency against "violent" speeches made on the Army Bill and cried: "It is a pity that those who wear Gandhi caps in the Central Assembly appear to have forgotten that one of the tenets of the Mahatma is non-violence in deed, thought, and word." They have not forgotten that tenet. But, on the other hand, they remembered that it was their duty to call a spade a spade. It is Mr. James who forgets, being a "European", that what was said was truth and richly deserved. Being a "European" he will accuse the Mahatma himself of violence because he calls the British system of Government in India as satanic.

WITHOUT COMMENT

ROME, September 22.

It is officially announced that Admiral Ascoli is giving up his military and naval command of the Italian islands in the Aegean Sea. It is believed that Admiral Ascoli is a Jew.—Reuter.

* * * *

"What," says Anglo-India, "Is clear is that Assam needs greater stability in public affairs."

If this consummation has not been achieved despite His Excellency's best efforts, the only course left open now is for the Governor reluctantly and regretfully to take up the administration himself.

* * * *

Mr. F. E. James (the well-known 'European-in-India') it is reported, has been appointed Acting Governor of the 89th district of the Rotary International (Afghanistan, India, Burma and Ceylon).

This gesture of the Rotary International must be particularly appreciated by India.

* * * *

NEW SHAPE OF FEDERATION

Linlithgow On Return To Make Far-reaching Statement

—Headlines.

Have they been doing face-lifting at Whitehall?

* * * *

A large crowd is reported to have collected near 10, Downing Street shouting "Chamberlain Must Go"

Perhaps they didn't know that he had already gone.

* * * *

Godesberg reports tell us that Herr Hitler's "expression was tense and stern" and that Mr. Chamberlain "looked grave."

A pantomimical representation of their respective roles of butcher-executioner and undertaker.

* * * *

Czechs Hold Back Nazi Hordes

—Headline.

This, Mr. Chamberlain may quite justifiably complain, amounts to a deliberate attempt by Czechoslovakia to sabotage his work of appeasement.

* * * *

The British public, urges Lord Halifax, should refrain from forming premature conclusions . . . . .

This plea for post mortem conclusion is eminently worthy of British 'realism.'

* * * *

They must, Lord Halifax insists, await the time when Mr. Chamberlain would be in a position to place the public in full possession of facts.

Of *faits accomplis*, in fact.

* * * *

"There is no gratitude in politics and Polish support of Herr Hitler at this stage will make no difference to Nazi ambitions in Poland"—Anglo-India.

Quite right . . . . just as Arab support of Britain in the last War has made no difference to British ambitions in Palestine.

* * * *

A TEATIME THOUGHT

"About nine out of ten of life's tangles are best solved by waiting. Very often when you are worried because you do not know what to do, the best thing to do is—nothing."

—Dr. Frank Crane.

* * * *

It was breakfast time at the house of the eminent professor, who had spent the major part of the night in his laboratory.

"My dear," he said to his wife, "congratulate me! I have discovered a gas of hitherto unheard-of density, and I am going to name it after you!"

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

The long-headed clergyman preaches the shortest sermon.

When cats fight in the dark they always scratch a match.

There is a remedy for everything except some of the remedies.

Some people use very poor material when they make up their minds.

Silver must be the kind of money that talks, as silence is said to be golden.

Of course it was a woman who said, "An honest man is the loveliest work of God."

Hydari's Parleys With Congress Leaders

Deadlock Continues; But Ban May Be Lifted

(From Our Special Representative)

POONA, September 23.

The Government of Hyderabad is expected to lift the ban on State Congress within a couple of days. This news has reached Poona to-day. The above decision seems to be the direct reaction to Sir Akbar Hydari's fruitless visit to Simla to get support from the Government of India for repressive policy in the State and also due to the informal conference in Bombay during the last week-end between Sir Akbar on the one side, and a member of the Congress Working Committee and two Ministers of the Government of Bombay on the other.

Immediately on arrival in Hyderabad, Sir Akbar invited Mr. Narsingrao, one of the leaders to discuss the possibilities of arriving at an amicable settlement on the issue facing the State Congress, the Muslim community and the Government. It was stated that if negotiations were to be carried on, a favourable atmosphere was essential, and Sir Akbar is stated to have given an assurance on Thursday evening, that the ban would be lifted shortly.

He is also stated to have promised that so long as negotiations are in progress Government would not resort to repressive measures. A Government Communique is shortly expected.

LEADER'S PARLEYS

It might be recalled that negotiations have been in progress between leaders on either side for the last one month. Bahadur Yarjung, Muslim Leader and M. Narsingrao, President of the Andhra Conference have been discussing the terms of settlement, and they are reported to have come to an agreement on the question of language for services in the lower and higher grade, and representation in the legislature with necessary safeguards.

These negotiations did not have the sanction of the communities on either side, nor was the Government prepared to reorganise these negotiations. The return of Sir Akbar Hydari has brought about a change in the trend of events. For the first time, Congress leaders were invited for personal talk yesterday evening, and leaders of Muslims are anxious to negotiate with the Congress organisation. The State, through Sir Akbar Hydari has promised to help these negotiations by lifting the ban.

It is gathered that leaders are agreed that the basis of these negotiations should be unqualified supports of both Muslims and the Government to the goal of responsible Government within the State.

IN CASE OF FAILURE

In the meantime, enrolment of volunteers to proceed with the programme of direct action and resist the imposition of ban is proceeding at a fast rate. In case the ban not lifted as promised, Civil Disobedience Campaign will be started on 2nd October, the birthday of Mahatma Gandhi, whose article in "Harijan" has given impetus to the movement. Thousands of young men and students, have, it is stated, come forward to enlist themselves at Satyagrahis.

DEADLOCK STILL PREVAILS

(From Our Correspondent).

HYDERABAD RESY, Sept. 23.

On the eve of the A.I.C.C. meeting members of the Hyderabad State Congress seem to be busy formulating proposals and counter proposals in the State Administration regarding the removal of the ban on State Congress.

In this connection Mr. Narsingrao, President of the Andhra Conference, on invitation interviewed Sir Akbar yesterday morning and his Secretary in the evening and the talks they had were reported to be favourable. Sir Akbar seems to have stated that he would lift the ban on the State Congress unconditionally.

But Aliyavar Jung, Secretary of Constitutional Affairs who received Mr. Narsingarao Madpati, Hanmanth Rao, Pandit Ramacher, Burgul Ramkrishenrao, Janaradanrao Desai and Mr. K. S. Vaidya, is said to have stipulated several conditions for lifting the ban, and seems to have asked the Deputationists to change the name of the State Congress and establish a new organisation for taking Muslims into their fold and at the same time intimate to A.I.C.C. not to bring in the Hyderabad State in their resolution on States, as the authorities of Hyderabad were prepared to lift the ban imposed on the State Congress.

The Deputationists seem to have replied that they were not prepared to change the name of the Congress, but would try their best to accommodate Muslim representation. Hence a deadlock prevails.

Death-Roll Goes Up

250 So Far Counted Hurricane In America

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.

The death-roll due to the hurricane is still mounting and is now 250.—Reuter.

HURRICANE KILLS 441

A New York message says it is now known that the death-roll due to the hurricane now is 441.—Reuter.

PALESTINE SETTLEMENT

Iraq Ex-Premier Leaves For London

BEYROUTE, Sept. 23.

Said Nouri Pasha, Ex-Premier, Iraq, who is stated to have been the Mufti and elaborated with him a new plan for compromise and settlement of Palestine question left for London via Egypt.—Reuter

PLAN TO PURIFY CONGRESS

(Continued from Page 1.)

miers on a subject near and dear to his heart, namely, "truth and non-violence." He lucidly explaindhi with regard to his remedy for war and suggestions regarding day-to-day administration.

MAN OF "HEART" AND MEN OF "INTELLECT"

One of the leaders remarked: "Mahatma Gandhi does not care about results so long as he is satisfied with regard to the methods, while some of us are very keen about results also. In other words, he as a man of "heart" spoke to us and poured forth his heart to us. But we as men of "intellect" could not go whole-hogg with him. We shall now have to consider ways and means of meeting him. This we shall do to-morrow when we meet in the Working Committee."

ed to the members of the Working Committee and the Congress Premiers what his conception of "Truth and Non-violence" is and how the Congress should at all costs, adhere to this cardinal policy. He made it clear how essential it was to keep the purity of the Congress, if it were to live and grow.

IF CONGRESSMEN ARE SINCERE

"If Congressmen are sincere in their belief in the Congress creed of truth and non-violence," he is reported to have told the Working Committee, "they should take immediate steps to adhere to this at all costs and carry the policy to its logical conclusions." He could not conceive of the Congress believing in the efficacy of "Truth and Non-violence" only in its fight to win political freedom and not in governing the country and retaining the freedom so won.

SOVEREIGN REMEDY

So far as he was concerned, he is reported to have made it clear that Truth and Non-violence were the sovereign remedy for all ills of mankind, political or otherwise. Being convinced that non-violence could achieve anything, he could not subscribe to the modern theory of war involving violence either to win the freedom of a country or retain it. He had no doubt that non-violence was a much more powerful and potential weapon than the biggest modern armies. Left to himself, he would face any army with his weapon, namely, Truth and Non-violence, but would regard himself as an unfit instrument to use this sovereign weapon of a 'Satyagrahi.'

DRASTIC CHANGES

In order to purify the Congress organisation and strengthen it by strictly adhering to "Truth and Non-violence," he is understood to have suggested some drastic changes in the Constitution of the Congress. These changes relate to enrolment of primary members, method of election to the various Congress Committees and selection of the right type of men to lead the Congress.

It is further understood that Mahatma Gandhi made it clear to those listening to him that he did not want them to accept these things simply because he was putting them forward, but they should think for themselves and if they were really convinced of their need they should accept them.

The speech it is stated produced a very profound impression among members of the Working Committee and the Premiers and they asked for time to discuss the various implications of the suggestions among themselves before they gave him their considered opinion.

"MEN OF THE WORLD".

The members are said to have

(Continued in col. 2)

Dramatic Turn In Czechoslovakian Dispute

Huge Crowds March To Whitehall To Demand "Stand By Czechs"

GERMAN NEWS AGENCY REPORTS PRAGUE GOVT. RECAPTURE SUDETEN AREAS: NEW CABINET FORMED

LONDON, Sept. 22.

ONE OF THE MOST REMARKABLE DEMONSTRATIONS SINCE THE BEGINNING OF THE CRISIS OCCURRED AT WHITEHALL TO-NIGHT WHEN A CROWD, AT ONE TIME NUMBERING TEN THOUSAND, COLLECTED, MANY CHANTING "STAND BY CZECHS, CHAMBERLAIN MUST GO". ADDITIONAL POLICE WERE DRAFTED AND HANDLED THE POSITION TACTFULLY. THE DIN SUBSIDED WITHOUT INCIDENTS.

The Czech troops are reoccupying the towns in the Sudetenland which the Sudetens had taken over, according to assertion of a German news agency from Eger. The report alleges that troops have been ordered to return to every district which they had evacuated.

The German news agency alleges that armoured cars entered Konigsberg, Falkenau, Graslitz and Newdeck, "opening fire on the inhabitants". It adds that troops are marching towards Eger where the population has hastily removed Nazi decorations and flags.

The agency also asserts that on the German side of the frontier, shell-fire can be heard from the Sudeten town of Graslitz.

NEW CABINET FORMED

A new cabinet in Prague has just been formed.

General Syrovy is the Premier and Minister for War. Dr. Krofta, Foreign Minister. Dr. Kalfus for Finance. They will have as their colleagues Herr Ozenkl, Prague's Lord Mayor, Herr Bukovsky, Chief of the Sokol Organisation and Herr Vavarecka recently appointed Minister for Propaganda.

All these three Ministers are without portfolios. Herr Josef Cerny, Governor of Moravia will probably be included as Minister for Interior.

At the same time, the political affairs will be in the hands of a committee composed of Dr. Hodza, Herr Czernin, Herr Bechyn, Herr Scramek and Herr Sranke who formed the Inner Political Cabinet of the late Government. The Cabinet represents Government on a wide national basis to enable the president to carry on with the complete backing of the nation.

Dr. Benes spoke in confident terms in a five minute broadcast address to the nation before the new Government was formed. Exhorting his listeners more than once to have no fear for the future of the country, Dr. Benes mentioned that he was ready for any understanding favourable for Czechoslovakia, pacification of Europe, and for collaboration with Great Britain, France and Germany.

He added: "We are prepared, if necessary, to fight to the last man for our rights just as we are prepared to negotiate. I see things clearly and I have my plans. Our line of policy has been formed."

Prague is quiet now, except that there is more evidence of military activity.

CHAMBERLAIN'S APPEAL ORDERLINESS

An official statement was issued by the British delegation announcing their intention to resume conversations to-morrow morning.

The statement adds that in the meantime, the first essential in the opinion of Mr. Chamberlain is determination by all concerned to ensure that local conditions in Czechoslovakia are such as will not in any way interfere with the progress of conversations.

The Prime Minister appeals most earnestly, therefore, to everybody to assist in maintaining a state of orderliness and refrain from any action of any kind that is likely to lead to incidents.—Reuter.

TEXT OF HENLEIN'S MANIFESTO

Henlein's manifesto says:

My compatriots,—As bearer of your confidence and conscious of my responsibility, I state before the whole world that by employing machine-guns, armoured cars, and tanks against the Sudeten Germans the system of oppression by the Czech people has reached its climax. The Czech people have thus shown to the whole world that co-operation with them in one State has become definitely impossible.

The experiences of a despotic reign of twenty years, especially the heavy sanguinary sacrifices of the last few days, oblige me to state that—

1. Against our will and contrary to the promised right of self-determination we were forced in 1919 into the Czech State.

2. We have made several sacrifices to safeguard our existence within the Czech State.

3. All our efforts to induce the Czech people and their responsible statesmen to treat us honestly and justly have failed.

In this hour I stand before you, the German people, and the civilised world, and declare we want to live as free Germans. We want liberty and work in our fatherland. We want to return to the Reich May God bless us and our just struggle.

JAWAHAR TO VISIT RUSSIA

Will Proceed After Visiting Indira And Vijayalakshmi

(From Our Correspondent)

PARIS, Sept. 23.

After long talks with Messrs. Litvinoff and Delvayo, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru arrived here yesterday from Geneva. Now he is having talk here with Nahas Pasha.

It is understood that as the Soviet Union granted visa to him Nehru will shortly proceed towards Russia after visiting Miss Indira who is still in London Hospital and Mrs. Vijayalakshmi who is now undergoing X-ray treatment at New Lodge Clinic, Windsor.

JAWAHAR TO VISIT RUSSIA

LONDON, Sept. 23.

Pandit Nehru is arriving in London to-morrow. He is arranging to leave for Russia after ten days.—Reuter.

INVASION IMMINENT?

ASCH, Sept. 23.

Reports, hitherto unconfirmed, that fifty Germans have been killed are causing great indignation in the countryside. The Sudeten populace believes that if Czech Military advances further and engages Sudetens in wholesale military action, the German Motorised Divisions at present lying in readiness a few miles on the German side of the frontier will move forward to Sudetenland.—Reuter.

No Troop Movements

BERLIN, Sept. 23.

The German troops are at present several miles from the Czech frontier. It is confidently believed that there is no likelihood of their moving for the time being. —Reuter.

CZECH TROOPS FOR CARLSBAD

PRAGUE, Sept. 23.

120 lorry loads of troops left Prague shortly after 11 a.m. in the direction of Carlsbad. The men were loudly cheered by spectators in the streets and troops replied with the usual Czech greeting "Nazdar" meaning Good Luck.—Reuter.

Arms Will Be Used To Suppress Armed Rebellion

PRAGUE, Sept. 23.

"Arms will only be used to establish order where the rebels make an armed attack on the State." Says an official communique denying the German reports to the effect that the Czech motorised troops entered the Sudetenland towns firing on the inhabitants.

It adds "This happened recently in Tepla District where a sentinel who was shot at replied killing three members of the Sudeten Ordnance Corps."

"Government must maintain legal order in these regions and cannot tolerate acts of violence. It must enforce respect for the State authority among those who make an armed rebellion."—Reuter.

EGER REVERTS TO CZECH STATE

ASCH, Sept. 23.

Eger, after twenty-four hours' administration by Sudetens, has reverted to Czech authorities. The first act of the officials was the removal of all Nazi emblems.

The main body of Czech troops withdrew at noon from the front line position at Haslau, where the Sudeten Free Corps were concentrating to the suburbs of Eger.—Reuter.

GERMAN INVASION?

PRAGUE: It is learned in official Czech quarters that there has been general invasion of the Sudeten territory from Germany since 13/00 by armed Sudetens assisted by German Storm Troopers and Black Guards.

The incursions are being resisted and, according to official reports, efforts are being made to evict the Sudetens who are stated to have already captured control of some towns and districts.

The situation is described as serious around the frontier towns of Asch in the west and Rumburg and Warnsdorf in the north where the Sudeten advance is the strongest. The Sudetens are alleged to be spreading a report that the German Army is following behind.—Reuter.

FRONTIER INCURSIONS

PRAGUE: While a number of frontier incursions have occurred, reports reaching the official circles show that earlier reports of grievans invasion are exaggerated. Detailed Czech account gives the following examples:

In Schluckenau District insurgents interspersed with S. A. and S.S. men penetrated several kilometers into Czechoslovakia.

At Caste Hamry ten Czech Customs Officers were captured by German Customs Officers, suggesting that in some cases insurgents were assisted by German authorities.

At the Customs House at Libna the Commandant of the local police, himself a Sudeten, was captured and murdered.

At Gottesgab a number of Customs men were captured by insurgents.

At Weipert a Czech Customs Officer was killed.

At Vitravia four people were killed and twelve wounded.—Reuter.

INDIA'S CONTRIBUTION TO LEAGUE

Chetty's Plea For Reduction

GENEVA, Sept. 23.

India's contribution to the League's expenditure is greater than that of any other State not permanently seated in the Council, declared the Indian Delegate, Sir Shanmukham Chetty, speaking in the Assembly Committee dealing with financial questions.

He recalled that the Government of India on more than one occasion in the past strongly urged a reduction in India's contribution. Neither the population of the country nor the total national wealth should form the main criterion for deciding the contribution payable by a member State; economic wealth of the country on per capita basis should be the deciding factor.

Under this criterion India would claim very substantial reduction of the contribution she was called on to pay. The Government of India would make a detailed representation before the Allocations Committee. India has been elected to a place on the Allocations Committee.—Reuter.

WARNING TO MUSLIM LEAGUERS

No Goondaism Will Be Tolerated

KARACHI, Sept. 23.

A stern warning to the followers of the Muslim League in Sind that the Government would not allow goondaism in the country was issued by the Hon. Pir Ilahi Bux, Revenue Minister, in the course of a statement to the Press this evening.

The warning was with reference to a meeting of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema organised last night at the Khalikdina Hall to condemn the Army Recruitment Bill which was forcibly captured by followers of the League and the attempt made to prevent the resolution being passed. The resolution was ultimately adopted.

The Hon. Minister states: "The Muslim Leaguers' attention is at present directed towards overthrowing the Ministry. But I honestly feel that our Ministry is for the good of the people, whether Hindu or Muslim. We will not allow chaos or goondaism in the country. Let every section have freedom to do what it thinks fit. But no section shall be allowed to disturb meetings of another section by us".

The Superintendent of Police has issued an order banning the carrying of swords, lathis, etc., on Dusserah Day, October 4.—United Press.

MUSLIM LEAGUERS CAPTURE PLATFORM

KARACHI, Sept. 22.

The timely arrival of the District Magistrate and a large contingent of the Police averted what is being described as a riot between two sections of Muslims, namely Muslim Leaguers and the Jamiat-ul-Ulema.

It appears that the Jamiat-ul-Ulema had announced that a meeting would take place at the Khalikdina Hall to protest against the Army Recruitment Bill. But before the convenors of the meeting came to the Hall, the Muslim Leaguers collected in uarge numbers to prevent the resolution being carried by the Jamiat-ul-Ulma. They captured the platform as a result whereof, feelings ran high. The police immediately rushed to the scene and restored calm.

The announced meeting of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema was then held and the resolution condemning the Army Recruitment Bill adopted.—United Press.

MOTOR-CAR MANUFACTURING

(Continued from page 6)

while working under starving conditions.

It is my considered opinion, and the public may take it or leave it for what it is worth, that with the single exception of three machines, which may be imported abroad, the entire necessary plant can be manufactured in India. The leaders of the movement, specially Sir Visvesvarayya, should use their influence and sanction a Research-Grant of Rs. 30,000|- to make two models in India, to be fabricated entirely from Indian materials, and encourage Indian mechanical talent.

An Improved Type

The latest improvements in the manufacture of cars can be utilised in India by Indian talent alone. Cars without gears or clutch are to be the order of the day in the very near future; and the first gearless and clutchless car has been already demonstrated at Cambridge, England, the other day. The latest development in the field of Internal Combustion Engine Design proves that cars may be manufactured which would give 80 to 90 miles per gallons of patrol. This has been made possible by employing what is technically called the "Pressure" cooling. Briefly, the new system works in the following way. The cooling water is retained in a closed circuit under pressure, which is considerably greater than the atmospheric pressure, and which raises the boiling point of the water. This enables the engine to run at a higher temperature, and therefore, less radiation surface is necessary for cooling, resulting in reduced head resistance and higher speed. May one ask, what types of cars and trucks are to be manufactured in the projected Motor-Works?

A Fair Offer.

One-tenth of one per cent of a crore and half of rupees, required by Sir Visvewarayya, comes to Rs. 15,000|- only. Will the Conference convened by the Congress President, be pleased to sanction this small sum of Rs. 15,000|- only for making a model-car; and allow the writer and his collaborators to make the model from Indian materials under the direct personal supervision of Sir Visvesvarayya or his nominee? It is a fair offer! The model-car after completion may be run as an advertising medium from Bombay to Calcutta; and later on manufactured on a mass-production decenrtalised plan in different Government workshops. With the exception of only about 3 machines, the entire machinery required to manufacture the car on commercial basis can be easily manufactured right here in India. I appeal to Mahatma Gandhi and to the Congress Ministers of Industries to study the problem keenly and carefully and avoid injustice to the Indian-Engineers and technically-trained Indians.

The projected Motor-Works must belong to the Nation, must be manned entirely by the sons of the soil, and must produce a 100 per cent Swadeshi Car.

(Continued from col. 3)

felt that while every effort should be made to carry out the suggestions contained in Mahatma Gandhi's speech to-day regarding the purification of the Congress organisation by emphasising Truth and Non-violence, the majority of them are reported to have felt that as men of this world and politicians they could not go whole-hogg with Mahatma Gan-

World Achievement.

Wealth In The Pea-Pod.

Did you know there was wealth in the pea-pod?

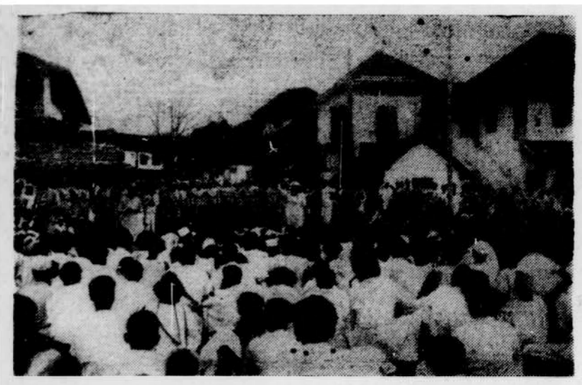
It is a long story, and it goes back to Gregor Mendel, the patient Abbot of Bonn who turned his attention to peas about 70 years ago. Few men have done more for mankind. Few men have been less honoured.

Two peas are superficially so much alike that we say: "Like as two peas." That, of course, is a way of displaying our ignorance. No two peas are ever alike. Some are bigger than others. Some are smooth and others wrinkled. Some are green and other yellow. Some grow up into dwarfs (say two feet high) and others reach eight feet.

Old Mendel began by crossing tall and dwarf peas, smooth and wrinkled, and so on. After two or three generations of peas the descendants begin to sort themselves. Some will be green, some wrinkled, or some will have green pods and some yellow. There will always be in any number of succeeding generations some pea which obstinately refuses to change its most important character. Mendel worked out the numbers of any one kind of pea in the generations following one another. This is of immense importance to students of heredity. But the discovery of great importance to a work-a-day world which asks for its daily bread was that by inter-breeding a pea could be produced which would have shed some of the characteristics of its brethren while keeping others, "and would continue to do so."

All this gave scientists the clue to the production of whatever kinds of wheat or other product was most suited to certain conditions, **a tremendous addition to the world's wealth.**

MALABAR SATYAGRAHIS FOR TRAVANCORE



A Jatha of 28 volunteers from Malabar and 8 from Cochin proceeded last week to Travancore to take part in the Satyagraha campaign in the State. Photo shows the enthusiastic public reception accorded to the Jatha on its arrival at Alwaye.

Travancore police blocking the railway gate and the volunteers waiting to cross into the State.

The Jatha captain having placed his foot on Travancore State territory, the police are seen pushing him back to the railway premises through the wire fencing.

After waiting for a long time the volunteers lie prostrate on the ground in front of the railway gate.

A SHORT STORY

Don't Gamble

(BY RICHARD HILL WILKINSON)

"It doesn't pay to gamble," Mary said firmly.

"What difference does it make," Reggie cried, "how we make fifty dollars, so long as we make it Goodness knows we need the money. Boy, how we need it!"

"It's only a half dollar a week," Speed Daniels put in. "A half buck won't break anyone"

"Gamblers always lose out in the end," Mary said. "It doesn't pay."

"For pity sake, stop sounding like a parrot," Reggie cried. "And listen to sense. Like Speed says, a half dollar a week won't break anyone, and we've a good chance of making fifty bucks. Think of it! Fifty smackers! Man, oh, man, we haven't seen fifty iron men all in one lump since we went on relief."

"We haven't seen a half dollar, for that matter," said Mary.

Speed Daniels hitched forward his chair. "Look," he said, "this is how it works. You buy a ticket in a sealed envelope, see. On one side of the ticket is a bunch of numbers. Six numbers, in fact. A combination. Well, each number represents a big league ball team. Each day you keep track of the number of runs your team makes, no matter who they play, and at the end of the week you add 'em up, and the one who has the most runs for the week gets fifty smackers."

"And the one who has the lowest number of runs," Reggie said, "gets ten smackers. So you have two chances to win."

"Then," Speed went on, "in the Fall when the baseball season ends, you get a ticket with numbers of football teams on it. And in the winter it's hockey, and in the spring basketball then baseball again. See?"

"And it only costs a half slug a wee!" Reggie cried enthusiastically. "Last week a guy over in Sanbornridge won it. Speed knows the guy. Three weeks ago a guy right here in Hopevale won it. Boy would fifty bucks look good to me!"

"If we put fifty cents a week in the bank, we'd soon have fifty dollars," Mary said.

"Yeah!" Reggie cried scornfully. "And do you know how long it would take? Two years! That's how long! And, say, if we were playing the pool for that length of time we'd probably have won a couple of hundred!"

"You better take a shot at it, Mary" Speed said.

Mary sighed wearily. "All right," she said. "All right. All right. Go ahead if you want to, only remember what I said: Gambling doesn't pay."

So Reggie bought a ticket, and the next evening he kept his ear glued to the radio during the sports broadcast, and marked down six runs for himself. The next evening he marked down 11 runs. The third he marked down nine runs. Then on the fourth evening he collected 18 runs in a double header. At the end of the week he had a total of 89 runs.

"See!" he cried jubilantly. "We've won! No one can beat that score. It just proves what I said. Next week we'll buy two tickets."

But when Speed came around on Monday with the sheet containing the winners, Reggie's name wasn't on it. A man from Boston had won with a total of 90 runs. Reggie couldn't believe it, but when he figured out the man's combination, which was printed on the sheet, he discovered the pool operators were right.

So instead of buying two tickets, Reggie only bought one for the second week. On that next Sunday they wound up with a score of 57, which was neither here nor there. On the third week they missed collecting the bobby prize by three runs

And so it went. There were times when Reggie's hopes soared, when it appeared that no one could possibly get as many runs, but always some bloke from somewhere beat him out by one or two. He always checked the published combinations and never found a mistake.

There were other weeks, one especially, when his teams were rained out every day but one, and then on the last day he collected nine runs in a single game which caused him to miss the bobby completely.

A year passed. Reggie became disgusted. It wasn't working out the way he had thought it would.

"If we had put the half dollar in the bank every week," Mary pointed out, "we'd now have twenty-five dollars. My goodness, what we could do with twenty-five dollars."

"Yeah, yeah, yeah," said Reggie sulkily. "Well, anyway, I'm going to play it once more. Just once more. Then we'll quit. For good. We'll start putting a half dollar in the bank instead."

So Reggie bought his last ticket and began keeping his score as usual. He figured up how much he'd spent. He'd spent 25.50 dols. on tickets. If he should win the fifty smackers, he'd be 24.50 dols. to the good.

But by the end of the week he had a total of only 48 runs. He felt pretty rotten about it. On Monday Speed arrived. Speed was grinning broadly.

"Lucky dog!" he said.

"Yeah?" said Reggie.

"The high this week was 48."

"What!" yelled Reggie. "My Gosh! Gee whiz! You don't mean it! Mary! Holy smoke! We won! Grimme the fifty, Speed."

"Hold on," said Speed. "You only get 12.50 dols. There were three other guys who had 48 runs."

Reggie fainted. Mary sighed. Speed scrammed.

(Copyright).

LUX TOILET SOAP
PRIZE WINNERS
for week ended 17th Sept. 1938
THE FOLLOWING EACH RECEIVED
A CASH PRIZE OF RS. 100

BAY AREA
DR. MRS. A. FERNANDES,
Sahar,
Post Kurla.

CALCUTTA AREA
MISS ROSALINA DESOUZA,
Dak Bungalow,
Rajkot.

KARACHI AREA
MR. J. F. GOMES,
Katrak Building, Clerk Street,
Karachi.

MADRAS AREA
MR. P. M. ANDIAPPA NAICKER,
30, Bunder Street,
Madras.

4 PRIZES OF Rs. 100 EACH OFFERED
EVERY WEEK UNTIL 28th JANUARY 1939
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Watch this paper for details and
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MILES PER GALLON
Get the facts and you'll get a Ford

MAHARAJ BINDADIN SCHOOL OF DANCING AND MUSIC

VARIETY PROGRAMME AT C. J. HALL

A feast of music and dancing will be provided to-day (Saturday) at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall at 9 p. m. by the Maharaj Bindadin School of Dancing and Music of Bombay. The programme will illustrate the different varieties of dancing in India such as (1) Kathak—pure classical dancing, (2) folk dances, (3) devotional and other interpretative dances wherein subtle abstract ideas are expressed in the poetry of movement, and (5) finally a combination of the purely classical art and the modern tendencies in Indian dances. Dance items of special interest are Kathak by Pandit Sundar Prasad and Mr. Mohan Kallianpur, Director and Principal, respectively of the School, and Trick Dancing on swords nails and 'batasas.' In addition to the various kinds of dances the programme will include the following items: (1) Orchestra, (2) Pakhwaj Solo, (3) Jalatarang and Tabla and a miscellaneous musical Interlude. The Concert will be presided over by Prof. Dhondiraj Shastri Vinod, M.A. Admission tickets at varying rates will be available today at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall between 9 and 11 a. m. and from 4 to 9 p. m. and also at the Maharaj Bindadin School of Dancing and Music, opposite Police Station, Gamdevi from 8 a. m. to 12 noon and from 4 p.m. to 8 p. m.

Budding dancers who will appear in to-day's benefit performance.

LEST WE FORGET

Flag Day In Honour Of Travancore Martyrs

TRIVANDRUM, (By Mail).

A Relief Committee consisting of members from the several social organisations has been formed to observe a day in honour of the injured and dead in the recent firing at various centres in Travancore and to collect a fund for rendering help to their families. At a meeting of the Committee, it was decided to observe Friday 7th October, 1938, as the Flag Day for the purpose, throughout Travancore and other centres outside, where there are friends and sympathisers.

Sub-Committees will be formed at different centres in and outside Travancore to aid the work of the Central Committee. All those interested in the work and willing to help are requested to communicate to Miss Alexandra Cheriyan, Convenor, Relief Committee, Thycad, Trivandrum, Travancore.

HEAVY PRICE OF LIBERTY

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 23.

"The price of liberty is heavy. Are you non-violent in mind, word and deed? If you are, suffer to the utmost and liberty is yours," says Mahatma Gandhi replying to a telegram sent by the Trivandrum Law College Union relating to the Travancore situation.—A. P.

ARMY RECRUITMENT BILL

DELHI, Sept. 23.

It is understood that the Congress Working Committee has decided not to frame any official resolution on the Army Recruitment Bill recently passed by the Central Legislature, as the Committee has agreed to allow a private resolution on the subject given notice of by a member of the All-India Congress Committee.—A. P.

INDIA AGENT FOR SOUTH PACIFIC

BANGALORE, Sept. 22.

A suggestion that an Agent of the Government for the South Pacific is necessary to deal with Indian question and that such an Agent should be appointed by the Government of India has been made by Mr. C. F. Andrews in the course of a statement to the Press regarding the Fiji Indian settlers.—United Press.

HARAMOHAN PATNAIK ARRESTED

To Be Handed Over To Dhenkanal State Police

CUTTACK, September, 23.

Mr. Haramohan Patnaik, President of the Dhenkanal Prajamandal, has been arrested to-day by the railway police under Section 124 A., I.P.C. He will be handed over to the State police.—United Press.

THREE WORKERS EXTERNED FROM INDORE

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, Sept. 22.

On the ground of being undesirable foreigners Messrs. Kusum Kant, Lal Singh Yadava and Kanhaiya Lal Vaidya have been externed from Indore State with effect from the 21st inst. It is understood that action will be taken against some local workers also.

It is known that the periods of the services of Dewan Bahadur Tilloo, the Revenue Minister and Muntajim-i-Khas Bahadur Apte have been extended until further orders.

TRAVANCORE DURBAR FOLLOWS BIKANER

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 23.

His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore has telegraphed to H. E. the Viceroy as follows:—

"I wish to assure His Majesty the King Emperor through Your Excellency that all resources of my State will gladly be placed at the disposal of His Majesty in the event of war".—A. P.

U. P. GOVERNMENT MOVES SIMLA

Freedom For Mahendra Pratap To Return To India

LUCKNOW, Sept. 22.

The "United Press" understands that the U. P. Government has sent a representation to the Government of India to allow Raja Mahendra Pratap to return to India.

It may be recalled that Raja Mahendra Pratap went out of India in 1914, and is now living in Tokio.—United Press.

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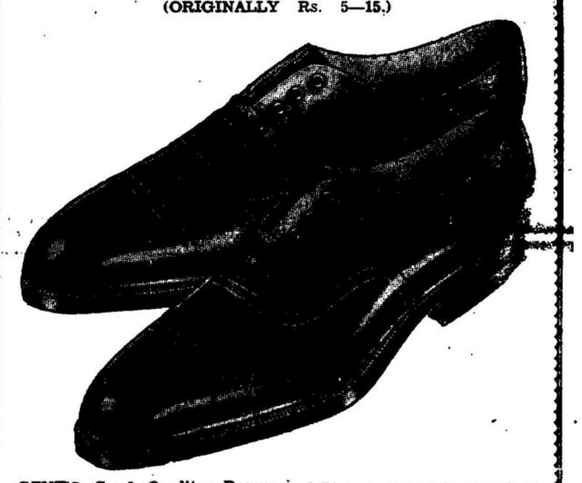

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6, Chowringhee, Calcutta.

MUTT AND JEFF—In This Cooking School the Girls Certainly Have to Know Their Onions — By BUD FISHER

WAITER, WHO ARE THOSE GIRLS? WHY ARE THEY STARING AT ME LIKE THAT?
WELL-ER-I'M NOT SUPPOSED TO TELL YOU, SIR, BUT--
-YOU SEE, WE GET MOST OF OUR COOKED FOOD FROM THE COOKING SCHOOL NEXT DOOR-
-AND IF YOU GET SICK AFTER YOU EAT THIS MEAL--
?
-THOSE GIRLS FLUNK IN THEIR EXAMS!
8-27

MAN'S AMAZING RESISTANCE TO FEVER

"No sooner had I recovered from a severe fever attack," writes Mr. Alex Miranda "than I was laid up with another. I felt exhausted, couldn't eat, vomitted much, and rapidly got weaker. The doctor put me on to Horlicks saying this would give me new strength quickly. It was the first food that stayed in my stomach. I got better very soon. Ever since I've felt full of vitality and had no further attacks. I will always keep Horlicks in my house."

Mr. Alex Miranda,
Goa.

Buy Horlicks today—available everywhere.

HELPING THE YOUTH OF THE NATION

India's future depends upon children of today

What will the future of India be? Will it be a strong, sturdy race of men and women well able mentally and physically to march along with the rest of the world?

Waterbury's Compound will do its part. For more than fifty years, Waterbury's has been helping children all over the world grow up to sturdy manhood. Waterbury's contains vital nourishing elements including pure liver and malt extracts; iron, copper and other essentials to sound health. Children like Waterbury's, too. It is tasteless, odourless and non-oily. Give your youngsters the benefits of this health-building tonic. Have them take it daily. See how much better they will feel.

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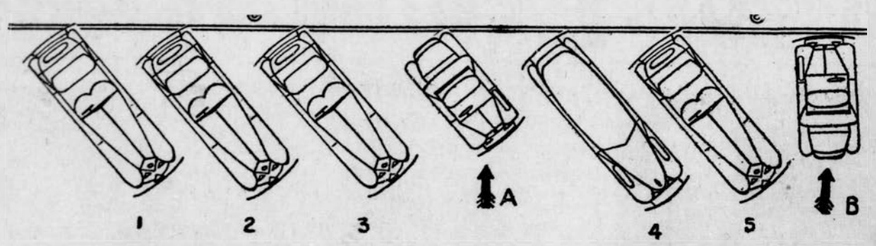

COMMON DRIVING FAULTS: No. 6: SELFISH PARKING

Every motorist will recognise the situation shown above. The two-seater "A" has obviously moved into the space located by two other cars—and, OF COURSE, has put himself right in the middle, so that no one else can park in the same area. Two-seater "B" has also parked himself to occupy twice the space to which he is entitled. Even the saloon (car number 4) is suspect for, if he parked after two-seater "A" he also has taken up too much room. The parking problem in our cities is a serious one—and motorists who park selfishly, occupying more room than they need, do not help in its solution.

MOTORISTS! Show and explain this diagram to your drivers. (Issued by the W.I.A.A.)

Dr. Khare Excels Himself

Accuses "Fascist" Mahatma Of Making The Congress His Hand-Maid Through Threats And Temptations

NAGPUR, September 23.

On the eve of the A.I.C.C. meeting at Delhi Dr. Khare, ex-Premier has issued to-day a press statement in the course of which he says, "My indifferent state of health has made it absolutely impossible for me to undertake a journey to Delhi to attend the A.I.C.C. meeting, but even if I had been in a state of good health, I have always felt certain that my presence at the meeting would not secure justice and that my going to Delhi for placing my case before the bosses of the A.I.C.C. is like the trial and defence of Socrates."

A SIMILAR SITUATION

Referring to the composition of the A.I.C.C. and the undoubted influence of the leaders composing the Congress Executive, Dr. Khare says, "With such packed majority I remember the time when in 1929 the present Congress President, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose was faced with a similar situation. Like a true Democrat he (Bose) revived the Congress Democratic Party and sent a prophetic telegram to Mrs. C. R. Das stating: "Circumstances and the tyranny of majority have forced us to form a separate party at Gaya, named the Congress Democratic Party. I pray that the same spirit of Deshbandhu may guide us and your blessing may inspire us."

TYRANNY OF MAJORITY

Continuing Dr. Khare says "I also remember the plight in which an ex-President of the Congress, Mr. Srinivasa Ayyengar was put at Lahore by the tyranny of an artificially formed and packed majority. I am but a small person compared with those men and I can only follow the beacon lights left by them in such stormy circumstances, when the tyranny of majority threatens to make Congress a hand-made of non-violent, Fascist Mahatma through a small caucus controlling the A.I.C.C., with threats of disclosures of certain past lapses or undesirable actions, or temptations, or offers of positions of power and prestige to control the machinery of the Congress or the State under Imperialism."

TILT AT SUBHAS

Proceeding Dr. Khare states "Soon after 1930 in similar circumstances Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose and Mr. Vithalbhai Patel had to declare from Vienna that 'Gandhiji as a political leader had failed'; the same Subhas Bose and I claim to know his heart—dare not assert himself to-day and express his difference of opinion with the same Mahatma. When a staunch fighter of the type of Mr. Bose has to be but an out motion of the machine, directed by the Mahatma, to be able to retain his position and ambition, what can I expect from a House with packed majority of such persons.

NEW PARTY TO BE FORMED

"Several courses have been suggested to me. One such course is to follow the lead given in similar curcumstances by Deshbandhu C. R. Das at Gaya and Mr. Bose at Lahore in reviving the Congress Democratic Party. Several esteemed Congress friends of mine from Sind, Punjab, Bengal, Bihar, Bombay, Madras and Maharashtra desire me to take some such step, but before I undertake this rather onerous task I wish to be assured that those Congressmen who will join such a party will be prepared to fight a grim, bitter and prolonged fight for real democracy, which is being trampled under foot by the High Command.

APPEAL FOR SUPPORT

"The party will certainly be then the real Congress Democratic Party. It will be a party within the Congress like the Congress Socialist Party, the Congress Nationalist Party in the Central Legislature led by Loknayak M. S. Aney, member, Vidarbha (Berar) P.C.C. and A.I.C.C. I am, therefore appealing to those lovers of freedom of democracy to communicate with me their views on the above suggestion and help me to make the Congress free from baneful hypnotic influences of dictators and really a democratic organisation".—A.P.

Fate Of Germany, Italy & Japan

Allies Will Split Up And Occupy Germany For 100 Years: Japan Will Cease To Be First-Class Power

MADRAS, Sept. 20.

The following is purely an astrological forecast of world affairs in the near future based mainly, if not solely, on the horoscopes of the dictators:—

There will be no major European war during 1938. Though there will be rumours of war and alarms, at the last moment the dictators will hesitate to draw the sword.

But the astrological aspects for 1939 and 1940 are most ominous. For, these years definitely mark the beginning of the end of the career of Adolf Hitler. One of two things may happen. Either the Army Chiefs will throw Hitler overboard and establish a monarchical form of government. Or Hitler, in a desperate bid for world power, may plunge Germany in war.

If Hitler draws the sword, he will undoubtedly perish by the sword. In spite of the idle boast of Goering that Germany possesses the strongest air fleet in the world, swarms of Russian, French and British bombers will invade Germany, and lay desolate her factories, arsenals, aerodromes, dockyards and railway stations.

The sufferings of the German people will surpass in intensity and extent any they have endured since the world began. And the Peace that will be imposed by the sorely tried but victorious Allies on Germany will be without a parallel in the history of the World. Germany will be split up: and an Allied army of occupation for a hundred years will be one of the means devised of preventing Germany from once again disturbing the peace of the world.

Mussolini will patch up some sort of agreement with Britain during 1938. But his dark days will be on him with a vengeance during 1939. Everything points to a collapse of the Fascist regime, and the establishment of democracy once again in Italy.

In spite of the exaggerated reports of the might of Japan, astrology makes it clear that Japan before very long will sustain a defeat the like of which her people have never known. She will cease to be a first class power.

The horoscope of her Emperor clearly shows that Japan will be defeated in war, humbled and humiliated. And thus will Japan, 'the torch-bearer of western civilisation in the East' according to Hitler, plumb the very depths of defeat, misery, humiliation and despair.

Democracy will come into its own after 1940. And the horrid nightmare of war which has been poisoning the very founts of existence of the peoples of the world during the last three years, will definitely disappear for some years to come, writes a correspondent in the "Hindu."

MOVE TO REORGANISE ENGINEERING SERVICES IN U. P.

Expert Committee Submit Proposals To Govt.

LUCKNOW, Sept. 21.

Some time ago the United Provinces Government appointed an expert committee to examine the possibility of reorganising the Engineering services in the departments of irrigation, buildings and roads, public health and agriculture in these provinces with a view to amalgamating them.

Among many important decisions that the Committee took, it is understood, it recommended that the engineering section of the agriculture department be amalgamated with the irrigation section of the Public Works Department. If the recommendations are accepted by the Government it will, it is understood, result in a number of important changes.

A Provincial Engineering Development Board will be formed which will include heads of the different engineering departments of the United Provinces and some other experts nominated by the Government. The Board will advise the Government on all important projects and schemes from time to time according to the needs of the province.

All municipal engineering services including those of the improvement trust will be constituted unto one provincial cadre under the control of the Superintending Engineer of the Public Health Engineering Department.

A Public Works Committee of the district board will be constituted in every district. The recommendations of the committee will be sought and considered by the Provincial Government for sanctioning ependiture from provincial funds for all provincial works in the different districts concerned.—A. P.

ZERO HOUR POSTPONED

(Continued from Page 6).

gations. But, France is tied to the apron-strings of Britain and Britain, led by Chamberlain, prefers to see Czechoslovakia swallowed by Germany rather than risk the upsetting of the "status quo" in her Empire, which is likely in the event of war.

So, Lord Runciman goes to Czechoslovakia and forces the Benesch Government to make maximum concessions to the German minority—concessions which are highly resented by the Czechs and which would ultimately mean the creation of a "State within a state," exposing Czechoslovakia to a perpetual Nazi menace. The short-sighted statesmen of Britain do not see the obvious fact that this solution may postpone the conflict for the present, but sows seeds of a greater conflict in the future, while a firm stand by the side of Czechoslovakia may quite possibly cure Hitler of his aggressive intentions. And so, blackmailed and bludgeoned by Hitler, Britain continues to play the game of the Nazis and if Lord Runciman and the London 'Times' can help it, they would hand over the territory of Sudeten to Germany as a price for keeping Hitler quiet—for the present.

While glad to grab whatever he can by blackmail, Hitler has not given up his intentions of armed aggression. The dogs of war are not unleashed—yet! The Zero Hour has only been postponed.

The last night's brief moment of relief is already wearing off, as the ominous implications of Hitler's speech become more apparent. As I come back from lunch the early afternoon papers report a fresh "incident" and there are uneasy, anxious, faces again on the gay boulevards of Paris.

The Viceroy has conferred the title of Khan Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon Malik Haftar Khan, Zilli Khel, North-West Frontier Province.

ALL 1938 Austins are being reduced in price. The Austin Big Seven has four doors and it will seat four adults in comfort. Its snappy, economical 7·99 h.p. engine develops 25 brake horse power. Cruises comfortably at 45 m. p. h. A thoroughly business-like and reliable car. For those who like a larger car, there are Ten, Twelve, Fourteen and Eighteen horse power cars all of which bear out the fact that an Austin is always an investment.

Ask your local dealer to give you a demonstration.

AUSTIN AGENTS

BOMBAY: The Automobile Co., Ltd. CALCUTTA & DARJEELING: Steuart & Co., Ltd. MADRAS: South Indian Motor Co. LAHORE: Pearey Lal & Sons (Lahore), Ltd. DELHI & RAWALPINDI: Pearey Lal & Sons, Ltd. KARACHI: Naraindas & Co. JODHPUR & INDORE: Sanghi Bros. LUCKNOW: United Provinces Motor Co. COIMBATORE: Stanes Motors (South India), Ltd. QUETTA: Menghraj & Co.

Representative for India: R. E. M. PRATT, P. O. Box 31, NEW DELHI.

Thin children outgrow their strength

MAKE THEM PUT ON WEIGHT WHILE YOU CAN

GIVE YOUR CHILD LIFELONG VIGOUR

YOUR fast-growing child is in danger. If he is underweight, or listless, if he goes off his food, or is given to bouts of bad-temper, resistance to illness is low. Physical and nervous weakness prevent the thin child from developing properly. Unless children grow up solid, they cannot become strong men and women, full of vitality.

Give your child SCOTT'S EMULSION, and in a few weeks you will see it fill out, become happier and more vigorous. For 60 years doctors have used Scott's as a strength-giver. It is the balanced food-tonic, with

COD LIVER OIL— Nature's own food-tonic and concentrated source of:

VITAMIN A — the bio-chemical principle of growth and of resistance against infections.

VITAMIN D — without which the body cannot make calcium into bones and teeth.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is three times as effective as plain Cod Liver Oil. Scott's is assimilated within thirty minutes while digestion of plain oil begins only after seven hours. Creamy Scott's stimulates appetite and makes other foods yield more nourishment.

HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME & SODA which supply calcium for solid bones and sound teeth; and phosphorus for healthy nerves and brain-tissues.

SCOTT'S EMULSION builds up the whole body, particularly the lungs, and provides maximum resistance to infection. Shelter your child from colds and other epidemics which hinder the growth. Scott's Emulsion supplies concentrated food and enriches the blood. It gives natural stamina instead of the temporary stimulus of drugs. Every drop of Scott's has a lifetime's effect.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Some children at school are apt to be exhausted by physical exercises. The thin child needs Scott's Emulsion to create new bone, muscle and nerve-tissue, if it is to develop healthily under physical training.

1 dessert spoonful of Scott's Emulsion has more bone-building value than 2 pints of fresh milk.

SCOTT'S Emulsion

Sold in 8 oz. and 16 oz. bottles—the larger size is better value.

Wholesale Distributors: Imperial Chemical Industries (India) Ltd.

Calcutta . Bombay . Madras . Karachi . Rangoon . Colombo . Cawnpore
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Gives Strength for Life

Many Musicals In City Cinema Houses

Ginger Rogers and Douglas Fairbanks in "Having Wonderful Time" at Regal.

"YELLOW JACK" AT METRO

ROBERT MONTGOMERY AND VIRGINIA BRUCE

With the action of the new Robert Montgomery-Virginia Bruce co-starring picture, "Yellow Jack," centering around the medical camp of Quemados, Cuba, it was necessary for the studio to reproduce an entire army encampment of the Spanish-American War period. The widely-heralded drama of man's fight against yellow fever now being shown at Metro.

In order to achieve the authenticity required of modern motion pictures, the studio built a replica of the camp on the sound stage. In the background are hundreds of palm trees mingling with tropical shrubbery. In the foreground, a group of tents form a company street. Two "test houses," utilized for yellow fever cases, are also in the background carefully screened from the rest of the encampment. Officers' quarters and the hospital complete the tropical picture.

The camp was built from photographs taken during the period, many of which were submitted by Lewis Stone, playing the part of Major Reed in the film. He himself was a sergeant during the war. Records of the period completed the information utilized by the studio in building the set.

The floor of the sound stage, measuring 150 by 100 feet, was covered with a two-foot layer of dirt. Trees and shrubbery were carefully tended by gardeners, and a battery of 500 high-powered lamps gave the brilliance of tropical sunlight. Five hundred extras, in addition to the principals, were used in the army encampment sequences of the picture.

Montgomery plays his first straight dramatic role since "Night Must Fall" in "Yellow Jack." Virginia Bruce, who scored so successfully with Montgomery in "The First Hundred Years," once more plays the feminine lead opposite him.

Others in the cast include Andy Devine, Henry Hull, Charles Coburn, memorable for his screen debut as Doc Shingle in "Of Human Hearts," Alan Curtis, the beavy of "Mannequin," given his first sympathetic part, Buddy Ebsen, Henry O'Neill, Janet Beecher, William Henry and Sam Levene.

A scene from Dr. Rhythm with Bing Crosby in title Role.

The film was adapted from the stage play of the same title written by Sidney Howard in collaboration with Paul de Kruif, author of "Microbe Hunters." George B. Seitz directed.

Jane Withers in "Che ckers" at Capitol.

"THE LILAC DOMINO" AT EROS

Gay, Tuneful, Glorious Musical

Here is a tip-top musical with lots of ear haunting melodies, romance, glamourous girls ravishing dresses and magnificent settings.

Originally one of the most successful musical plays in the history of the British stage, "The Lilac Domino" ran for over two years in the West End of London and afterwards toured the world with immense success. It was revived a few years ago and again attracted capacity audiences for many months.

Now comes the Max Schach presentation expertly directed by Frederick Zelnik with a starstudded cast including charming June Knight, the delightful singer with a plus personality and handsome Michael Bartlett who scored a huge success opposite Garve Moore in "On Wings of Song."

"The Private Life Of Henry VIII" At Broadway

Under the fine touch of Alexander Korda, Henry VIII, the Bluebeard of Kings, appears on the screen in "The Private Life Of Henry VIII" in person of Charles Laughton at Broadway from to-day.

The story concentrates on the romances of the King who married six women and caused two of the six to pay for their infidelity with their deaths under the axe of the executioner. The first wife was divorced, the second, the famous Anne Boleyn, was beheaded; the third died giving Henry his first son and third child; the fourth, the German Douchess of Cleves, was his wife for only a day and part of a night; the fifth went the cruel, quick way of Anne Boleyn, and the sixth, an elderly nurse, henpecked the aging king into taking care of his health and, as the picture closes, is characterized by him: "and the best is worst."

Grand Variety Entertainment

There will be a grand variety entertainment in aid of the Maharaj Bindadin School of dancing and music at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall on 24th September at 9 p. m. This will be a unique programme of its kind including classical Kathak dances, Folk dances such as Ghumar and Snake charmer, modern dances such as Dawn and Vishnu, trick dancing on swords, batasas and guial.

The programme will also include solo performances on Pakhwaj by Makhanlal, the well-known player of Muttra and on Jalatarang by Dattaram Parwatker of radio fame. The music is directed by Revashanker.

This school came into being only a few months ago and it is really creditable on part of Pandit Sunderprasad, who is the director of the school, that he has trained the pupils in so short a time.

It is hoped that the public will extend their sympathy by coming to witness the show. Booking can be done at the School, opp. Police Station, Gamdevi, between 8 and 12 a. m., and 4 and 8 p. m.

Nalini Jayawant, Ragini Phadke, Suniti Samsi, Suniti Kowshik, Krishna Udiaver, Ashok Bhandarkar, Radha, Emma Kasarkod, Kusum Laud and others are among the performers.

Marjori in "Kentucky Moon Shine" at Pathe.

"HAVING WONDERFUL TIME" AT REGAL

Ginger Rogers And Fairbanks (Jr.) Starring Together

Telling a rousing story of romance at a vacation camp, RKO Radio's "Having Wonderful Time" comes with Ginger Rogers and Douglas Fairbanks, Jr. in the co-starring roles and with a notable group of players in support. The film adapted from Arthur Kobers Broadways stage success of the same name, has its principal setting at a mountain resort.

Scores of working people from New York pleasure-seeking youngsters, young and old married couples, elderly gossips, young college men working their way at the camp, are gathered in a variegated group, and against this informal background the main theme of the film is presented. It is a suspenseful romance between Miss Rogers, and a hard working little stenographer and Douglas Fairbanks, Jr., as an ambitious but penniless law student who has taken a job as a waiter at the camp.

Encountering the common problem of thousands of young people in such a situation the lack of money on which to marry they try to solve it is a manner that makes for a strong dramatic element along with the sparkling comedy of the story.

"JEZEBEL" AT PALACE

No young actress of the screen seems to be quite so excellent in the portrayal of selfish, impetuous and hot-tempered girls, as Bette Davis, the blonde Warner Bros. star. She brings the most striking of her characterizations to The Palace this week in "Jezebel", a colourful drama of the old Deep South, the locale being New Orleans of 1850.

Miss Davis, who won the Academy Award as the best actress in 1935, declares that this is the best picture part she has ever had, not excluding her great work as the slavery in "Of Human Bondage". She is co-starred with Henry Fonda, George Brent and Margaret Lindsay.

EXTRA MORNING SHOW

On Sunday, 25th morning The Palace will exhibit "Camille" M-G-M's soul-stirring drama based upon the world famous novel of Alexandre Dumas (Fils), starring Greta Garbo and Robert Taylor.

No Successor To Marie Dressler

Apparently Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer have abandoned the idea of building Sophie Tucker into a second Marie Dressler. You will remember that they first thought up the scheme after Sophie had been out in Hollywood making "The Broadway Melody" for them.

Her contour, her sense of humour, and her faculty for expressing pathos planted the notion that she could be groomed to fill the place left vacant by Marie.

MUSICAL COMEDY AT EXCELSIOR

Bing Crosby And Beatrice Lilie

An ace singer, who can clown, and an ace clown, who can sing pool their talents in Paramount's entertaining new musical comedy "Doctor Rhythm" at the Excelsior. They are crooner Bing Crosby and the inimitable Beatrice Lillie.

It is a jazzed-up version, set to music, of the great O. Henry's immortal story, "The Badge of Policeman O'Roon," which relates the rollicking experiences encountered by a fashionable New York physician, who masquerades as a policeman for a day to help a friend out of trouble.

Trouble piles on trouble for the pseudo cop, when Beatrice Lillie orders him to track her beautiful niece, Mary Carlisle, and see to it that she does not run away with a no-good racketeer, Fred Keating, with whom she fancies herself in love. When his borrowed uniform fails to impress the girl with his importance, he croons to tame her.

As the comic chief of a handpicked cast that includes Andy Devine, Laura Hope Crews, Frank Elliott and Bill Austin, Bea clowns with unmatchable finesse. When she sings sitting on a piano, she not only brings down the house but also the piano. In a New York department store scene she buys a "double-dozen double damask dinner-napkins" in a hysterical orgy you'll enjoy.

A scene from Eros in "The Lilac Domino".

KHWAJA AHMAD ABBAS IN HOLLYWOOD

Jeanette Rex, "Jame-Jamshed's" Hollywood correspondent writes in yesterday's issue of that paper as follows about our roving report Mr. Ahmed Abbas as follows

A Bombay visitor is a guest of the "Los Angeles Times" one of America's leading newspapers. His name is Khwaja Ahmad Abbas, a young globe-trotting journalist of Bombay who seemed to enjoy California and especially the newspaper plant where 250,000 newspapers are printed daily.

Mr. Abbas was surprised at the number of automobiles in America. "How is it that so many of your people have automobiles? In India, only the wealthy have this luxury," he said. We explained that the American methods of financing autos may explain the reason for this. Also wages are higher here.....and gasoline that you call 'petrol" is about eighteen cents a gallon, while yours in India is about fifty cents.

Mr. Abbas expects to remain here for a short time, planning to visit some of the other large newspaper plants in America.

"Kentucky Moon Shine" At Pathe

The picture "Kentucky Moonshine" in which the Ritz Brothers with Marjori give a riotous performance has been revived at the Pathe Cinema from to-day.

Charles Laughton as Edward VIII in a film of his life at Broadway.

"THE GARDEN OF ALLAH" IN TECHNICOLOUR

Marlene Dietrich And Charles Boyer At Wellington

A glorious feast of colour and romance awaits you at the Wellington Theatre this week where David O. Selznick's Technicolour production of the immortal Robert Hichens' love story of the desert, "The Garden of Allah," is screened with Marlene Dietrich and Charles Boyer in the stellar roles

THRILLING LOVE SCENES

Marlene is perfectly cast as the strange, brooding, mysterious Boris Androvsky, who, unknown to her is actually a Trappist monk who has fled from the monastery after taking the eternal vows; and Boyer gives a brilliant and deeply understanding portrayal of the terrible conflict in the soul of a man who is torn between his love for a woman and his duty to God.

Basil Rathbone plays the Italian nobleman, Count Anteoni; C. Aubrey Smith is seen as Father Roubier; Tilly Losch, internationally famous dancer, makes her film debut as Irena, the fiery Arabian dancing girl; Joseph Schildkraut plays Batouch; and all are superb.

"The Garden of Allah" has been brilliantly directed by Richard Boleslawski from a screen play by W. P. Lipscomb and Lynn Riggs, and is released through United Artists.

Special Show At Excelsior Theatre

There will be a special show at the Excelsior Theatre on Sunday, 25th September at 10 a.m. when Cecil B. De Mille's historical masterpiece "The Crusades" will be screened.

It will be remembered that this Paramount triumph starring Henry Wilcoxon and Loretta Young was a great success when screened in Bombay previously.

Montgomery and Virginia Bruce in "Yellow Jack" at Metro.

"COUGH"
IS THE MOTHER OF ALL DISEASES
Says an Indian Proverb. THEREFORE,
DO NOT NEGLECT
A COUGH IN THE BEGINNING
IT MAY DEVELOP INTO
TUBERCULOSIS
CURE IT WITH
SIROLIN 'ROCHE'
MADE IN SWITZERLAND
USED ALL OVER THE WORLD

PROTECTION TO SALT MUST CONTINUE

Congress Leaders Taking Interest In The Question

Jamshed N. R. Mehta Interviewed

Mr. Jamshed Nusserwanjee, President of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, in an interview with our representative said that he felt bitterly about sufficient attention not being paid by Government of India to the protection of the country's industries. As an example he pointed out the plight in which Indian Salt Industry finds itself to-day.

For over a century salt was imported into this country especially into Bengal entirely from foreign countries. Latterly Aden also imported a portion of the total supply needed in the Bengal market. For the last 10 years the salt industry has grown up gradually in our own country in places such as Bombay, Karachi, Okha, Porbunder, Morvi and Tuticorin and the quantity manufactured in India, supplemented by Indian owned works at Aden, is more than sufficient to supply the entire need of the Provinces of Bengal, Behar and Assam.

PROTECTION TO CEASE THIS YEAR.

To protect the salt industry, Government of India had after a Tariff Board Inquiry given protection from 1931 to 1938. For reasons unknown to the public and Legislatures, Government of India allowed the protection duty to come abruptly to an end this year. No Bill was brought before the Assembly before 30th of April, 1938 and therefore the protection granted automatically lapsed. As a result, within a period of few months from May to September, over 55,000 tons of foreign salt have been imported into the Bengal market and more foreign salt steamers have been chartered for October already for over another 30,000 tons.

The total consumption in Bengal is between 4-1/2 and 5 lakh tons, and at the rate at which the foreigners are dumping their salt into Calcutta there would be no possibility of Indian salt finding a market. It is plain and clear that if the protection duty is not levied immediately or some necessary measures taken, foreign salt will continue to be dumped and the newly established infant Indian Salt industry will suffer considerably to the extent of its positive ruination.

CONGRESS LEADERS ATTENDING TO QUESTION.

Notwithstanding all efforts by the salt manufacturers of India, Government of India has, as stated above, allowed protection to lapse and has given no reasons yet of their actions. Whatever their reasons for this drastic action may be, the result would be to help foreigners at the expense of India. This callousness on the part of Government cannot be tolerated and ought not to be tolerated any longer. The salt industry provides occupation for over 50,000 persons in the country and if immediate measures to stop imports are not taken they will be thrown out of occupation.

Already some Indian works are partially closed down and have given notice of closing down entirely. A capital of nearly Rupees 70 lakhs has been invested by the Indian Salt manufacturers alone. It is necessary, therefore, that immediate steps should be taken either by Government of India or by responsible legislators of the Central Legislature of all parties to protect this Industry. Amidst many political issues now in the country, protection to this industry is one which should be amongst the foremost of all questions and problems.

The situation is being carefully watched by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and other Congress leaders and it is expected that the Congress High Command will take up the question immediately.

PARSI CYCLISTS IN AMERICA: (Left to right)—Messrs. Kaikee Kharas, Rustom Ghandi and Ruttan Shroff, who left Bombay in 1933, arrived in Detroit after traversing 38,000 miles on push cycles through 37 countries. They are on a world-tour to study economic and social conditions.

KHARE EPISODE IN NAGPUR ASSEMBLY

R. M. Deshmukh Makes Lengthy Statement

NAGPUR, Sept. 21.

The recent C.P. Ministerial episode was again raised in the Assembly to-day when after the question hour, with the permission of the Speaker, Mr. R. M. Deshmukh, ex-Minister made a lengthy statement on his resignation by way of personal explanation, which he thought was necessary in view of the Congress President Mr. Subhas Bose's latest statement on the Ministerial crisis in C.P.

Mr. Deshmukh supported Dr. Khare in all his actions and declared that Dr. Khare and his colleagues had not been treated either fairly or justly. He relied on powers, superior and higher, to give them ultimate justice. Mr. Deshmukh also blamed the three Mahakoshal Ministers for not acting up to the principle of joint responsibility and emphatically repudiated that he was guided by linguistic considerations.

Premier Shukla, speaking next, declared that they owed allegiance to the Congress and that the proper place for discussion of all the points raised by Mr. Deshmukh was not the House (Assembly) but outside.

Mr. D. K. Mehta, Finance Minister also replied to the criticisms of Mr. Deshmukh and said it was Dr. Khare, who first violated the principle of joint responsibility of the Cabinet.—A.P.

PUBLIC HANGING ORDERED

End Of Dangerous Dacoit Leader

GWALIOR, (By Mail.)

A notorious dacoit leader, Mawasia, sentenced to death by the highest court of appeal, was hanged publicly under orders of His Highness the Maharaja Scindia at the spot where he had committed a cold blooded murder. Incidentally this is the first death penalty awarded by His Highness since he has assumed powers.

Escaping from Dholpur jail, where he was serving a long term of imprisonment, Mawasia organised a gang and bade fair to become a public enemy by looting and killing people in the northern districts of Gwalior and Dholpur. In many exciting and dangerous encounters with the police, he successfully avoided his arrest for some years. The long and winding ravines formed by the Chambal and extended over a large tract of country on the extreme northern boundary of the Gwalior State, offered him a natural place of safety to defy any organised attempt of the police to capture him. But when His Highness the Maharaja Scindia took over the charge of the Police, he gave instruction to the Police and district officers to keep a close watch over his movements and capture him dead or alive whenever a suitable opportunity occurred. Through a clever manipulation Mawasia was induced to visit the house of his paramour in order to be treated of a disease from which he was suffering. The house was surrounded by the police and without firing a shot he was arrested.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

He was prosecuted on a charge of brutal murder of one Nand Kishore at Bareh in Paragna Ambah in the Morena Sessions Court under section 292, Gwalior Penal Code. The Sessions Court had recommended death sentence on the accused. It may be mentioned that the power of awarding death sentence is vested in the Ruler himself.

According to the prosecution the deceased was asked by one Kalla to meet Mawasia in a country house. When the deceased reached there, he was questioned for giving information to the authorities of Mawasia's movements. Shot twice, Nand Kishore died on the spot. Chief Justice Shinde and Justice Abdul Hakim Khan in a concurring judgment agreed with the Lower Court judgment, and recommended that the deterrent sentence be given to the accused. The findings of the Judicial Committee were similar. His Highness the Maharaja Scindia accepting the findings of the courts has sentenced him to death and ordered that he be hanged publicly at the spot where the crime was committed.

CHANGES IN CITY COURT TIMINGS

Earlier Sitting And Earlier Rising From October 5

With effect from October 5, the police courts in the city will commence work at 11 a. m. and rise at 5 p. m., with an interval of one hour between 2 p. m. and 3 p. m. At present the police courts commence work at 11-30 a. m. and rise at 5-30 p. m. with an interval of one hour between 2-30 p m. and 3-30 p. m.

The Honorary Presidency Magistrates will commence work at 8-45 a. m.

HARE RAM BUWA PASSES AWAY

The "Bombay Chronicle" regrets to announce that Shri Hare Ram Buwa died in Bombay yesterday evening at a very ripe age after a surgical operation in a local hospital. He was one of the chosen disciples of Shri Sai Baba of Shirdi, whose cult he preached and propagated. He founded a Math at Cheul-Revdanda near the famous Dutt temple which is very largely visited by devotees. He was greatly revered and had a large following among all communities from the lowest to the highest.

Observe Kisan Day On Oct. 2

Lavet Struggle Must Be Backed Up By All State Peasants

Mr. Indulal Yagnik, Joint Secretary, All India Kisan Sabha has issued the following to the press:

"Dark clouds hang to-day over the fair skies of Lavet in Mangrol taluka in Baroda State.

For seven long months, its brave Kisans have waged an unequal and heroic but peaceful struggle against their landlords and sahukars.

Following the clarion call of the Kisan Sabha at Haripura they refused to deliver half-share of cotton crop as rent to the landlords. Threatened with eviction, the peasants refused to deliver possession of land and challenged the landlords to repair to courts.

During May last, the Halis (agrarian serfs) of the area went on strike with the full support, moral and material, of the harassed tenants. Worried over the rapid progress of the Kisan-Hali united strike, Naib-Subah convened a conference of all parties to the disputes and helped at a temporary agreement on May 23.

Under this agreement the Kisans' demands for substantial reduction in rent payable by "protected" as well as "unprotected" tenants was submitted to the Government of Baroda for decision which was to be binding on both parties. In the meanwhile landlords agreed not to disturb the tenants' possession of lands.

Soon afterwards the landlords took prompt measures to break and circumvent the agreement. They filed possessory suits against their tenants in the Munsif's court at Kathore. At this stage public appeals were addressed to the Subah of Navsari and the Baroda Government to suspend the hearing of these cases and to expedite the arbitration proceedings to fix the just rent payable by the tenants. But the authorities remained deaf to these appeals to mend sanctioned by their Naib-Subah.

Some decrees were passed by the Kathore court and are now sought to be enforced. And the brave Kisans exploited by their masters and let down by their Government are engaged to-day in offering peaceful resistance to the robbery of their ripening crops and the loot of their lands.

The long arm of the law and force has fallen heavily on them. Men and women have been lathi-charged and about 50 Kisans have been arrested. All the local leaders are behind the bars. Outside Kisan leaders are already banned.

It is high time that the peasants of Gujarat, the Presidency and the adjoining states roused themselves to a full appreciation of the historic struggle raging in the little village of Lavet. What has befallen Lavet might overtake Kisans anywhere else. Let them be fore-warned. And let them send their comradely greetings and felicitations to the front rank fighters of Lavet and Mangrol and assure them of the united front of the Kisans of the States and the provinces.

To this end I appeal to the Kisans of the Presidency, Kathiawar, Baroda and other states, and Agencies to adopt resolutions in support of the Lavet struggle on Sunday October 2, which the Bombay United Front Committee has already proclaimed as a Kisan Day.

SCRIPT IN USE AT MOHENJODARO

Study Of Numeral Signs Discloses Indonesian Origin

That the language spoken by the citizens of Mohenjodaro and Harappa could have been an old form of Indonesian, is the conclusion arrived at by Professor Alan S. C. Ross of the Leeds University in his article on the "Numeral Signs" of the Mohenjodaro script published as a Memoir of the Archaeological Survey of India.

A study has been made in the monograph of all the so-called numeral signs, which consist of a group of short and long strokes numbering from one to twelve, and an analysis made of the sign combinations. According to a newly accepted method for the analysis of sign combinations in undeciphered scripts, the so-called numerals, it is shown, may not have stood for actual numbers, but most probably indicated a syllable of the spoken numeral of the base language used at Mohenjodaro. The suggestion is accordingly made that in the language of Mohenjodaro, numbers were perhaps expressed somewhat in the same way as in English in that the decimal system was used and a simple compounded word for each of the numbers from "one" to "ten" as also a specific word for twelve (like dozen) existed.

The general character and particularly the numerals of the alternative families of languages, such as the Dravidian, Munda or Burushaki, etc., have also been examined and the conclusion reached that the actual character of the signs in Mohenjodaro agrees with the hypotheses that the language was an old form of the Indonesian family, which now includes Malay and Javanese, etc. The Indo-Aryan script is considered as entirely out of the question.

SIND STUDENTS ON STRIKE

KARACHI, Sept. 23.

The students of the Gurdasmal High School in Hyderabad went on strike this morning as a protest against the corporal punishment inflicted on three students of the school.—United Press.

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For personal hygiene, for fastidious cleanliness use 'Dettol' so clean, so clear, so pleasant that it might have been made expressly for irreproachable freshness. A formula deadly to germs yet gentle on body tissues 'Dettol' has been found. Disinfectant, deodorant—a highly efficient killer of germs—it is yet so dainty that it can stain neither linen nor your skin. Entirely non-poisonous and non-staining—it will keep you immaculate.

Ask your Doctor

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Hall's Wine ensures VITALITY. Prepared to a medical formula, Hall's Wine invigorates your nervous system, keeps your blood enriched and healthy and gives your whole system tone and sparkle. You begin a long new lease of happy health.

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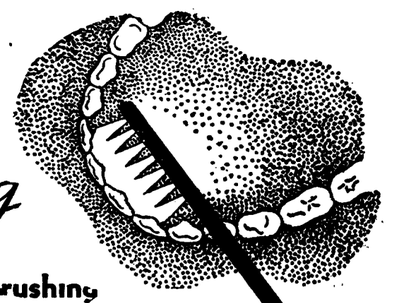

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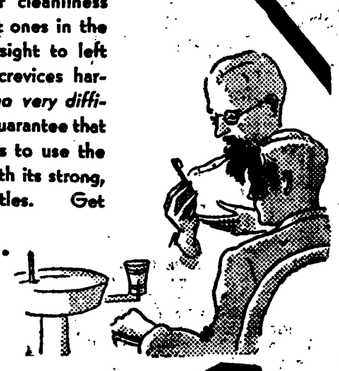

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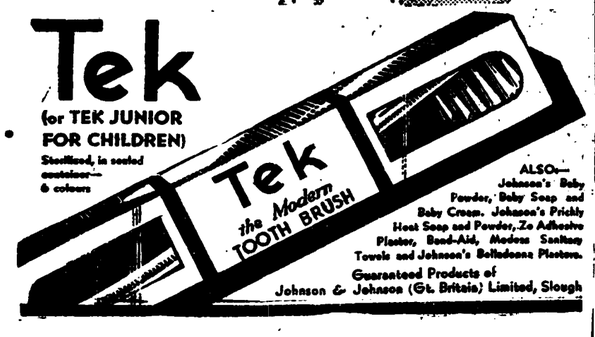

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Convincing Case For State Intervention And Regulation

Bombay Tenants' Association's Reply To Rent Enquiry Committee's Questionnaire

The following are extracts from a long statement sent to the Rent Enquiry Committee, by the Bombay Tenants' Association, dealing with the various points raised in the Questionnaire issued by the Committee.

The problem of housing presents unusual difficulties and requires special attention. Such information as we possess goes to show that the housing problem in the industrial places of Ahmedabad and Sholapur is no less deserving of prompt solution.

The right to receive rent and to earn profit out of residential dwellings cannot be claimed without accepting corresponding responsibilities. No one has a right to offer insanitary housing accommodation to endanger public health and safety and to claim a net profit in the bargain. Profiteering from the supply of such dwelling places has to this day remained unchallenged in the City of Bombay.

QUESTIONNAIRE.

Question No. I. What has actually happened since 1929 is not a matter of tendency but of actual fact of a rise in rents. The depression of 1930 became deepened year after year, practically till 1933 and while unemployment registered a steep rise, trenchments all round brought about an equally steep fall in wages, so that for nearly ten years since December 1928, the single and double room tenements have been subjected to an ever-growing pressure for occupation with the resultant heavy increase in rent, and the falling prices have aggravated the real burden of the rents to an alarming extent. Then was according to available data, an increase of 27 to 53 per cent. in the monthly rents of the working class tenancies in 1921-22, and for the same class by June 1933 the increase varied from 200 to 300 per cent. A continuous steady increase in rents amidst falling prices seems to be placed beyond doubt. To-day not only prices but wages also have gone down tremendously. And yet the incidence of rent for the poorest workers has risen by more than 100 per cent.

IMMEDIATE NECESSITY.

In general, remarks made in connection with the working class dwelling apply middle class quarters also.

Questions II. & III. The house property is free from risks faced by investors in trade, commerce, and industry. And when guilt-edged securities are at 3 per cent., the house-owner ought to be content with a net return of 4 per cent., which would be quite expectable compared with the present common 6 to 7 per cent, and in some cases even a higher rate.

Question IV. Legislation is immediately necessary, if the Government were to discharge its duty by the poor sections. Hesitation in this connection will amount to abrogation of Governmental functions and a boon to vested interests. For various reasons, legislation should take the form of scaling down rents and then restricting them in an equitable manner.

DEFINITELY WORSE OFF.

Question V. High rents are in the first place due to monopoly conditions prevailing in Bombay both owing to the natural situation of the city and to the unusual demand for housing accommodation, due to the political commercial and industrial standing in Bombay shortage of housing accommodation is the inevitable result and oppressive rents follow as a matter of course, and yet the shortage continues, and all find the disgraceful spectacle of people driven to sleeps on pavements in their thousands, and a number of families compelled to occupy the same room. The facts regarding over crowding are patent and do not require any further elucidations, which equally applies to the middle classes; the Census Report for the City of Bombay (1930) continued the remark "It appears to be the class occupying this kind of accommodation (two rooms) are definitely worse off than in 1921." (p. 103). Falling income and high rents have driven quite a number of this class to seek one room tenements. The existing shortage of houses for the poor and middle classes is great and a very substantial and rapid increase in the type of tenements required for them can make up the required shortage. In any case, the problem of lowering existing rents cannot be left to the low of supply and demand. Legislation is a condition precedent for lowering of rents. It is obviously the duty of the Government and the Municipality to take a lead in this matter. In England, the problem is tackled by local bodies, Government, and private persons assisted by the first two.

GREAT BRITAIN'S EXAMPLE.

The scaling down and restriction of rents by legislation, although very essential, are only partial remedies. The question of housing in this city and elsewhere will never be permanently and effectively solved until the state, the Municipalities and other local bodies take a hand in it. In Great Britain, particularly since the war, a great effort has been made in this direction, and hundreds of thousands of new houses have been built with the assistance of the State, the cost of which must have run into millions. This must be done here also, and done soon. The monopolist rent charged in Bombay will substantially come down only when the community itself enters into a competition with the private buildings on an adequate scale. Then alone there should be some prospects within a reasonable number of years, for the mass of citizens in Bombay, of having decent, cheap and healthy dwelling places.

Question VI. Quite a number of landlords charge rents according to Hindu Calender. This is purely a device to secure additional rent. The practice must be stopped by legislation, and rents should be fixed by the English Calendar.

Gladstone Solomon's Tribute To Late Pestonjee Bomanjee

Doyen Of Indian Artists Who Can Recall Childhood Memories Of Kipling

LONDON Sept. 16. (By Air Mail).

Mr. W. E. Gladstane Colomon (formerly Director of the Bombay SChool of Art) writes in the "Times" of September 16.

A living link—perhaps the oldest—with Rudyard Kipling disappears with the death in Bombay this month of the veteran Parsee artist, Pestonjee Bomanjee. He could recall vividly to mind the day on which Mr. Kipling was born in a small hut in the compound of the Sir Jamsetji Jejeebhoy School of Art, and knew him well during the early yers of his childhood. He used to refer admiringly to the retentive memory of the poet, who as a boy of six knew the Indian students by name and who a great many years afterwards referred to the artist by name in his writings.

DOZEN OF INDIAN ARTISTS.

Pestonjee Bomanjee, the doyen of Indan artists, was born in 1851. He had attended the classes of the Bombay School of Art some time before the arrival of Lockwood Kipling, Griffiths, and Higgins in 1865, to take charge of the infant institution. The boy was much impressed by the teaching of Lockwood Kipling, who was in charge of the modelling class, and who was so pleased with the way in which he modelled a rosette" as the first trial" tha he undertook to make him a sculptor. On the transfer of Lockwood Kipling to the School of Art in Lahore, the assumption of charge of the Bombay School by John Griffiths led Bomanjee to turn his attention to painting. He was one of the first party of students to go to the Ajanta Caves with Griffiths, who had been deputed by the Bombay Government to make copies of the frescoes. Pestonjee Bomanjee became the assistant of the late Val Prinsep, R.A., who went out to India with King Edward VII (then Prince of Wales) on his tour there in the middle seventies. To this opportunity he used to attribute his acquisition of a European technique in oil painting of a Europen tshrdlhhhm painting. In 1880 he was again copying at Ajanta, and was in charge of the party of students engaged on this work, which Griffiths supervised. for several years. In all he spent some 12 years copying the murals, most of which unfortunately were subsequently destroyed by fire when on exhibition in England. However, some of these copies are to be seen in the India Huseum, South Kensington, while two still hang in the Bombay School of Art.

On retirement to England in 1895 John Griffiths wrote that he could not speak too highly of the ability and zeal which Bomanjee had displayed while employed in the work at the Ajanta Caves. The veteran Parsee artist often spoke of that strenuous experience, and used to say that he and his fellow-students (in spite of the hardships of their jungle life in those more primitive days) were "a happy family." While there he met Major Gill, who had begun copying the Ajanta frescoes in 1844 and continued the work for some 30 years. In subsequent years Bomanjee was a well-known exhibitor at the Simla Fine Arts Exhibitions; he became a prize-winner, and took the Viceroy's Prize for a portrait of himself in 1893. His picture, the fine painting of his wife, depicted in the old Parsee national dress, entitled "The Leisure Hour," is one of several interesting works from his brush presented by the Tata family to the Prince of Wales Museum, Bombay. He excelled in 'genre' scenes of Parsee daily life, and in institutions in his native city. His sons have inherited much of their father's artistic talent; one of them is a promising young artist who has distinguished himself as a student of the Bombay School of Art.

EXPERIMENTS AT KARNAL SUB-STATION

Yield Trials In Next Year

The Botanical Sub-Station at Karnal was originally started for a five year period in September, 1930. The chief object of the scheme was to provide a centre where crops bred in the Botanical Section at Pusa could be tested under quite different set of soil and climatic conditions.

The scheme was renewed from October 1935 for a further period of 5 years but the transfer of the Imperial Agricultural Research Institute to Delhi necessitated the transfer of the activities of the sub-station to Pusa in order to maintain the continuity of research work on crops under the two sets of soil and climatic conditions. The transfer of the sub-station was effected on August 1, 1936 and marks a new stage in its history.

MANURIAL EXPERIMENTS.

In addition to the type of work which was being done at Karnal, the sub-station has undertaken to continue the two series of permanent manurial experiments which the Imperial Agriculturist had conducted over a large number of years at Pusa. The sub-station has also taken over the work on flue-curing of tobacco and the short-course of training on this subject for officers of Provincial Departments of Agriculture, and for private students, which was previously conducted at Pusa by the Botanical Section. Some lines of Botanical work; e.g., breeding work with pigeon-pea and tobacco investigations for which the climate of Pusa is better suited than that of Delhi will also be continued. The sub-station is also affording facilities to the Entomological and Mycological Sections for the study of pests and diseases under conditions differing from those prevailing at Delhi.

The Karnal station is also studying the hybrids and strains of barley selected by the Botanical Section with a view to discovering types suitable for cultivation in North Eastern India. Some of the former are definitely promising and they appear to combine high yielding capacity with well-filled grain of attractive colour. It is hoped to carry out preliminary yield trials during the course of the next year.

GARIAHAT EXCISE CASE

Sentences Reduced In Appeal

CALCUTTA, Sept. 22.

Judgment in the Gariahat Excise Case appeal was delivered this morning by Mr. K. C. Das Gupta, Additional Sessions Judge of Alipore, acquitting six appellants and upholding the conviction of the remaining twelve but reducing their sentences.

The sentences of four years' rigorous imprisonment inflicted on J. E. Gubbay, S. Ezekiel and R. E. Thebith were reduced to three years each, while that of Abinash Mandal and three others were reduced from three to one year's rigorous imprisonment each.

The sentence of three years' rigorous imprisonment passed against R. E. Gubbay was reduced to 18 months, that of Subodh Bhattacharaya from 2 1/2 years to six months, and C. N. Naidu from 2 1/2 years to six months rigorous imprisonment. The sentences passed on the remaining two were cofirmed.

All the eighteen appellants were convicted by the Lower Court on a charge of conspiracy to cheat liquor vendors and the public by running a well-equipped distillery, which was raided on October 20, 1935 and a huge quantity of capsules, labels, etc. seized.—United Press.

Divali Concessions

FROM OCTOBER 12th TO OCTOBER 24th

FOR ALL CLASSES

FIRST AND SECOND CLASS

BETWEEN ALL STATIONS 100 MILES AND MORE APART

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BETWEEN BOMBAY & STATIONS MORE THAN 100 MILES APART.

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THE REMAINING THREE ZONES COST Rs. 12/-, Rs. 20/- & Rs. 30/- Each

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GLAXO BISCUITS

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CHEESELETS, GOLDEN PUFF, ASSORTED CREAM, MILK

(in airtight cartons)

Sole Agents:—Herbertsons, Ltd., Bombay & Calcutta.

"A MISSING MAULANA"

LUCKNOW, Sept. 20.

That an itinerant Hindu Sadhu has the rare distinction of being buried as a Shahid (martyr) is illustrative of the diffculties the authorities have to face in dealing the communal situations.

During the last communal riot in Pilibhit a Maulana was reported missing—alleged to have been murdered.

Shortly after a person was run over by train and killed. Muslims contended that this was the body of the missing Maulana who had been murdered by Hindus and his body thrown on the railway track.

The enigne driver deposed that the man had committed suicide and the Civil Surgeon stated that there were no stab wounds.

The father and brother of the missing Maulana were called from Budaon and they identified the body as that of the missing man and buried him as a Moselm.

The Government thereupon deputed a police Officer to make inquiries. This Officer found that the man run over by train was a Hindu Sadhu while the body of a Muslim was found floating in a tank. The father and brother and other Moslems identified it to be the body of the 'missing man', thus falsifying all previous professions.—A. P.

BABY'S COLDS

Avoid upsetting the stomach with internal "dosing". Rub this soothing ointment on throat, chest, and back at bedtime. Its poultice-and-vapour actions break up most colds overnight.

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Iron And Steel Works "Really A National Asset"

Its Remarkable Progress Revealed At Annual General Meeting

Plea For Principle Of Negotiations And Conciliation And Prevention Altogether Of Industrial Stoppages

The following is the full text of the speech made by Mr. Biren Mookerjee, at the annual general meeting of the Indian Iron and Steel Co., Ltd., held at 12, Mission Row, Calcutta, on 21st September, 1938:—

Gentlemen.—Your Chairman, Mr. Leslie Martin, is at present out of India and it has devolved upon me to present, for your approval, the Directors' Report and the Accounts of your Company for the year ended 31st March, 1938. We have, however, been in close touch with Mr. Martin and what I am going to say to you today has his full concurrence.

Your Board, as well as the Managing Agents of the Company, have every reason to be well satisfied with the progress which these accounts reveal. The accounts for the year 1937-38 contain the first complete year's record since the absorption of the Bengal Iron Company became effective, and it is pleasing to note that not only has the scheme of amalgamation with the Bengal Iron interests been fully justified but it was brought into effect in time to take advantage of the period of great activity in the iron and steel trade and consequent enlarged demand for our products.

The accounts have been set out in great detail and I need only comment on a few outstanding features.

TOTAL SHARE CAPITAL.

You will notice that the total Share Capital and Debentures of the Company stand at the close of the year at Rs. 4,59,82,086-10-8. There is still £50,735 4 per cent. Convertible Second Mortgage Stock which possesses the option of conversion into Ordinary Share Capital. Accordingly, if and when this option is exercised, the Ordinary Share Capital of your Company will increase by Rs. 3,38,230 and the final proportion of equity capital to debentures will then be 128: 100—a proportion which represents a conservative and very sound gearing for concerns engaged in iron and steel trade. In fact, our capital structure has been so well devised that the holders of the equity of your Company can face with equanimity the future fluctuations which characterise this industry, for the investment position of the Company alone completely safeguards the interests of the debenture holders and the incidence of the latter burden on equity is made correspondingly less. I am referring to the large and valuable interest which this Company possesses in the Steel Corporation of Bengal, Ltd.

The total reserves of your Company stand to-day at Rs. 1,44,36,-597-5-8. Excluding therefrom the contingent expenditure items, the balance Rs. 1,00,12,441-6-4 together with Rs. 25½ lakhs proposed to be earmarked to a Dividend Adjustment Account, forms a very healthy feature of the Balance Sheet.

ASSETS.

Turning to the assets side of the Balance Sheet, there has been spent during the year a sum of over Rs. 23 lakhs (Rs. 23,24,302-13) on Capital expenditure, chiefly on new constructions at Hirapur, like No. 6 Coke Oven Battery, additions to Pumping Plant, pipe lines and additional housing accommodation, and partly on the Kulti Works on items like a new Wagon and Loco Repair Shop, Turbo Blower for No. 4 Furnace, new housing for labour and establishment staff, and additional electrical plant both for the main works and the collieries.

Depreciation provided in the accounts is Rs. 7,50,000. It may be said that this is a small figure, representing only about 2-1/4 per cent. on the fixed block. This provision, however, is in accordance with the statement made in December, 1936 Prospectus to the effect that £50,000, per annum would be considered sufficient depreciation for the next few years and your Board considers the present provision adequate, particularly in view of the drastic reduction in capital block of the Hirapur Works in 1925 and again in 1936, totalling Rs. 1,74,33,075-6-6 and the very appreciable reduction in the block values of Kulti Works as part of the amalgamation terms.

You will notice that the Company possessed at the close of the year under review in cash and treasury bills the substantial amount of Rs. 1,67,44,018-11-8. Apart from the sum of approximately Rs. 50 lakhs required for payment of the final dividend, there is the contingent liability of Rs. 55 lakhs to be met on account of the Company's investment in the Steel Corporation of Bengal Ordinary shares. We have also to meet the bill for the heavy capital programme which the Company has already taken in hand and which should be completed by the middle of 1939.

PROFITS FOR THE YEAR.

The profits of the Company for the year under review amount to Rs. 1,73,49,804-10-0 or, taking into account the amount set aside for the Repairs and Renewals Reserve, Rs. 1,79,93,311-0-7.

These profits would have been very considerably increased but for certain unfortunate incidents.

Your Works under normal conditions were estimated to produce 790,000 tons of pig iron, but the actual production was 701,160 tons only. The reduction in output was due to the two lightning strikes at the Works in June and July, 1937. Although these lightning strikes lasted only 11 days, I want to emphasise that the loss was not limited to the tonnage lost in those few days only. In the iron and steel industry, where Works are of a continuous nature, lightning strikes can cause a very serious loss, as for a considerable period after resumption of work furnaces, coke ovens, etc., have to be carefully and gradually nursed before quality and conditions are again normal.

Another factor, which has made an inroad into the profits, was the sudden and arbitrary increases in freight of approximately 144 per cent. imposed by the East Indian Railway in July, 1937, and a further increase in March, 1938, on pig iron to the docks. This factor accounts for an increase in freight over the year of approximately Rs. 11-3/4 lakhs. The increase made in freights from 1st March, 1938, means in effect that the East Indian Railway have increased our freight by over 282 per cent. during the course of 14 months. We would state that this matter of increase in rates has been taken up with the Railway Board by your Managing Agents and is still under discussion.

Apart from sundry other reactions, these were the two broad influences affecting the Company's earnings.

Before I leave the accounts I should like to state that your Board has not been able to come to a decision in regard to the future of our two subsidiaries. The position will again be reviewed shortly.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The final dividend recommended for your acceptance is Rs. 2 per share, making a distribution of 35 per cent. for the year. Your Board feels particularly happy that they have been able to recommend this large dividend—the biggest in the history of your Company since its inception, although they have not forgotten that including the present distribution the average return to the shareholders on their original investment in 1918 works out to only 1.83 per cent. per annum.

Your Directors further propose that a sum of Rs. 25½ lakhs be transferred to a Dividend Adjustment Account. We consider that this is a very prudent measure and I commend it to you as such.

I think I have dealt with all the principal features of the last year's accounts and the report of the Directors attached to the accounts contains a fairly exhaustive survey of the years's activities. If any shareholder requires further information, I will be very happy to answer the questions.

In his address last year, your Chairman dwelt at length on the position of your Company as a pig iron-producing unit 'vis-a-vis' its markets and he directed your attention to the measures adopted by the Board for the purpose of diminishing the effects of cyclical changes to which this industry is subject. As you are perhaps aware, the price of pig iron reached a peak in the summer of 1937. General trade has since suffered a regression. This arrest of the trade recovery from the deep depression of 1931-34 has not left your Company unaffected.

WORLD PRICES AFFECTED.

Owing to various internal causes the prices in the United Kingdom have so far remained stable, but the serious drop in American price levels has directly influenced world prices. Japan, one of our principal customers, has been most directly influenced and despite the continued intensity of her demand she has been able to procure almost all her requirements at American levels. The first half of the current year saw no improvement in the American conditions, but during the last three months the American regression appears not only to have been arrested but to have taken a definite turn for the upward swing. These factors have exercised their due influence upon the Japanese market and as far as your Company's products are concerned, our export market shows a much more promising future now than was apparent three months ago.

As a matter of fact, I am happy to announce that the estimated pig iron output of your Company for the remainder of the current year has been fully sold at fairly satisfactory prices. It is also satisfactory to note that while these forward contracts were being arranged, we realised that the demand was for more iron than we could supply. It is on this score particularly that the unfortunate prolonged strike at our Works is to be highly deplored.

INTERNATIONAL SITUATION.

The difficulties of the present international situation militate against an accurate forecasting of the trend of the markets. Your Board can only indicate the general tendencies in the markets for our products, and assure you of our vigilance to take advantage of every factor in the world economy and whenever necessary to safeguard your Company's interests as far as possible. It will be rash to anticipate as good a year for your Company as the one that is past. A slight drop in world prices as compared to the summer of last year, a possible contraction of certain markets, labour troubles and freight difficulties—these are factors one cannot ignore. There is, however, the other side of the medal: forward contracts at remunerative prices, satisfactory demand from our export markets, and an upward swing of the trade in America and stable conditions in the United Kingdom. On the whole your Board considers that the picture thus presented is favourable and there is no ground for pessimism.

We have been approached on several occasions by investors and friends with the request to issue periodical reports on the Company's position. Your Board has considered this request very carefully and they feel that as long as the fortunes of the Company are linked up predominantly with an export market, it would be extremely unwise for your Company to issue periodical reports which would prejudice the future sales position of the Company. Unless some such information is conveyed to the shareholders the issue of a colourless report would hardly serve any useful purpose.

GENERAL LABOUR STRIKE.

As is well known to you, there occurred a general labour strike at both your Works in early June, which lasted for six weeks. Through the good influences of the Hon. Mr. Suhrawardy, the Labour Minister, work was resumed and a Conciliation Board was set up, composed of a representative each of the Management and the workers with Mr. T. H. Ellis, I.C.S., a senior judicial officer of the Government, as President. This Board has been at work for some weeks past now and it is hoped that their report will be in the hands of the public very shortly. In view of this investigation by an authorised tribunal, I hesitate to make any remarks about our labour problems, but considering the local factors which led to the strikes, it would be hard for any one to believe that this was a spontaneous movement by the workmen themselves labouring under serious economic grievances, particularly when during the past year very generous benefits were awarded to them, including the provision of a Provident Bonus and a retiring gratuity on termination of service, privilege leave each year with full pay, sickness and maternity benefits, and participation in the profits which latter benefit for the year 1937-38 will mean an award of four weeks' wages to each workman at Kulti and Hirapur. We claim, without fear of contradiction, that our terms of remuneration and conditions of employment are inferior to no other similar industrial organisation.

With the best will in the world, in a vast organisation employing about fifteen thousand workmen, grievances are bound to arise, but efficient machinery for dealing with such grievances has already been provided in an ample measure and there can absolutely be no excuse for the grievous wrong to industrial advance and prosperity done by light-hearted strikes originating on fancied wrongs and fostered by extraneous agitation. I have already stated that it is hard for any one to believe that this strike was a spontaneous movement by the workmen. This belief was strengthened, as when the strike actually took place, it came to light that a good many of the Establishment Staff—clerical and supervisory—were members of the Labour Union and there is no doubt that those of the Establishment Staff, who had joined the Union, took a very leading part in the events that happened subsequently.

AN IMPOSSIBILITY.

You, will, I am sure, agree that it is impossible for us, as employers, to permit Supervisory, Clerical and Watch and Ward staff to become members of a "Labour Union." In adopting this attitude we are not alone, as nowhere in the world is that principle accepted. We claim that the duties and conditions of employment, emoluments, social and service surroundings of the Supervisory, Clerical and Watch and Ward staff are utterly divorced from those of the workmen.

No enlightened employer wishes ever to depress the standard of living and the general economic and social status of the employees, but for every upward step he must seek economic justification, not merely in the financial condition of his particular concern but in a reconciliation of such factors as the prevailing level of wages consonant with the economic development of the country, the costs of living of his employees, their social needs in respect of housing and recreations, the incidence of possible future retrogressions in trade, floods and famines, and the need for providing stable employment and security of service.

I have no desire to stress the obvious in the case of our own local troubles, but the general conclusions are irresistible. It is hoped that the Conciliation Board will indicate the path of peace and bring home to our employees their great responsibilities and develop in them a sense of pride for the splendid organisation which they are helping to build up. We have endeavoured, through the offices of the Hon. Minister for Labour, to persuade the general body of workmen to agree to a well defined procedure for settlement of future disputes and I am pleased to state that the principle of utmost negotiations and conciliation has been established and the present Board of Conciliation will smooth the way for the development of healthy traditions.

"A NATIONAL ASSET."

In a statement commending the Board of Conciliation, the Hon. Mr. Suhrawardy, the Government of Bengal's Labour Minister, expressed the opinion that—"The Iron and Steel Works are really a national asset and dislocation of any kind in their normal working so seriously affects the community at large that Government cannot view any strike there with equanimity." While we are grateful to him and to the Government for their intervention in the last dispute, I trust it will not be misunderstood if I make bold to say that ours is a key industry of vital importance. There are defence considerations, there are strategic factors and there are features of real national importance—all broad-based and inherent in the institution of a strong and healthy iron and steel industry. And with emphasis, though with great temerity, I suggest for the consideration of the Government that legislative sanction should be provided for the principle of negotiations and conciliation and prevention altogether of industrial stoppages.

To illustrate the importance of this industry I will briefly place before you without comment, the following features which emerge from your Company's working for the last year:

	Tons
1. Raw materials received at the Works	27,20,250
	RS.
2. Freight paid to Indian Railways	1,02,70,000
3. Freight paid to Shipping Companies	49,40,000
4. Payment to Calcutta Port Commissioners	8,13,000
5. Amount of wages paid to labour in Company's employ	56,60,000
6. Approximate sum earned by Indian Labour employed by raw material suppliers by reason of our purchases	19,50,000
7. Amount of income and supertax that will be payable to Central Revenues (approximately)	26,50,000

These figures are imposing enough and tell their own story.

THANKS FOR CO-OPERATION

I would like to take this opportunity of acknowledging publicly the very friendly co-operation we received from our raw material suppliers during the period of our strike and the comparatively low production period which followed it.

We know only too well how a sudden curtailment or stoppage of regular deliveries affects an industry and while we have been able, in most cases, to claim force "majeure," we realise to the full the extreme inconvenience and possible loss which our strike has caused to Companies and individuals other than ourselves.

I should like to convey to everyone of our executive staff and to Mr. Peeling and Mr Thornton, the Works Superintendents respectively at Hirapur and Kulti, our thanks for their loyal support and co-operation throughout the year, in particular during the time of great stress when the workmen went out on a prolonged strike. A word of appreciation is also due the Kulti Establishment staff who remained loyal to their duty throughout the strike period despite provocation.

PUNJAB AGRARIAN BILLS

Dr. Bhargava's Criticism

JULLUNDUR, Sept. 23.

Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, Leader of the Congress Party in the Punjab Assembly, addressing a public meeting here last night at which Master Kabul Singh, M.L.A., presided, explained the implications of the four Agrarian Bills recently passed by the Punjab Assembly and said that the Bills would benefit the big zemindars to the detriment of the interests of the actual tillers of the soil.

Referring to the recently passed Army Recruitment Bill, the Doctor said that the Bill was meant to strengthen Imperialism and foreign domination of India.

The Doctor, thereafter left for Delhi by the Frontier Mail to attend the A. I. C. C. meeting.—A. P.

B. S. N. CO.'S PLEASURE CRUISES

The Steam Launch "LAKSHMI" will leave Apollo Bunder at 6-15 p.m. on SUNDAY, 25th September, on a Pleasure Cruise round the "Dufferin" and return at 7-30 p.m.

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Support To Arab Cause

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—I do not know what were the reasons that prompted the Consul-General for Iraq to send you the text of a telegram which he alleges was sent by "all the 'Hakhams' and notables of Iraqi Jews in Bagdad strongly disapproving against the Zionist policy and heartily supporting their brethren—the Arabs of Palestine."

May I remind him that, similarly, when Hitler committed what the rest of the world called the rape of Austria he held a plebiscite and his action was ratified by almost 100 per cent of those who were qualified to vote!! Need I say more?—Yours, etc.

B. I. SARGON.

The C. P. Affair

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Dr. Khare has not a good case even on the constitutional theory on which he relies. His resignation from office and subsequent formation of a new Cabinet were constitutional blunders. I hold that Dr. Khare, with the full knowledge that there were acute differences both in the Cabinet and in the Party, could not send in his resignation without a reference to the Congress Party in the Assembly. He was directly responsible to the party and indirectly responsible to the Working Committee. In not consulting either of them. Dr. Khare acted contrary to constitutional practice and theory. He further acted against the principles of Democracy as he set at nought the democratic rights of the members of his party in the Assembly. Dr. Khare cannot claim the benefits of democracy without himself acting in a democratic manner!

Dr. Khare's next blunder lay in forcing the Governor to accept his resignation and thus compelling him to terminate the tenure of his three colleagues. When he found that the Mahakosal ministers were not prepared to submit their resignations, he ought to have called a Party Meeting immediately and sought the sanction of the Party. In not doing so, Dr. Khare acted against constitutional practice.

It has been contended on behalf of Dr Khare that the Working Committee should not have interfered with his affairs as he was perfectly competent to deal with all the affairs concerning his Cabinet. This proposition is subject to two limitations. In the first place the Premier, not being a Dictator, must be guided by the Party in all important matters such as resignation or reshuffling of the Cabinet. Secondly, he is subject to the appellate powers of the Parliamentary Sub-Committee and the Working Committee. In not recognising these two limitations, Dr. Khare acted in a dictatorial manner, and in defiance of the powers above him.

It is not as if Dr. Khare, was acting in an emergency or that he had no time or opportunity to get his actions endorsed by the Party or the Parliamentary Sub-Committee. On the contrary he had full knowledge that he was creating a first-class crisis without consulting the one or the other. So far he has given no explanation whatsoever for his precipitate action and that is why the Working Committee came to entertain doubts about his "bonafides" It must be remembered that Dr. Khare has not pleaded ignorance of the direction of Babu Rajendra Prasad to keep the matter of the resignation of the Cabinet pending the meeting of the Working Committee. He was acting deliberately and with full knowledge of the consequences of defying the Working Committee.

It is thus abundantly clear that Dr. Khare has no case on grounds of constitutional theory and practice. There are however far graver issues involved in the whole affair. He is charged with having conspired with the Governor to secure the dismissal of his inconvenient colleagues and thereby lowered the prestige of the Congress. He cannot deny that his main object was the removal of the Mahakosal ministers and that he secured this object with the assistance of the agent of British Imperialism. The proper course for him was to achieve his object through his Party or the Sub-Committee. Under no circumstances he should have approached the recognized opponent of the Congress. Conspiracy may be a strong word, but it cannot be denied that the prestige of the Congress did, in fact, suffer on account of his unholy alliance with the Governor. As the trusted officer of the Congress, Dr. Khare should have subordinated his personal dislike of his lieutenants to the prestige of the Congress, inability to do so indicates his incapacity to hold the office of a Premier under the Congress.

As a matter of fact, Dr. Khare gave away his case when he publicly admitted his error of judgment. The admission was not the result of any coercion or temptation. He made it as a free agent. This is one of the main reasons why even his supporters find it extremely difficult to vindicated his action. The subsequent statement written by him and corrected by Mahatma Gandhi has not yet been released to the Press. Dr. Khare has not yet stated that it was written under dictation. All that he contends is that the amendments made by Mahatmaji were not palatable to him. If such was the case, it is upto him to publish it in facsimile as suggested by Mahatmaji, so that the public may know the truth. His failure to publish it has led the public to draw an adverse inference against him.

In conclusion, it may be stated that the Working Committee acted very fairly towards Dr. Khare in giving him an opportunity to save himself from the unpleasantness which followed his refusal to stand down from the election of a new leader for the Party. The very persons upon whom he relied deserted him in his hour of trial as the voting at the Party meeting clearly showed. In agreeing to allow the name of Dr. Khare to be put to vote in the Party meeting, the President of the Congress removed the faintest suspicion that people may have entertained against Sardar Vallabhbhai or the Working Committee. This most democratic action of the Congress President was at once a master stroke of strategy and the most convincing vindication of the action of the Working Committee.—Yours etc.

C. B. AGARWALA, M. A. (Cantab).

Quite Democratic

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—The Working Committee's interference with the C. P. Ministerial crisis is as democratic or undemocratic as the working of parties in Britain or America. The thing one must remember is that the party caucus, though an extra-constitutional body, plays a predominant part in the Government of a democratic country. With all the limitations of the working of democratic principles we cannot call the British or the American Government a negation of democracy. The democratic movement is evolving here in India on the same lines as in Western countries. So far as interference with the working of parliamentary institutions does not go too far, the Working Committee is justified in exercising its right of supervision and control over the Congress members in legislatures. The "Statesman" of Calcutta has aptly remarked in its editorial columns:—

'As a party it (the Congress) worked for its policy all over India and has won the remarkable success of having seven Governments in power to carry out that policy. In those Provinces, we must assume, the Ministers are because of Congress policy and activity and support. As a natural consequence they must look to the Congress High Command for directive ideas. The Congress inevitably regards the seven Ministries and their followers as seven divisions of an army working to general plans with such modification, decided by the commander, as the local conditions make it necessary.—Yours etc.

S. G. K.

"My Defence" Is "Their Defence"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I feel constrained to remark that in Dr Khare's "My Defence" I see 'their' defence that is to say the defence of the action of the Working Committee being taken against him.

May I ask with due deference and humble submission, if the Doctor had accepted the office with the consent of the party or the Working Committee of the Congress? Had he not proclaimed on the floor of the August Assembly as a Premier that he was the humble servant of the Working Committee and follower of Mahatma Gandhi?

"I challenge the right of the Working Committee or Parliamentary Committee to appoint or remove a colleague against the wishes of and over the head of the Prime Minister".

Will our apostle of democracy name the Prime Minister over whose head the Working Committee has appointed or removed his colleague? Will he challenge the truth of the statement that the leader of the Party was chosen by the Assembly party after the resignation of Doctor Khare and his colleagues were appointed by the Leader of the Party?—Yours etc.,

V. P. GAUTAM,
M.A., LL.B.

"B. B. & C. I. Railway Divali Concessions"

The General Traffic Manager, B. B. & C. I. Rly. writes:—

With reference to the letter from "Fair Play" that appeared in your issue of the 22nd instant, I would remark that the writer has been misinformed. No change has been made in the rate fixed for first and second class return concession tickets at the forthcoming Divali, which remains at one and one-third fares as usual. We are also issuing a new and additional concession for third class passengers on this occasion in the shape of Zone or Sukh Savalat tickets.

Bombay Medical Practitioners Bill

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I came across a small passage in the speech of the Hon: Dr. Gilder (vide page 1458, Bombay Legislative Assembly Debates, 25-March-1938). "Homoeopathy differs from Allopathy only as regards the treatment of medical diseases. I am sorry there is no surgery in Homoeopathy because if they had a small incision would have been enough instead of a big operation. I think that would have been a very good thing. There is no Homoeopathic midwifery nor medical jurisprudence nor hygiene. They differ from us as regards the treatment of medical diseases. They also differ from us as regards their ideas of pathology . . . at the present moment, unfortunately, the condition of Homoeopathy all over India is a deplorable one in this sense that there are good many quacks practising Homoeopathy. The Homoeopathy cannot deny that and do not deny it." Surely a man of Dr. Gilder's eminence should have known better. It betrays a woeful lack of knowledge on the part of our distinguished Minister on the progress Homoeopathy has made in this country. He speaks without sufficient data as otherwise he would not have regaled the innocent members of the Assembly by further producing before them a certificate which read as follows, "This is to certify that Mr. So and So has learnt the theories and principles of Homoeopathy and preparations of drugs and is fully trained to practise Homoeopathy according to its principles and usages. The diploma of L. H. M. and S. has been conferred on him by this College of Correspondence"

He however further admits that every Homoeopath is not of this kind but may we ask him what it was due to that Homoeopathy has come to this deplorable condition over which he sheds such profuse tears? May we ask him in another way as to what would have been the result, if suppose, the primary education or for the matter of that even higher education was left to the management of the century old 'Rigal shalas' and not managed, controlled and standardised by Government? The result would have been obvious and our Minister would have been the first to admit it. The fact is that Homoeopathy has shared the same fate and not because of the lack of any intrinsic merit of its own. It has been a medical orphan, neglected alike by the State and treated with hostility by the old school (Allopathic) in India taking its cue from their brothers-in-profession in Europe, as is evidenced by the derisive treatment it get at the hands of our Ministers in the last Assembly session. Really if his better judgment was not warped by innate prejudices against the system of Homoeopathy as such, he should have frankly admitted that the state owed a responsibility to this system and that if it was recognised, standardised and controlled by Government and put on a par with Allopathic education, surely there would have been no occasion to shed so many tears "that there is no surgery in Homoeopathy, no midwifery nor medical jurisprudence nor hygiene."

Now let me come to another part of his complaint. He gives an impression that all the Homoeopathic doctors now practising in the country are entirely innocent of anatomy, physiology, pathology and a most of other things appertaining to a modern medical man, and that there are no colleges in existence where the right type of education is imparted. I may be allowed to draw his attention to the fact that there are in existence two Homoeopathic Colleges in Calcutta which have, from the point of view of efficiency and equipment, satisfied fully the requirements of a modern Allopathic college. The course of curriculum spread over a period of 5 years and the quality of education imparted in the Bengal Allen Homoeopathic College, one of the two colleges mentioned above, is brought up to modern standard of education in regard to the teaching of pathology, midwifery, surgery and hygiene and might favourably compare with any of the modern Allopathic colleges in the country. Besides the Hon: Minister will be surprised to note that there is a course of practical surgery in this College similar to that obtaining in the Allopathic colleges in their post-graduate course. Will the Hon. Minister have the courage to say that our benign Congress Government will not ban the future students turned out by these Colleges if he is really convinced that there are, contrary to his misconceptions, such colleges as I have mentioned above that might satisfy the modern standards, from practising in this Presidency if the intention of his Bill is not to prevent even a qualified Homoeopathic practitioner? The Calcutta Corporation has its own Homoeopathic Hospital with a staff of medical men turned out by these colleges and the Government of Bengal as well is on its way to recognise the system without of course taking any financial commitments. The future historian alone will put it on record as to which of the two Provincial Governments really served the cause of the "poor man's medicine" better.—Yours, etc.,

M. R. MASUR.

Kumta.

"GUTTER PRESS"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In your issue of 22nd you chastise me for mentioning the "gutter press" at a recent Corporation meeting, although I emphasised that my words had no reference to the "Bombay Chronicle"—a fact which your reporter might have had the fairness to record. But I would invite attention to your Special Commissioner's remarks about a certain Bombay newspaper in his letter entitled "Anti-Gandhi Propaganda" at page nine of your very same issue. When your own Commissioner condemns the gutter press, why rebuke the Municipal Commissioner for doing so? —Yours, etc.

I. H. TAUNTON.
Municipal Commissioner,
Bombay.

(We gladly acknowledge that Mr. Taunton intended no reference to the "Bombay Chronicle", though this does not in any way qualify our comments upon his objectionable remark. In the letter mentioned by Mr. Taunton. Our Special Commissioner only gives a specific instance of "reprehensible journalism", which is something very different from the sweeping phrase used by the former.—Editor "The Bombay Chronicle.")

Points From Letters

Central Bank & Osborne Smith

A. K. LAL takes exception to the suggestion made by Mr. B. E. Bharucha for inviting Sir Osborne Smith to manage the Oriental Bank as being anti-national. There are a number of qualified Indians for the job.

"Not A Slur"

B. M. MISTRY supports Mr. Bharucha and says it is not a slur upon Indians that an acknowledged authority on Banking like Sir Osborne should be asked to take up the management of the Central Bank. "It is no crime against Swadeshi if industrial British experts are appointed on our own terms to promote a Swadeshi industry."

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Bombay Assembly

Opposition's Delaying Tactics

Snail-Slow Progress Of Trade Disputes Bill

(From Our Special Representative)

POONA, Sept. 23.

Too much of anything is not welcome. This is the feeling of members of the House after to-day's proceedings of the Bombay Legislative Assembly had concluded. The single amendment of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta moved fifteen minutes before the House rose yesterday was under discussion till 4 p.m. to-day. Practically the same arguments were advanced by both sides. Members were tired. Nobody seemed to pay much attention to what was happening in the House.

But they were conscious of subject under discussion when division bell began to ring. That was not infrequent. There were seven divisions by 5-30 p.m. Yet the House had not disposed off clause 3 of Bill which was taken up for consideration on Monday last, when it rose for the day.

According to the Home Minister Mr. Munshi this delay and these moving of amendments indicated attempts of Labour leaders to sabotage the Trade Disputes Bill, while Mr. Jamnadas Mehta is of the view that this is the manner in which the Bill was being sent out for circulation. Neither side is prepared to give in though both of them are tired. They will not say they are tired but fact remains that they are. And so proceeds the discussion, which will end God knows when.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

That definition of what "representative of employees" was sought to divide workers and split up labour ranks was the complaint made by workers representatives in Bombay Legislative Assembly during discussion clause by clause of the Trade Disputes Bill

The Sub-clause in question reads as follows "Representative of employees" means (1) where majority of employees directly affected by a change are members of registered union, or (2) where some of employees directly affected by change belong to representative union that representative union, or (3) in other cases such representatives not being more than five as may be elected in the manner prescribed by the employees directly affected by any change from among themselves, or (4) in cases where representatives are not elected under (3) and in all other cases not falling under any of these clauses.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta moved an amendment to the effect that representative of employee meant that a union of which a employee was a member.

Messrs. S. H. Jhabvala and S. V. Parulekar supported amendment It was contended by them that these provisions would strike at the root of Trade Unionism in Bombay. It was this provision which would have disastrous effect. It would defeat the very purpose of trade union movement. For example even if there were 57,000 members in one registered union out of 120.000 workers in Bombay, according to provisions of the Act, that union could not represent workers in any dispute if there was not a single member concerned in the dispute It was, therefore, argued that the tendency would be that one, the industrial union, would be started for every union.

Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan opposed the amendment and expressed that in view of the principles of the Bill having been agreed to by the House it was mere waste of time to go into the details of the number of unions once again.

Mr. S. V. Parulekar drew the attention of the chair to this remark of Mr. Ali Bahadur.

Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi rose to a point of order whether such charge could be made.

The Speaker Mr. Mavlankar agreed with Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi and said that it was not proper to make any such charge. He asked Mr. Ali Bahadur to withdraw statement which he did.

Mr. R. A. Khedgikar spoke in support of the amendment of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta. The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi intervening explained the position. He said that the provision was part of same scheme which he explained yesterday. They were indicative of different stages of progress of Trade Union. They were characteristic of representative character of Union named. The whole basis of it was that whoever was to represent workers in dispute should possess confidence of those workers, who were affected by dispute.

UNHEARD OF ARGUMENT

It had been argued that if fifty workers in place where there were a thousand workers were members of recognised Union what would happen to about 200 workers, who were affected by the change, but were not members of any union? Mr. Munshi said that nothing could prevent them from immediately joining a Union which was already in existence. If they did not want to join any Union they could elect five representatives who could represent them before the Conciliator.

The whole argument of Opposition members was that though there were no workers affected, who were members of particular Union, it should have the right to represent them. That was unheard of. They wanted right of workers to decide for themselves to be taken away. There could be only one Union in one local area. In Bombay for example there could be only one industrial union. Instead of splitting up labour ranks provision tended towards consolidation of workers. The Labour Officer would represent workers before the Conciliator only when it was found that case of workers was going by board for want of their being represented properly and not otherwise.

F. Curian supporting the amendment said that there ought to be provision to remove from labour movement certain class of labour leaders. Then everything would be alright with labour movement.

AMENDMENT TO AMENDMENT

Mr. A. V. Gadkari moved an amendment to the amendment to the effect that sub-sub-Clause 3 should be retained along with suggested change of Mr. Mehta. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta wanted to know what would happen to 60,000 workers who were not members of the Union which had only 20,000 members when dispute arose and the former were the only people affected? Who would represent them? That Union though recognised and registered would be out of court as majority of workers affected were not its members. If five representatives were to be elected who would hold elections? With the best of intentions of Government the Act would be ineffective and in every dispute labour officer would step in. So much had been made about percentage of membership. He asked what was the percentage of Congress membership—not even five per cent. Yet the Congress claimed to represent the nation. As per legislation Congress could neither be recognised or registered by Government. He concluded by remarking that the legislation before the House would help neither good Government of province, nor be for the welfare of workers, nor will it be too satisfaction of Government itself.

HOME MINISTER'S REPLY

Mr. Munshi said that moving amendments one after another was part of attempt to sabotage measure by attacking it at different stages. The Home Minister once again explained the provision of Bill and how workers who were not members of Union, who were affected by any change could get themselves represented before the Conciliator. He asked labour leaders to remove suspicion and look at measure dispassionately. It had been so provided that no honest and genuine Trade Union would be shut out from perview of Act.

Reference had been made to the Indian National Congress. Is it forgotten that the Congress is the biggest organisation in country. It had 32 lakhs membership and if there came into existence another organisation with greater membership naturally the Congress will no more claim to be representative. Members were unnecessarily apprehensive." He assured them that legislation would go a long way to wield workers together. When those that opposed the measure, who had spent their lifetime in the labour movement, would continue to work among workers and find the measure very beneficial.

ALL AMENDMENTS DEFEATED

Since there were two more Amendments to same Clause they were put to vote one after another. The amendment seeking deletion of one and four of Sub-Clause under discussion was first put to vote and defeated by 21 to 74 votes. The second amendment seeking deletion of 2 was defeated by 21 to 74 votes. The third amendment seeking deletion of 4 was defeated by the same number.

Some amendments were moved to the same sub-clause. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta moved that instead of a majority of workers affected being members of union to give it representative character, it should have five per cent of workers affected as members to entitle the union to appear before the Conciliator.

Mr. A. V. Gadkari moved an amendment to the above amendment seeking to reduce the number to two workers only.

Mr. R. A. Khedgikar moved two amendments, one urging to fix the figure at ten per cent, and another to fifteen per cent.

After half an hour's discussion, the amendments were put to vote and lost. Division was claimed in each case, and resulted as follows: 20/65, 18/68, 18/65 and 18/67.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta moved another amendment to remove the restrictions sought to be placed against outsiders being elected as representatives to appear before conciliation proceedings. He said that even the Royal Commission on Labour had admitted that it was necessary to have certain outside leadership, because leaders from among themselves were subject to victimisation. His own experience showed that the Trade Union Movement was in such stage that some outside leadership was essential.

Mr. S. H. Jabhvala supported the amendment.

The House adjourned for the day.

Closure Of Slaughter-Houses At Muttra

Memorial To Viceroy To Remove Them From Holy Places

"The Government of India are aware of the deep pain being caused to Hindus all over India for years due to the creation of only of the most sacred sentiments of the Hindus in India, but also of the legal obligations of His Majesty's Government assumed at the time of the establishment of their influence in India and guaranteed by means of legal instruments such as proclamations, etc., by their Agents one after another, and of the efforts made in the past from various quarters in India for removal thereof," says Dr. B. N. Anantani, in the course of a memorial submitted to the Viceroy on behalf of the Shri Gogras Gojivdan Mandal, Bombay.

Continuing the memorial states:

"I am addressing this representation on behalf of Shree Gogras Gojivdan Mandal, (the Cow Preservation Society in Bombay), the activities and membership of which are India-wide, for sympathetic consideration by His Excellency the Viceroy.

The Society has had under consideration for some time now, the question of slaughter-houses existing in Muttra, the birth place of Lord Krishna worshipped by Hindus as the keeper and protector of cows and its environ Vrija land. These are maintained mainly to provide beef for the military garrison stationed in this district and as such neither the creation nor maintenance, nor closure thereof has any relation with the policy of neutrality in matters affecting religious observances or to accord treatment to any single community in any individual place where such treatment would conflict with the established principle of the Government of India, of toleration in respect of the observances of all creeds in India. The question resolves itself as one between the Hindus and the Military authorities of which His Excellency the Viceroy is the Head in this country.

Of late, the question has caused an acute agitation of extreme nature, which howsoever sincere and based on genuine grievance is not shared, naturally, in its extremity, by my clients, except to the limit of instructing me as their Counsel to make representations to His Excellency the Viceroy, strictly in conformity with its objects and obtain redress by means of lawful negotiations with His Majesty's Government. Their main hope in taking this course, lies in the sympathy of His Excellency, proved on more than one occasion with the question of protection of cows and their healthy breeding in India. I trust, therefore, after consideration of the question with his historical genesis, His Excellency far as His Excellency is concerned, will be able to arrive at a solution which will give satisfaction to all.

TREATIES AND DOCUMENTS

My clients have placed in my hands several documents of legal binding including Firmans of Moghul Emperor, Treaties between Hindu Rulers, having Muttra as their possession and the representatives of His Majesty's Government and declarations by them after assumption of independent control by His Majesty's Government in India, etc., for submission to His Excellency at opportune time and if need be for legal treatment. These have been examined by eminent lawyers in India and England including those at the India Office. I remain content, however, for the present with appending hereto, their narrative summary for perusal and understanding of the question in its correction perspective by His Excellency.

Without prejudice to the legal right of the Hindu community in India to claim stoppage of cow killing in these Holy places, I beg most respectfully to appeal to His Excellency on behalf of my clients, particularly in view of the fact stated in para 2 of this representation to give consideration to the human aspect of the question. In these days of quick transportation and hygienic conveniences such as cold storage, supply of fresh and healthy flesh to His Majesty's Forces in this district without maintaining slaughter-houses in this place regarded as the holiest of the holy places by Hindus all over the world is quite possible. It would therefore not be too much to expect His Excellency to consider their removal at a suitable place restoring satisfaction among the Hindus. That satisfactory adjustment of the question by means of mutual accommodation is possible has been proved to me after my recent visit to Muttra and earlier, by that of one of the Secretaries of the Institution I represent, if only there is the will for it, of which undoubtedly so there is no question."

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How often do we hear this cry in business? Men who should be in the prime of life are passed over in favour of younger men with a more abundant store of energy. This lassitude which seems to come upon all of us, men and women, alike, at a certain period of our lives, is due to two things, tired nerve tissues and a general weakening of the constitution engendered by the strenuous conditions of our daily lives.

If you feel tired in the morning, as well as at the end of the day, you are suffering from a malady known to Medical science. People who feel like this, who feel that life is slipping away from them, before they have begun to enjoy it, should take the advice which doctors have given for over fifty years. Take a course of STEARNS' TONIC. It is prepared from Peptonised extract of Cod Livers with Iron, Calcium and Sodium, dissolved in natural wine. A glass before each meal will sharpen your appetite and one before retiring will bring a refreshing sleep.

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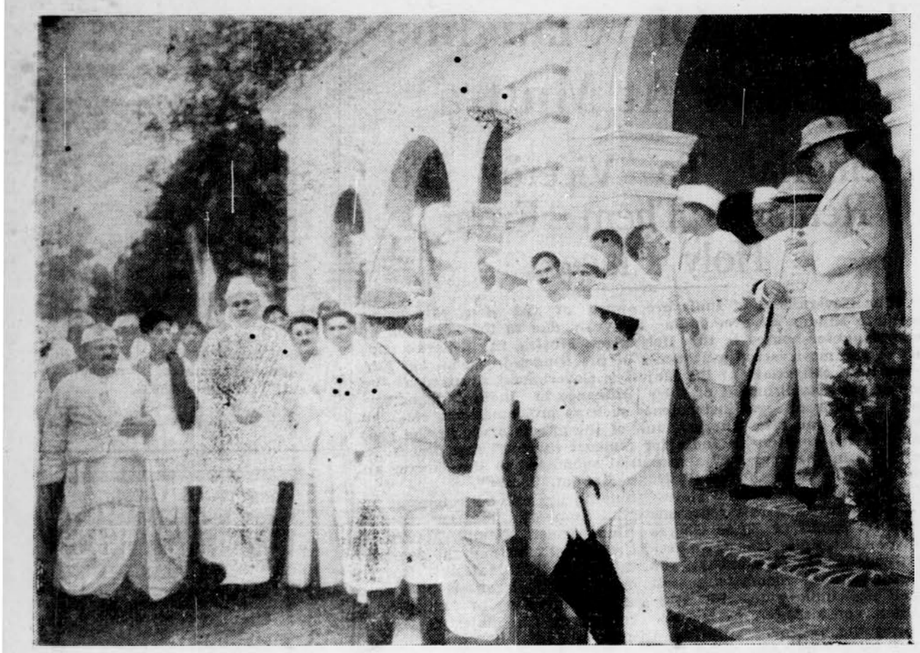

The Hon. Mr. G. B. Pant Premier of United Provinces, on a visit to the flood-stricken area in the Gonda district.

Damages Claim Upheld

MALICIOUS PROSECUTION BY FELLOW-CHEMIST

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Rangnekar at the High Court heard the appeal filed by Eknath M. Kambli against the judgment of Mr. Justice Kania who had ordered him to pay Rs. 4,050 as damages to the plaintiff Parmanand Virchand Shah.

The claim was in respect of the allegation of the plaintiff that he was falsely and maliciously prosecuted by the defendant (appellant)

The defendant who was carrying on business as chemist and druggist in the name of M. D. Vora and Co., had in 1929 put in the market a patent medicine called "Uterine Elixir" which, according to him, enjoyed a large sale

The plaintiff who was for 10 years in the defendant's service, separated in 1932 and started his independent business in the same line in August 1932, and put in the market a tonic called Syrup Uterine.

COMPLAINT DISMISSED.

It appeared that the plaintiff was prosecuted by the defendant in April 1933 on the charge of counterfeiting his trade mark in respect of Syrup Uterine. The complaint was ultimately dismissed in February 1934 on account of the defendant's absence.

Subsequently, the plaintiff filed this suit claiming Rs. 11,000 as damages from the defendant on the ground that the latter had prosecuted him falsely and maliciously without reasonable and probable cause.

The lower court awarded damages of Rs. 4,050 to the plaintiff, holding that the defendant was actuated by malice.

Against this order, the defendant appealed.

THE JUDGMENT.

In their judgment, Their Lordships referred to the circumstances under which the complaint was dismissed by the magistrate.

The state of mind of the defendant when he filed his complaint against the plaintiff was the main point which the Court had to consider. The Court had to see whether the defendant believed in the story on which he based his complaint and whether he was justified in believing it as a reasonable man.

There was no evidence of actual deception by the plaintiff. So the case was bound to turn on the point as to whether the get-up of the plaintiff's goods so far resembled that of the defendant's goods as to bring the case within Sections 482 and 483 of the Indian Penal Code. On this basis, it seemed impossible for Their Lordships to say that the prosecution could have succeeded.

Their Lordships thought that in a case of this kind there was no reasonable and probable justification for the prosecution started by the defendant.

A NECESSARY INFERENCE.

Under such circumstances, malice on the part of the defendant followed as a necessary inference because here was an ex-employer prosecuting his former employee for selling a preparation, which he was entitled to sell, without any reasonable and probable cause of complaint.

The defendant's object in doing so could be inferred as the desire to stifle a rival who had learnt his business in his employment.

CHARGE PROVED.

Their Lordships therefore held that there had been false and malicious prosecution of the plaintiff by the defendant.

As regards the amount of damages, Their Lordships held that the amount of Rs. 4,050 awarded by the lower court was excessive, having regard to the circumstances of the case.

Their Lordships, therefore, reduced the damages to Rs. 2,000. The defendant was ordered to pay two-thirds of the plaintiff's costs.

LEGISLATIVE AGENDA NOT COMPLETE

Sind Governor's Reply To Hidayatullah

KARACHI, September 23.

The "United Press" learns that the Governor has replied to Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, Leader of the Opposition, who requested His Excellency to call a session of the Sind Assembly early, so that a vote of no-confidence can be moved against the Allahbux Ministry.

His Excellency, in the course of his reply says that he finds no reason why the Assembly should be called, when the agenda is not complete and the business pending is not of a serious nature.

Sir Ghulam Hussain, it is learnt, has written another letter to the Governor to-day, wherein he has stated that the attitude taken up by the Government is against the principles of democracy and spirit of the Government of India Act. He has also stated that a number of bills and resolutions are pending, and the report of the Retrenchment Committee is to be discussed.

MINISTERS AS KHADI-HAWKERS

KARACHI, Sept. 23.

The Sind Secretariat presented an animated scene to-day, when the Ministers accompanied by Miss Jethi Sipahimalani, M.L.A. (Congress) were seen selling Khadi coupons.

The Hon. Mr. Nichaldas Vaziram, P. W. D. Minister, entered the chamber of every official, and sold Khadi worth over Rs. 1,000.—United Press.

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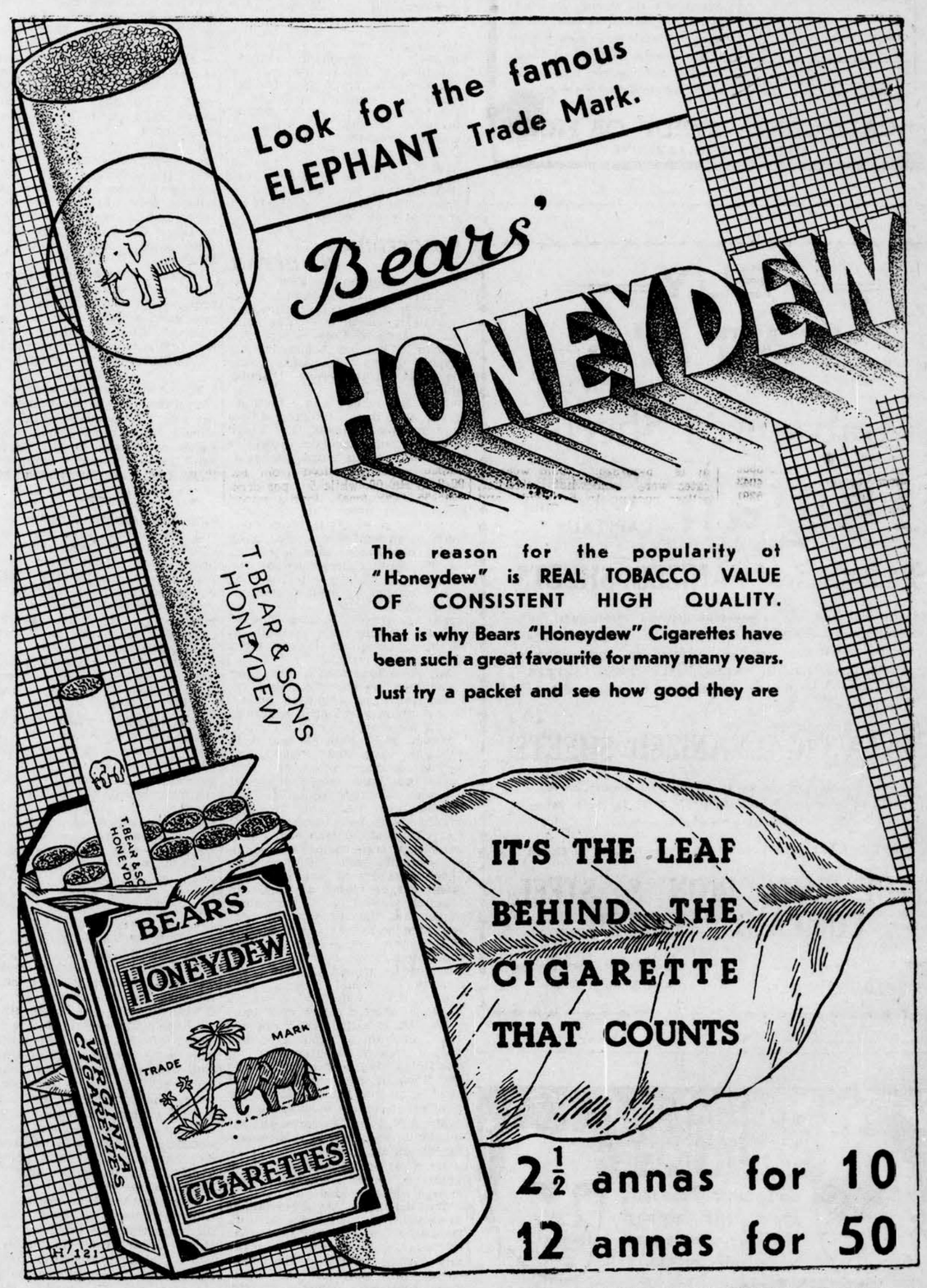
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B. P. C. C.

PUBLIC PROSECUTOR FOR DADAR COURT

Mr. N. H. Jhabwalla Appointed

Mr. Nowshirwan H. Jhabwalla, Barrister-at-law, who has been practising at the High Court for some years past has been appointed Public Prosecutor of Dadar Court.

He has made his mark as a rising young lawyer, especially at the criminal sessions of the High Court.

REDISTRIBUTION OF DIVISIONS

One Commissioner To Take Charge Of Rural Programme

(From Our Special Representative)

POONA, Sept. 23.

It is understood that the Government of Bombay have decided to reshuffle the three different divisions in the province of Bombay. Hereafter there will be only two divisions instead of three. Kolaba, Nasik and West and East Khandesh Districts from the Central Division will be joined to Northern Division while Satara, Poona, Sholapur and Ahmednagar Districts will be joined to Southern Division.

Ahmedabad will continue to be the headquarters of the Northern Division, while the headquarters of the Commissioner for the Southern Division will be part time in Poona and part time in Belgaum.

The third Commissioner at present in charge of Division will be put in charge of Rural Development programme of entire province.

EXHIBITION AT CONGRESS HOUSE

Organised in celebration of "Gandhi Jayanti Week"

Open to-day and every day upto 2nd Oct. from 5 p. m. to 10 p. m. (S. T.)

B. P. C. C.

GANDHI JAYANTI

Procession In Matunga

Secretary of the Gandhi Jayanti Celebration Committee of the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee writes:—

To-morrow (Sunday) at 7-30 a. m. (S.T.) a huge procession will start from the Post Office Corner (Matunga, G.I.P.) in celebration of Gandhi Jayanti and march through the important streets of Matunga, Hindu Colony, Parsi Colony and Naigaum. The procession will ultimately join the public Flag Salutation arranged by the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee at the maidan near Bhoiwada Police Station (Naigaum). Mr Mangaldas Pakvasa will unfurl the National Flag on the occasion.

At 8-30 p.m. (S. T.) there will be public meeting at the Nappoo Hall Gardens. Mr. Umashankar Dixit will preside and among the speakers are **Mr. Purushottam Kanji.**

PERFECT ROLL CAMPAIGN

Activities Of Girgaum D. C. C.

The Girgaum District Congress Committee has opened the following centres to facilitate the public to refer their names in the Preliminary Rolls and see if their names stand there as voters.

If their names are not entered though they are eligible to vote being adults paying Rs. 5|- or more as rent, they should immediately fill in the Elector's claim forms. The gentleman in charge of the centre would give all facilities and furnish required information.

Ward No. 9 Division 11:—(Girgaum and Chowpatty Centres)

1. At Messrs. Hari Keshav Gokhale and Co., Gold and Silver Merchants, Mugbhat Lane; 2. Tarabag Estates, Opp. Albless Bag, Charni Road; 3. Mulji Sikka Nagar, Vithalbhai Patel Road; 4. Lokmanya Restaurant, Opp. J. K. Buildings, Gamdevi.

Ward No. 8, Division I.—(Khetwadi and Tardeo Centres).

1. Sikka Nagar, Vithalbhai Patel Road; 2. Gora Gandhi Chawl, Opp. 8th Lane, Khetwadi Back Road; 3. Panalal Terraces, Grant Road; 4. Jain Maha Vidyalaya, Gwalia Tank Road.

Ward No. 10, Division III.—(Walkeshwar and Mahaluxmi Centres)

1. Banaganga Road, 49 C, Panchghat; 2. Lokmanya Restaurant, Opp. J. K. Buildings, Gamdevi; 3. Sonawalia Buildings, Near Tardeo.

In addition to the above centres, Offices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the Girgaum District Congress Committee are kept open.

A general centre is opened on Chowpatty Sands which will be kept open from 5 p. m. to 9 p. m.

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s.s.	"ALAVI"	... 3566
s.s.	"ISLAMI"	... 5879
s.s.	"JEHANGIR"	... 3566
s.s.	"KHOSROU"	... 4043
s.s.	"RAHMANI"	... 5291
s.s.	"RIZWANI"	... 5307

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TRADE & FINANCE

Erratic Movement In Securities And Shares

EUROPEAN POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS TELL ON MARKETS

Gold Price Decline On Increase In War Risk Insurance

Weekly Market Reviews

(From Our Special Correspondent)
BOMBAY, Sept. 23.

MONEY

The political upheavals in Europe had hardly any effect on the short-term money rates, call funds still being available at 1/2 to 3/4 per cent. The return on three months' Treasury Bill, however, was further increased from Rs. 0-12-11 to Rs. 1-0-9 per cent. per annum, at which Government accepted Rs. 2 crores out of an aggregate amount of Rs. 2.27 crores tendered this week. The improvement in the Treasury Bill return is partly due to the maturities for these Bills covering a part of the Indian export season and partly due to a drop in the price of gilt-edged. The weekly statements of the Reserve Bank of India and the Imperial Bank of India, compiled upto the 16th of September, do not show any great variations over the preceding week. The Reserve Bank statement reveals a decrease of Rs. 80.52 lakhs in the Note Circulation, which is largely due to an increase in the Rupee Coin of Rs. 93.99 lakhs. Government Deposits with the Bank are almost unchanged, whilst Banks Deposits show a small increase of Rs. 24.06 lakhs. Balances held abroad have contracted by Rs. 64.25 lakhs, whilst Loans and Advances to Government under 'Ways and Means' now aggregate only Rs. 20 lakhs. The 'Loans and Advances' item of the Imperial Bank statement shows a decline of Rs. 49.24 lakhs with almost a corresponding rise in the Fixed Deposits of Rs. 51.03 lakhs. Treasury Bill maturities amounted to Rs. 1 crore as against renewals of Rs. 2 crores. Fixed deposit rates are unchanged at 1-1/4 per cent. per annum

EXCHANGE.

The sterling exchange market remained dull and inactive during the period under report, sellers of spot T.T. quoting 1s. 5-57/64d. and buyers 1s. 5-99/64d., occasional business being done at 1s. 5-29/32d. Cold weather rates were somewhat steadier, sellers quoting 1s. 5-29/32d. and buyers 1s. 5-15/16. The showing of merchandise export bills was negligible.

Among the foreign exchanges in London, the sterling dollar cross-rate kept varying with the political news as they were good or bad. The dollar appreciated initially to 479.78 cents following acute political tension in Europe, but later gradually reacted and closed at 482.31 cents as a sequel to better political outlook. The premium on three months' forward dollars showed a steady decline from 1.65 cents to 1.18 cents at the close. The franc, on the other hand was rightly held around 178.31 to the pound sterling, while the discount on three months' forward francs, after remaining almost unchanged at frs. 3.81 during the week, widened and closed at frs. 4.31. The guider showed but small variation between 8.92-3/16 and 8.92-1/16 for spot, while the premium on three months forward position narrowed from 3.87 cents to 3.12 cents. The belga cheapened from 28.41-1/4 to 28.58-1/2 and the lira from 91.22 to 91.70. The Shanghai dollar moved between 8-1/2d. and 8-8-5/8d., while the Yen kept stationary around 1s. 2d.

GOLD

In the absence of any enquiry for export and on the raising of the war risk insurance rate by Lloyds Underwriters to sixty shillings, the price of gold declined steadily from the opening level of Rs. 36-6 to Rs. 35-15-6 for spot. Additional reason for the fall in the price of ready gold is the large accumulation of stocks, in the local market. October settlement gold commanded a premium of six pies over spot and November settlement one anna over spot. In the London market, the quotation for gold, after touching 144s. 9-1/2d. on Saturday, steadily declined and closed at 143s. 11d. Locally there was hardly any business done in sovereigns, the quotation progressively declining from Rs. 23-11 to Rs. 23-7-6 for spot. Gold stocks are estimated at 6,00,000 tolas, while arrivals from upcountry average some 12,000 tolas a day. The daily offtake is estimated at about 1,500 tolas. Gold bullion and coins worth Rs. 48,557 were imported during the week, whilst last week's shipment to London per s.s. "Viceroy" of India is valued at Rs. 3,41,748. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week are: **Rs. 36-6 and Rs. 35-15-3 for spot,** Rs. 36-7 and Rs. 35-15-9 for October settlement and Rs. 36-7-6 and Rs. 36-0-3 for November settlement.

SILVER

The silver market ruled steady during the earlier part of the week following adverse political news from Europe, spot silver being quoted at Rs. 52-1-6 on the opening day. But later the market declined sharply to Rs. 50-14, following better news from Europe. The volume of fresh business in the local market was restricted, bulk of the transactions being in the nature of carry-overs from the current settlement to the next. October settlement was quoted at a discount of six pies under spot and November settlement one anna six pies under. In London, spot silver improved from 19-7/16d. to 19-9/16d. earlier in the week, then declined to 19-1/4d. and finally closed at 19-5/16d., while the discount on two months' forward delivery varied between 1/8d. and 1/4d Local stocks are estimated at about 3,500 bars, while the offtake works out to 25 bars a day. Silver coins worth Rs. 27,083 were imported during the week, while silver worth £2,500 is "en route" to Bombay. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week are: Rs. 52-1-6 and Rs. 50-14 for spot, Rs. 52-1 and Rs. 50-13-6 for October settlement and Rs. 52 and Rs. 50-13 for November settlement.

GILT-EDGED

The rapid changes in the political situation in Europe were fully reflected in the local gilt-edged market which moved erratically depending upon the changes in the political out-look from day-to-day. The market improved gradually during the early part of the week and hardened on Tuesday following the news of the acceptance by Czechoslovakia of the Anglo-French peace proposals. 3½ per cent. Rupee Paper advanced from Rs. 96-2 to Rs. 98, while 5 per cent. 1945-55 (Tax free) loan gained from Rs. 115-4 to Rs. 115-8 and 3 per cent. 1941 bonds from Rs. 102-8 to Rs. 102-12. 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan improved from Rs 110-10 to Rs. 110-14 and 3 per cent. 1963-65 new loan from Rs. 97-4 to Rs. 97-10. 3½ per cent. India Sterling Stock, in the meantime advanced further from £90 to £91. Towards the close the situation in Europe again showed signs of worsening and part of the earlier gains was wiped off: 3½ per cent Rupee Paper declined sharply to Rs 97. Pending the final clarification of the European situation the gilt-edged market is likely continue its present erratic tone. 2-3/4 per cent 1948-52 loan was quoted at Rs 99-14, 3 per cent 1951-54 loan at Rs 101-12 and 4 per cent 1943 bonds at Rs 107-12 4½ per cent 1955-60 loan declined from Rs. 118 to Rs. 117, while 3½ per cent. 1947-50 loan, after declining from Rs. 105 to Rs. 104-12, improved and closed at Rs. 105-4 5 per cent 1939-44 loan kept almost unchanged around Rs. 102-12 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan around Rs 106-2 and 5½ per cent. 1938-40 loan around Rs. 100.

SHARES

The share market likewise the gilt-edged moved in sympathy with political news from Europe earlier in the week and prices suffered a sharp decline But signs of a peaceful solution of the present political deadlock mid-week caused a better feeling, prices in consequence recovering substantially. Towards the close, however, the situation again looked somewhat uncertain with the result that prices once more suffered a mild setback in all sections.

In the steel group, Tata Iron Deferred dropped from Rs. 1,400 to Rs. 1,310 and after recovering to Rs. 1,445 closed at Rs. 1,410; ordinaries likewise, after dropping well nigh 15 points to Rs. 272, improved to Rs. 296, closing at Rs. 290-8. The cotton mill section was almost neglected with small prices declines and comparatively little trading: Bombay Dyeings ranged between Rs 870 and Rs. 887-8 and Centuries between Rs. 289-9 and Rs. 284. Central Indias, after touching Rs. 247 initially, gradually improved and closed at Rs. 254, whilst Colaba Lands fell down to Rs. 152, but recovered at the finish to Rs. 156. Kohinoors were quoted at Rs 276-8 and New Greats at Rs. 233 at the close. Hydro-electric moved in sympathy with gilt-edged and were steady towards the close; Andhra Valleys declined to Rs. 1,140 earlier in the week but later made headway and closed at Rs. 1,460; Bombay Trams after remaining unchanged around Rs. 114-8 during the earlier part of the week, closed steadier at Rs 116-12 while Tata Hydros kept steadily marching up from Rs. 151 to Rs. 154 at the close; Tata Powers rose smartly from Rs. 1,355 to Rs. 1,385 but reacted and closed at Rs. 1,367-8. Bank shares after an initial drop, recovered appreciably at the close; Bank of India's declined to Rs. 138 midweek, but closed better at Rs. 140; Central Banks likewise touched Rs. 28-8 closing steadier at Rs. 30; Imperial Bank Fully Paids lost some 20 points to Rs. 1,530, but closed fairly steady at Rs. 1,542-8, whilst Partly Paids, after dropping to Rs. 368-12 midweek, recovered and closed at Rs. 375; Reserve Banks ruled steady around Rs. 114-8 at the end. Railway shares, on the other hands, showed little or no change; Ahmedabad Prantij Rlys. were literally pegged around Rs. 937-8 all through, whilst Tapti Valleys were quoted at Rs. 718-12 xd at the close. In the miscellaneous section, Associated Cements were improved consistently from Rs. 105-8 to Rs. 113-12, but declined and closed at Rs. 110 on profit-taking; Belapurs displayed good strength around Rs. 190, whilst Bombay Burmas moved narrowly between Rs. 522-8 and Rs. 510; Scindia Steams were done around Rs. 19-6 and New Indias around Rs. 38-12.

CALCUTTA

Jute shares in the Calcutta stock market maintained a steady tone throughout the period under report, with prices raising slowly but steadily. The activity was, on the whole, such circumscribed and only a limited turnover resulted during the course of the week.

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Bombay, Sept. 22.

We have had another anxious week with the war news fluctuating from critical to more hopeful, but thanks to Mr. Chamberlain's fine gesture in the cause of peace by making personal visits to Germany it now looks as if a satisfactory solution to the problem may yet be found, which will meet with the approval of all the powers concerned.

In the cotton producing countries like America and India the threat of war has had a most depressing effect and prices have remained at a low level. The Liverpool market alone resisted the decline during the most critical days as it is felt there that in the event of war the stocks, although comparatively large, would be all required for consumption within a short space of time and might be difficult to replenish.

It is possible that the price of cotton may already have discounted a declaration of war as the price of New York October is .35 points below the loan level, and if war became an actual fact only a comparatively small decline would take place. We are optimistic enough to believe that war somehow or other will be averted and consider that the market would be very sensitive to a recovery as soon as the atmosphere is definitely clearer.

Although a square position seems obviously the best one under present circumstances, we are tempted to advise speculative purchases in anticipation of a return to normal conditions in Europe, but would qualify this advice with the suggestion that stoploss orders should simultaneously be placed as a protection against a probable decline if negotiations should break down entirely.

Trading in Bombay has been very dull the only business of note being moderate purchases of new Sind N. T. cotton by certain local Mills.

Exporters, whose chief difficulty up to the present has been that the price of new crop Indian cotton is too high to be attractive in the world market, have now to contend with the added difficulties of freights and war risk and in consequence their business is restricted.

In other respects the Bombay market has followed America, and the remarks we have made about with regard to a possible recovery apply also to this market though probably not quite to the same extent.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, Sept 23

Wheat	6,592	cwts
Linseed	41,240	cwts
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	16	cwts
Gingellyseed	102	cwts
Groundnuts	9,342	cwts
Castorseed	562	cwts
Rice	3,517	cwts
Myrabollams	2,356	cwts
Cottonseed	315	cwts
Mowraseed	345	cwts
Gram	3,168	cwts
Joowar	205	cwts
Maize	73	cwts
Barley	122	cwts
Bajree	2,021	cwts
Indian sugar	15,288	cwts

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, Sept. 22.

SAKEL—	
November	13.18—4.
January	13.38—3.
March	13.50—4.
ASHMOUNI—	
October	10.36—2.
December	10.32—1.
GIZA—	
November	12.84—1.
January	12.78—1.
March	12.84—1.

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Sept. 23.

November	50.50
December	51.00

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Sept. 23.

September	200.00.
November	200.50— 0.
December	200.00.
January	200.00—10.
March	201.00.

The Old Inn Sign is a British Institution

Old English Inn Signs—No. 17

THE DOLPHIN.—The sign of "The Dolphin" is fairly common in the seaside towns of England. It is believed, however, to have originated in London, where an old house of that name was already well established as far back as 1513. Incidentally, the landlady of that time is said to have bequeathed 40 shillings to the Governors of Greyfriars Church to 'find' a divinity student in the University—for ever!

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MADRAS.

Stocked by All Good Cloth Dealers

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS

London, Sept 22

	This week £
Total bullion	327,900,000
Public deposits	18,400,000
(a) Other deposits	140,300,000
Government securities	97,600,000
(b) Other securities	30,700,000
Notes and coin	48,700,000
Notes in circulation	479,200,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	31.68 p.c.
(a) Other deposits include bankers	100,900,000
(b) Other securities include discount and advances	6,100,000
Total deposits	159,700,000
Total securities	128,300,000

Position Of Scheduled Banks

Statement of the position of Scheduled Banks as at the close of business on 16th September 1938.

1. Demand Liabilities—		
(a) In India	126,18,41,000	
(b) In Burma	6,28,54,000	
2. Time Liabilities—		
(a) In India	102,31,29,000	
(b) In Burma	4,54,49,000	
3. Cash—		
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India & Bank Notes—		
(a) In India	5,31,11,000	
(b) In Burma	2,03,000	
(ii) Burma Notes—		
(a) In India	31,000	
(b) In Burma	20,88,000	
(iii) Rupee Coin—		
(a) In India	74,84,000	
(b) In Burma	1,05,000	
(iv) Subsidiary Coin—		
(a) In India	36,60,000	
(b) In Burma	1,45,000	
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	20,63,91,000	
5. Advances—		
(a) In India	104,28,36,000	
(b) In Burma	4,50,55,000	
6. Bills discounted—		
(a) In India	2,22,15,000	
(b) In Burma	14,66,000	

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Sept. 22.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Del.
Amr. Power and Light Com.	4
Amr. Power and Light Pfd. 5 p.c. A	27
Electric Bond 5 p.c. Pfd.	46
Columbia Gas and Elec.	6
American Tel and Tel	140 1/4
Sun Life of Canada	467
Western Union Telg.	25 3/4
New York Central	16 1/4
Texas Corp.	42 3/4
Union Carbide	80
Noranda Mines	71 1/2
United States Steel	56 1/4
Bethlehem Steel	56 1/2
Republic Steel	17
United S. Smelting	57
Anaconda Copper Mining	32 1/2
Int. Nickel of Canada	46
General Motors	44 3/4
General Electric	40
Boeing Airplane	22
Curtis Wright	5
Consolidated Oil	8 3/4
Socony Oil	13
Chase Bank	28 1/2
National City Bank	22 3/4

Turnover 470,000 shares. Brokers loan down for the week dol 60 million. Market influenced by European news.

LATEST

Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON EIGHT POINTS DOWN

Markets Under Political Influence: Dollars Strengthen Sharply

GOLD HIGHER: WHEAT FIRM

BOMBAY, Sept. 23.

All the world markets continued to be dominated under the European political situation.

COTTON.

New York Cotton market continued easy with traders adopting waiting policy pending outcome of Chamberlain's second visit. October position closed 8 points down.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Markets were generally quiet pending outcome of Godesberg meetings. Prices mostly showed downward trend. Kaffirs after being easier turned firmer.

BULLION.

Gold prices were fixed higher by nearly 7d. per Standard Ounce on the London Market while Silver Ready and Forward were fixed 1/8 and 1/16d. down respectively.

EXCHANGES.

On the Foreign Exchanges Dollars strengthened sharply on general European demand.

COMMODITIES.

Metals tended to be slightly easier. Wheat was firm.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1938

New York, Sept 23

Previous closing	7.90
To-day's opening	7.89
Difference	—01
To-day's closing	7.82
Difference	—08

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1938

Liverpool, Sept 23

Previous closing	4.58
To-day's opening	4.56
Difference	—02
To-day's closing	4.58
Difference	unchanged

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May 1939 ..... Rs. 151-8

N Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Sept 23

The New York cotton continued quiet with traders adopting waiting policy pending outcome of Mr. Chamberlain's second visit which resulted in narrow movements. Meanwhile weather remains favourable.

Trading in October began at 7.89 i.e. one point lower than last close. Prices eased slightly on lower Liverpool cables and scattered liquidation but soon after market rallied on some trade support with price ruling around opening level.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept 23

The following were the opening ranges:—

October (7.98/7.98) 7.90/7.89
December (8.03/8.02) 7.94/7.93
January (8.04/8.04) 7.94/7.94

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Sept 23

American October (4.55) 4.57
American January (4.66) 4.67
Egyptian November (6.82) 6.82
Egyptian January (7.02) 7.01

BOMBAY COTTON Late Trading

Bombay, Sept 23

During the night session, Broach A/M opened at Rs. 152-12 and eased off to Rs. 152-8 but after going up to Rs. 153-4 it closed at Rs. 152-8, when New York was unchanged.

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, Sept 23

TEAS

Indian Pekoe (1-0) 1-0
Indian Pekoe higher (3-4) 3-4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 3/4) 1-0 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-9 1/4) 1-9 1/4

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop September October (£19 3/8 value) £19 1/2 value
Dundee September (£22) £22
Lightning September (£20 1/4) £20 1/4

RUBBER

Spot (8 value) 7 15/16 buyers
Forward January March (8 1/16 paid and value) 8 1/8 paid and value

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay September October (£10 7/8 sellers) £10 7/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta September (£12 3/16 sellers) £12 3/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata September (£10 7/8 sellers) £11 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal October (£10 7/8 sellers) £10 5/16 sellers

METALS

Tin (£194 1/2 buyers £194 3/4 sellers. Barely steady) £194 1/4 buyers £194 1/2 sellers. Quiet.
Lead (£15 1/4 buyers £15 5/16 sellers. Easy) £15 1/16 buyers £15 3/16 sellers. Quiet.
Electrolytic Copper (£47 to £48) £47 3/4 to £48
Iron (112) 112

LIVERPOOL WHEAT Closing Quotations

Liverpool, Sept 23

Liverpool wheat October closed at 8s [illegible] as against 8s 5d of yesterday.

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Sept 23

Previous closing	4.81 7/16
To-day's opening	4.80 1/16

At the time of New York

cotton closing	4.79 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Sept 23

Previous closing	4.81.43
To-day's opening	4.81.12
To-day's closing	4.79.68

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Sept 23

Previous closing	178.53
To-day's opening	178.53
To-day's closing	178.53

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept 23

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.81.12 and then eased to 4.80.56 on renewed uncertainties over international situation with rate later further falling to 4.79.90.

Franc opened at 178.53 and continued to show steadiness with no further movements either way.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 29/32) 1-5 29/32
Paris on Bombay (13.312) 13.312
New York on Bombay (36.07) 35.96
Berlin on Bombay (89 3/4) 89 3/4
London on Milan (91.50) 91.30
London on Shanghai (0-8 3/4 nominal) 0-8 3/4 nominal
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-3-11) £4-4-6
Silver (19 5/16d) 19 3/16d.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (15/16 to 15/16 per cent) 15/16 to 15/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Sept 23

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay tonight:—

"Little general selling. Poor support. Steady at lower level."

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept 23

Spot	(19 5/16d.) 19 3/16d.
Forward	(19 1/8d.) 19 1/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept 23

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-3-11) £7-4-6

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Sept 23

Liverpool wheat opened quiet with December 59 1/2. After opening quiet prices moved up in response to better overseas cables but business was small due to shippers reluctance to make offers.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Sept 23

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 0.64 5/8. Prices improved slightly on scattered buying following better outside markets with price rising to 0.64 3/4.

WHEAT AND LINSEED Closing Quotation

Bombay, Sept 23

Wheat September	4	0	3
Wheat January	4	2	0
Wheat May	3	3	3
Linseed September	6	12	3
Linseed May	4	11	9

BOMBAY BULLION Latest Quotations

SILVER

Bombay, Sept 23

Silver ready	51	4	0
Silver Asho	51	3	0
Silver Kartak	51	2	0

GOLD

Gold ready	36	0	6
Gold Asho	36	1	0
Gold Kartak	36	1	0
Sovereign	25	7	8

3½% GOVT. PAPER Closing Quotations

Bombay, Sept 23

3 1/2 per cent Government Paper closed at Rs. 97-2 at 5 p.m. for the upper settlement. Afterwards business was done upto Rs. 96-10 for the upper settlement.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Sept 23

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £89.

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Wednesday, September 14, £86
Thursday, September 15, £89
Friday, September 16, £89
Monday, September 19, £89
Tuesday, September 20, £90
Wednesday, September 21, £91
Thursday, September 22, £89

INDIAN LOANS

London, Sept 23
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£97) £97
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£89) £89
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£112) £112
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£116) £115
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-53 (£106) £106
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£109) £109
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1945-59 (£101) £101

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£71 1/4) £70 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£104 3/8) £104
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110) £109 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99 1/2) £98 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£107 1/2) £107 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept 23

London stocks were generally lower following uncertainty over developments at Godesberg.

Giltedged securities quietly steady with tendency to sag. Three and half per cent quoted at £89 i.e. unchanged from previous closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (12-3) 12-3
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (54-0) 54-0
Hydro Electric (dol 4 3/8) dol 4 1/2
Elec Music Industry (11-0) 11-0
Princhin Johnson (26-4 1/2) 26
Imperial Chemical (29-9) 29-9
Woolsworth New Ordinary (61-4 1/2) 60-7 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£20 1/2) £20 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (27) 27
Unilever Ordinary (34-0) 34
Ford Motors (16-0) 16-0
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£39) £39
British American Tobacco Ordinary (100-4 1/2) 100-7 1/2
Carreas A (£7 3/8) £7 1/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (136-10 1/2) 135-7 1/2
P. and O. S. N. Company Deferred (20-0) 19-6
Distillers (93-3) 91-9
Bredford Dye (3-4 1/2) 3-4 1/2
British Celanese (3-3) 2-9
J and P Coates Ordinary (36-0) 35-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (30-0) 28-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-3) 2-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (20-9) 20-9
Inter Nickels (dol 49 3/8) dol 48 7/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (45-0) 45-0

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-0) 18-0
Donaro Tea (35-0) 35-0
Empire of India (25-0) 25-0

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (26-3) 25-9
Gula Kelampong (21-10 1/2) 21-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (27-9) 27-0

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (40-0) 40-0
Burma Corporation (9-3) 9-3
Rio Tintos (£12 1/2) £12 1/2
East Rand Proprietors (52-6) 53-1 1/2
Rand Mines (£9 1/8) £9 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£16 7/8) £16 7/8
Associated Portland Cement (76-3) 73-9
Trinidad Leasehold (95-7 1/2) 95-7 1/2
Sub Nigel (£11 3/8) £11 3/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (27 1/2) 28-9
Union Corporation (£8 3/4) £8 3/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (22-6) 21-3 1/2
Anglo Iranian (97-6) 95-0
Burma Oil (86-3) 85-0
Mexican Eagle (3-9) 3-9
Shell Transport (84-4 1/2) 83-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (£37) £36 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£34) £33 1/2
London Midland and Scott Ordinary (£12 5/8) £12 5/8
London North Eastern Def (£2 3/4) £2 3/4
Southern Def (£11 1/2) £11 1/8
London Transports 5 per cent (£122 1/2) £122 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£75 1/4) £75 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE Prices Tend Easier

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Sept 23

On the London Stock Exchange trading was small with prices tending to be easier on week-end liquidation and caution on the part of operators pending the outcome of Godesberg meeting. Losses, however, were generally small.

In foreign exchanges the dollar strengthened sharply on general European demand.

Wheat was firm on reserve on the part of sellers.

Wall Street opened easy.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, Sept 23

Calcutta as well as Madras Stock Exchanges were closed to-day owing to a holiday.

Reduced Price For Printed Khadi

Special Offer for the 70th Gandhi Jayanti:—

The Khadi Printing and Dyeing Works, Vithalbhai Patel Road, have displayed at their Khadi Shop 70 articles of Khaddar, at a reduced rate and a commission from 12 1/2 per cent to 37 1/2 per cent will be given on different varieties, during Gandhi Jayanti. Besides, a commission of 25 per cent will be given on Printed Blouse Pieces.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Sept 23

U S Common New Stock (dol 55 3/4) dol 55 1/4
General Motors (dol 45) dol 44
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 33 5/8) (dol 32 3/4)
U S Steel Preference (dol 109 1/2) unquoted

'DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR PRACTICE'

American Consul Explains Position

Speaking on "Diplomatic and Consular Practice," under the joint auspices of the International Social Club and the Indian Progressive group at the Green's Hotel on Friday evening, Mr. H. S. Waterman, Consul for America, said that International Law had grown into its present shape after passing through various phases. In the very early days it existed as mere courtesy to each other among the States. The Congress of Vienna in 1815 after the Napoleonic chaos had established the practice.

International Law was binding on all Modern States and was enforced through public means. In case Conventions were not observed they were to be enforced through appropriate means, which might be through informal conversations, exchange of Notes,—formal or diplomatic,—diplomatic representations and finally, agreement not availing, through severance of relations and even by an enforcement of economic and social boycott. In extreme cases there might be war between the States concerned.

The Foreign Service was represented in all countries through Ambassadors and Consuls. Ambassadors were diplomatic agents whose functions were political in nature. The duties of Consuls, however, were commercial in nature. During the Middle Ages Consuls were quasi-public Ministers; but with the establishment of permanent diplomatic representations much of their dignity and privileges had been shorn. Consular agents had no representative character under International Law.

Ambassadors had to report to their country, the march of political events in the countries they were situated. As politics in any country had always an economic background, it was necessary that ambassadors should have a good knowledge of economics.

Diplomatic Officers enjoyed certain privileges, flying their own flag and exhibiting their Coat of Arms in their Consulates, immunity from search representation to officials of the country where they reside, etc. every Treaty between countries, generally contained a Consular Clause, wherein the mutual rights and privileges were mentioned. Customs Courtesies and other privileges were enjoyed by these officials either through treaty or reciprocity. In India the Customs privilege was enjoyed by diplomatic officials on their first arrival.

Consuls were not immune from Civil and Criminal prosecution whereas Ambassadors were immune. Any action against the latter could only be through diplomatic channels.

Mr. Manu Subedar M.L.A. (Central) presided.

All India Weather

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

POONA, Sept. 23.

The following are maximum and minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

	Max. Temp.	Min. Temp.	Rainfall Past 24 hours.	Since June 1.	Departure from normal
Agra	102	70	—	17.1	—5.7
Amraoti	79	71	1.1	38.3	+11.7
Akola	88	76	0.2	38.3	+13.1
Ahmedabad	94	75	—	19.1	—8.1
Ajmer	93	76	—	8.4	—9.7
Ahmednagar	84	—	0.1	29.9	+13.7
Ambala	100	68	—	18.6	—4.2
Allahabad	95	73	—	48.5	+15.6
Benares	96	74	—	34.3	+0.5
Bareilly	97	72	—	33.6	—3.3
BOMBAY	85	75	0.1	74.0	+8.6
Bangalore	78	64	0.8	23.5	+5.9
Bhopal	93	73	—	46.1	--
Baroda	94	75	—	32.2	--
Belgaum	81	67	T	27.5	—9.8
Bahawalpore	96	75	—	4.7	+0.9
Bijapur	84	69	0.9	20.7	+8.1
Bellary	89	71	0.6	15.4	+5.7
Bhhavnagar	95	75	0.2	18.6	—0.7
Chittagong	89	73	0.1	87.6	+15.7
Calcutta	95	80	—	27.0	—10.3
Cuttack	90	77	—	33.4	—10.6
Cawnpore	101	76	—	47.8	+17.0
Calicut	84	72	0.2	99.9	+13.9
Colombo	85	74	0.3	15.7	—4.5
Cheerapunji	72	65	—	457.6	+154.8
Cocanada	90	77	—	28.3	+7.7
Cochin	82	74	0.1	61.1	—10.0
Debra Dun	90	63	—	77.2	+4.9
Delhi	102	75	—	9.3	—12.7
Dehra I. Khan	96	73	—	2.0	—3.2
Darjeeling	65	54	—	110.9	+6.7
Desa	93	71	—	19.5	—3.7
Dalhousie	—	—	—	46.9	—9.3
Fort Sandeman	90	64	—	3.8	1.5
Gorakhpur	94	76	—	55.3	+14.4
Hyderabad (Dn.)	84	62	0.3	22.7	—0.4
Hyderabad (Sd.)	95	78	—	3.6	—2.4
Indore	88	71	—	42.6	+13.3
Jhansi	98	77	—	34.6	+2.8
Jubbulpore	93	72	0.5	54.1	+5.9
Jacobabad	97	76	—	1.0	—1.3
Jaipur	98	72	—	11.3	—10.1
Karwar	84	73	0.3	84.3	—22.0
Karachi	83	75	—	4.3	—1.5
Kodaikanal	62	52	T	24.8	+3.2
Khandwa	98	74	—	20.4	+4.9
Lucknow	97	75	—	54.9	+22.0
Ludhiana	100	75	—	8.1	—13.4
Lahore	100	69	—	7.0	—7.7
Lyallpur	98	74	—	5.9	—5.2
Multan	96	76	—	3.0	—2.0
Mysore	78	67	0.4	12.4	—
Madras	90	76	—	13.8	—0.4
Marmagoa	82	73	0.3	69.1	—
Malegaon	81	71	—	24.1	+7.0
Mussoorie	72	56	—	54.7	—14.4
Mahableshwar	65	58	0.7	248.1	—2.6
Murree	70	54	—	40.4	+5.1
Mount Abu	77	62	—	38.1	—19.1
Masulipatam	90	79	—	22.5	—0.3
Mandalay	91	75	0.2	13.8	—3.5
Mangalore	83	72	0.1	111.2	+6.3
Meerut	—	—	—	16.7	—9.6
Mercara	71	62	—	107.0	+5.1
Nagpur	90	77	0.1	50.2	+8.9
Ootacamund	64	51	0.1	24.2	—1.6
Patna	93	78	—	54.5	+14.0
Peshawar	90	67	—	3.5	—1.0
Poona	84	68	0.3	24.8	+5.9
Pachmarhi	82	67	—	72.9	+5.0
Port Blair	82	75	1.5	75.6	+11.7
Quetta	86	52	—	1.0	—
Ranchi	90	70	—	39.3	—6.0
Rawalpindi	93	64	—	33.2	+11.0
Rangoon	89	78	0.4	71.7	+0.3
Ratnagiri	82	75	—	115.9	+24.2
Rajkot	95	72	—	18.6	—5.7
Sialkot	97	74	—	27.7	+5.4
Srinagar	74	47	—	6.6	—0.6
Sholapur	86	69	0.7	35.2	+15.7
Shillong	78	56	—	66.0	+13.0
Simla	72	57	—	40.7	—6.2
Surat	90	75	1.2	40.7	+2.9
Salem	83	74	—	23.0	+4.5
Trichinopoly	85	76	T	12.8	+2.6
Trivandrum	82	76	0.2	25.3	—2.7
Vizagapatam	89	75	0.4	21.1	+0.8

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

MONSOON STRENGTHENING IN SOUTH BAY AND ANDAMANS

POONA, Sept. 23.

Monsoon apparently is strengthening in South Bay and the Andaman Sea. Thundershowers have been fairly widespread in the West Coast and Deccan and local in East Madras, Mysore and Central Provinces. A few showers occurred in Assam, North Bengal, Kashmir and Gujarat. Day temperature are markedly below normal in Kashmir.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Port Blair and Anantapur, 1-1/2 inches; Amraoti, Surat, Bijapur, and Gadag, 1; Dhubri, Sonamarg, Sholapur, Parbhani, Raichur, Bangalore, Vellore and Mahableshwar, 3/4.

Forecast until evening of twenty-fourth:—Thundershowers will be fairly widespread in South-East Madras and along and near the West Coast and local in the rest of the Peninsula. Scattered thunderstorms are also expected in Central Provinces and along the Eastern Himalayas.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 23-9-1938.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.014 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.8 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.3 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 84.9 degrees 0.6 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 75.4 degrees (normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 89 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 3 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 95 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 21 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 8

Rain in 24 hours 0.13 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 9.91 inches

Total rainfall during the year 75.27 inches.

Weather remark: Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 23-9-38

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.09 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.89 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT

An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 1550 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 6 hrs. 36 mts (I.S.T.) on Friday the 23rd September, 1938.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Sept 23

Anchor Line ss Circassia of 6580 reg tons, Captain W Gemmell arrived from Karachi with passengers and general cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 23-9-38.

S S Marienfels (L. E.) for Europe and American Ports.

S S London Maru (O S K) for China, Japan Ports via Karachi, Penang

S S Strathnaver (M M) for Europe and American Ports via Aden and London.

SAILED

L Edwards ss Sutherland of 2953 reg tons, Captain H Morgan sailed for Rotterdam and Hamburg via Suez with local cargo.

B I S N ss Itinda of 3964 reg tons, Captain R Tremble, sailed for Calcutta, via Cannanore and Colombo with local cargo.

Anchor Line ss Circassia 6580 reg tons, Captain W Gemmell sailed for Marseilles and Liverpool via Port Said with passengers and same bottom cargo.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Sept 23

1 Kenya 4646 Durban 28-9 M M
5 Sutherland 2953 Hamburg 23-9 L Edwards.
7 City of Agra 3866 Karachi 28-9 K Nixon
11 Tenriffa 3496 Rangoon 24-9 L Edwards
14 Mirzapore 4135 Japan 29-9 M M
15 Warfield 3805 Antwerp 24-9 M M

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Vita 1955 Karachi 24-9 M M
7 Nurjehan 3379 Rangoon 25-9 T Morrison
14 Vasna 2026 N F N F M M

PRINCE'S DOCK

A Hashemi 298 M Coast N F S Hassum
C/R Jalajyoti 2698 Colombo 24-9 Scindia S N
F Victori Marie 882 Karachi 23-9 Merchant S N
K Rahamani 3291 N F N F T Morrison
P/O St. Dunstan 3566 Java N F Grahams Trade.
N Itinda 3964 Calcutta 23-9 M M
O Oostcappelle 346 Malabar Coast 25-9 Merchant S N

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Strathallan 6-10-38 P and O S N
Fushimi Maru 26-9-38 N Y Kaisha
Narkunda 13-10-38 P and O S N
Somali 7-10-38 P and O S N
Strathmore 20-10-38 P and O S N
Durenda 28-10-38 M M
Strathnaver 25-9-38 P and O S N
Ranpura 29-9-38 P and O S N

FROM HULL

City of Leicester 10-10-38 J Finlay

FROM LIVERPOOL

Cilicia 30-9-38 Anchor Line
Harmodius 30-9-38 J Finlay

FROM HAMBURG

Braunfels 28-9-38 L Edwards
Wachtfels 9-10-38 L Edwards

FROM GOTHENBURG

Agra 7-10-38 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Haughton Hall 1-10-38 Volkart Bros.

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 17-10-38 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Alberto Treves 3-10-38 L Triestino
Conte Biancamano 3-10-38 L Triestino
Mauly 4-10-38 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Allpore 23-9-38 P and O S N
Conte Verde 11-10-38 L Triestino
London Maru 23-9-38 O. S. Kaisya.
Yeifuku Maru 9-10-38 O S Kaisya
Kunishima Maru 13-10-38 N Y Kaisya
Victoria 28-9-38 L Triestino
Tokushima Maru 30-9-38 N Y Kaisya

FROM BASRA

Bandra 29-9-38 M M
Varsova 24-9-38 M M
Marienfels 24-9-38 L Edwards

FROM SYDNEY

Cathay 8-10-38 P and O S N
Nardana 1-10-38 P and O S N
Strathaird 24-9-38 P and O S N

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 15-10-38 M M
Takliwa 1-10-38 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Elhind 27-9-38 Scindia S N
Jalamani 26-9-38 Scindia S N
Gurna 26-9-38 M M

FROM RANGOON

Winkfield 1-10-38 M M

FROM KARACHI

Werdenfels 2-10-38 L Edwards
Rauenfels 28-9-38 L Edwards
Vita 29-9-38 M M
Kendelfels 1-10-38 L Edwards

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Strathnaver 1-10-38 P and O S N
Cathay 8-10-38 P and O S N
Behar 11-10-38 P and O S N
Narkunda 15-10-38 P and O S N
Warfield 28-9-38 M M
Strathaird 24-9-38 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

Cilicia 14-10-38 Anchor Line

FOR HAMBURG

Marienfels 2-10-38 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

Edisvold N F Volkart Bros.

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 11-10-38 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Victoria 28-9-38 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Fushimi Maru 27-9-38 N Y Kaisya
Conte Rosso 17-10-38 L Triestino
Alipore 8-10-38 P and O S N
Tokushima Maru 14-10-38 N Y Kaisya
London Maru 1-10-38 O S Kaisya
Tosan Maru 18-10-38 O S Kaisya
Conte Biancamano 3-10-38 L Triestino
Ranpura 29-9-38 P and O S N
Somali 10-10-38 P and O S N

FOR SYDNEY

Strathallan 6-10-38 P and O S N
Strathmore 20-10-38 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Barpeta 28-9-38 M M
Varsova 29-9-38 M M

FOR JAVA

St. Dunstan N F G Trading

FOR DURBAN

Kenya 28-9-38 M M
Takliwa 12-10-38 M M

FOR JEDDAH

Jehangir 19-9-38 T Morrison

FOR CALCUTTA

Itinda 24-9-38 M M

FOR KARACHI

Elhind 28-9-38 Scindia S N
Vita 24-9-38 M M
City of Agra 26-9-38 K Nixon

B.P.I. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Oostcappelle 22-9-38
S S Bhadravati 22-9-38
S S Netravati 22-9-38
S S Nurjehan 22-9-38
S S Vita 23-9-38
S S Itinda 23-9-38

EXPORTS

S S Fushimi Maru for Kobe: 100 bs raw cotton The Cotton Agents; 800 bs raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading Co; 599 bales raw cotton K Devchand; 1200 bs raw cotton T M Kaisha; 500 bales raw cotton L Ramji; 200 bales raw cotton A Clayton; 300 bales raw cotton M Amersey; 100 bales raw cotton C Jethabhai; 1500 bales raw cotton N Nagsee; 200 bales raw cotton H Nensey; 1000 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha.

For Osaka: 800 bales raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading; 100 bales raw cotton K Devchand.

For Yokkaichi: 300 bales raw cotton K Devchand; 200 bales raw cotton C Jethabhai; 300 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha.

For Moji: 600 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha

For Yokohama: 200 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha.

S S Mirzapore for Kobe: 16 bales raw cotton A Khimji; 30 bales raw cotton The Swastika G Trading; 24 bales raw cotton N Nagshi.

S S London Maru for Kobe: 200 bales raw cotton V Ladha.

For Osaka: 500 bales raw cotton V

For Havre: 60 bales raw cotton A Podar.

SS City of Agra for Liverpool: 34 cases condiments M Poonjiajee; 350 bs wool raw C Lister; 150 bales wool raw E Wool Trading

For Alexandretta: 65 bales grey ctn yarn S J David.

S S Sutherland for Rotterdam: 1000 pkts gr nut oil cake A Oomerbhoy.

S S Marienfels for Hamburg: 30 bales d/s cowhides D Abraham; 2400 bags myrabollams P Mathradas.

For Antwerp: 11060 bags gr nut oil cake A Oomerbhoy; 14000 bags gr nut oil cake H Rawji; 110 bales raw cotton H Nensey; 2600 bags gr nut seed The Cotton Agents.

IMPORTS

M V Soemba Agents Volkart Bros from Sourabaya: 10799 bundles Sawn Java teak; 905 pcs Sawn Java teak.

From Semarang: 442 pieces Java teak planks.

From Colombo: 4625 bags copra; 160 cyl cocoanut oil; 36 h/chests tea.

From Belawan: 371597 tons palm oil.

From Tandjong Prick: 475 bags rolled sulphur; 800 bags paraffin wax.

From Batavia: 66 pcs boards.

M V Silverbeech Agents Volkart Bros from San Francisco: 3595 drums asphalt; 550 drums lubg oil; 145 cases cud goods and groceries.

From Sourabaya: 100 drums alcohol; 170 bags tapioca flour.

From Colombo: 16187 bags copra.

From Manila: 55 cases veg margarine.

From Tandjong Prick: 100 bags tapioca flour.

From Los Angeles: 600 bags soda ash; 320 bags borax.

WOOL SALES

London, Sept 23

Good selection chiefly Australian Merinos. Competition was active good clearance was done to home trade and continent.

Greasy Inferior to Superior.
Lower (0-8) 0-8
Higher (1-3 1/2) 1-3 3/4
Scoured Inferior to Superior.
Lower (1-0 1/4) 1-4 1/1
Higher (2-2) 1-11 1/2

GROSS EARNINGS OF STATE-OWNED LINES

The total approximate gross earnings of all State-owned railways for the period (10 days) ending 10th September, 1938, (16th period) amount to Rs. 234 lakhs. This is:—

(a) Rs. 12 lakhs more than the approximate gross earnings for the corresponding period of the previous year.

(b) Rs. 10 lakhs more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1937-38, and

(c) Rs. 28 lakhs more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1936-37.

2. The total approximate gross earnings from 1st April to 10th September, 1938, amount to Rs. 40.34 crores. This is:—

(a) Rs. 19 lakhs less than the actuals for the previous year, and

(b) Rs. 285 lakhs more than the actuals for 1936-37.

Cotton Traders Await European Political Developments

FOREIGN AND TRADE BUYING

Later October Liquidation And Hedge Selling

Bombay, Sept. 23.

The New York cotton market after an early rise, soon eased on Thursday owing to the fact that buying was restricted with a general disposition to await developments in Godesberg and Czechoslovakia.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The market opened quiet. Prices advanced on steady cables and moderate trade and foreign buying but eased on October liquidation and moderate hedge selling of distants with local and scattered offering influenced by the easiness of the Stock market. Textiles were quiet after sales estimated 30 million yards so far this week.

The market opened at about the highest level at a rise of 3 points with October 7.98. Later on under increased selling prices declined to 7.89 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 6 to 4 points. Spot cotton was nominally quoted 8.25c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also quiet and closed at a decline of 1 to 4 points. Spot cotton prices declined 5 points at 7.95c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened unchanged with October 4.55. The market was dull. Political developments construed pessimistically. There was precautionary covering of nears and speculative buying which was offset by October liquidation and hedging. Later on there was American buying, trade calling and short covering. The market closed at a rise of 2 to 3 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced one point at 4.75d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton futures market was quietly steady. Giza futures closed 4 to 2 points up and Uppers gained one point.

The Alexandria cotton market was quiet with a restricted turnover. Sakels futures declined 3 to 4 points and Ashmouni futures closed one to two points down.

POLITICAL INFLUENCE.

The long-awaited Government loan announcement failed to influence values materially either way, for the market has been under the shadow of nervousness about the political situation in Europe and developments in outside markets. The general consensus of opinion is that the loan terms should prove progressively bullish, although not necessarily materially influencing the immediate movement of the market. Particular importance is attached to the absence of location differentials which might be considered advantageous to the more remote interior markets in offering an attraction to producers, especially of better grades which command differentials close to the commercial market.

MILLS BUYING.

It is generally believed that eventually the mills will buy more freely at near by points and that the basis will harden, especially as interior produces, are believed to be well protected. Consequently there is no hurry to sell. The mills, however, see little in the situation to indicate any material advance and are apathetic, and inclined to await developments.

News from abroad is disconcerting, although running hot and cold on different days and thus causing feverish changes in the financial markets and in cotton, which, while steady, has developed no decided trend.

FAVOURABLE WEATHER.

Weather conditions generally are favourable, apart from the continued absence of moisture in Oklahoma and portions of West Texas. The crop is evidently progressing well. The market to-day was disturbed by the Journal of Commerce estimate of a 12,200,000-bale crop and also by reports from the American Cotton Crop Service indicating that the crop has more than held its own since the last Bureau report.

Business conditions are improving slowly, although textiles continue quiet. Demand for spot cotton is slow from domestic and export merchants, who are generally pessimistic owing to the unfavourable statistical position and the unsettled world-wide political and economic situation. New speculative interest is lacking, and traders are awaiting a new incentive.—"M. G."

PRIVATE CCABLES.

N. Y. October highest 7.98+03 (10 a.m.) N. Y. October lowest 7.89—06 2-1 p. m.)

Liverpool October highest 4.59+04 Liverpool October lowest 4.55.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York. Foreign and trade buying with October liquidation and hedge selling. Market quiet awaiting foreign developments.

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool:—

Expect heavy liquidation near October cotton advise switching ahead.

New York:—

Co-operative crop estimates 11682000 bales.

Crop prospects declining think prices near bottom.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from their Foreign Friends:—

New York:—(1) "Indifferent demand. Awaiting developments in Europe. Hedge selling small. Co-operative estimates crop at 11,682,000 Bales.

(2) "Think market a good purchase at this level. Bulk of the Ginning is going to loan."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Sept. 22.

October	7.90—05
December	7.94—06
January	7.95—06
March	7.98—05
May	7.92—06
July	7.92—04
Middling spot	8.25 nominal

Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

Eastern:—Unsettled in a few areas but mostly fair.
Central:—Fair and warmer.
Western:—Fair and warmer.
FORECAST.
Eastern:—Fair.
Central:—Fair.
Western:—Fair. Temperature in Abiline (Texas) is 90 degrees.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Sept. 22.

October	7.99—04
December	8.06—02
January	8.07—01
Middling spot	7.95—05
11 a.m. Ranges.—	
October	7.97/7.97
December	8.00/7.99
January	8.01/8.01
Noon Call.—	
October	7.95
December	7.98

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Sept. 22.

	Bales.
Day's receipts to U.S. Ports	26,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's exports to the Continent	2,000
Day's exports to China & Japan	7,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Sept. 22.

September	4.57+03
October	4.58+03
November	4.62+03
December	4.65+03
January	4.68+03
February	4.69+03
March	4.70+02
April	4.71+02
May	4.72+02
June	4.73+02
July	4.74+02
August	4.74+02
September	4.75+03
Middling Spot	4.75+01
10-12 a.m. quotations—	
October	4.56
January	4.65

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept. 22.

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£76
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£89
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£112
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£71 1/2
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£98 1/2
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£99 1/2
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110
Victory Bonds	£107 1/4
Chartered Bank of I.A. and China	£10 1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	£87 1/2
National Bank of India	£35 1/2
P and O Banking Corporation	£6 1/2

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Sept. 22.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels Sept. sellers	25/6
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels Sept. sellers	25/6
Wheat South Australian parcels Sept. sellers	27/3

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept. 22.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.81.43
Paris	178.53
Berlin	12.05 1/2
Madrid	100.00
Montreal	4.34
Amsterdam	8.92 1/16
Brussels	28.56
Milan	91.55
Berne	21.25 1/4

LONDON SEEDS.

London, Sept. 22.

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton Sept. sellers	11/0/0
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton Sept. sellers	12/3/9
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton Oct. sellers	12/10/0
Rapeseed Toria Hull-Cont c.i.f. ton Sept. sellers	11/2/6
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton Sept-Oct. sellers	10/17/6

LINSEED OIL

London, Sept. 22.

Linseed oil London per cwt. naked Oct. sellers	22/4 1/2
Linseed oil London per cwt. naked Nov-Dec. sellers	22/3

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Sept. 22.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. sellers	7 1/16

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Sept. 22.

Fair rio Coffee No. 7 quality unchanged
Spelter hard (Indian Brand)
F.O.B. 14 to 15

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, Sept. 22.

GIZA—	
Spot	7.57+1.
October	6.84+4.
November	6.84+4.
January	7.03+2.
March	7.08+2.
May	7.04+2.
January	7.30+2.
UPPERS—	
Spot	6.15—3.
October	6.04+1.
November	6.02+1.
January	5.97—0.
March	5.97—0.
May	6.00—0.
July	6.02—0.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Sept. 23.

Following a decline of 5 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 152/4 for Broach A/M. delivery and improved to Rs. 152/8 on scattered buying. There was a marked absence of any important business and prices moved within a range of annas four only. This narrow movement will show that at present level there is no inducement either to buy or sell.

Liverpool market was due to open 3 points down and it opened 2 points lower and later on was unchanged. The local market was quoted at Rs. 153 and finally closed at 5 p.m. as under:

F.G.M.G.—			
Broach April/May	Rs.	153	0 0
Fine M. G.—			
Oomra Dec/Jan.		136	6 0
F.G.M.G.—			
Bengal Dec/Jan.		115	4 0

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 23.

Bengal Superfine	120/22	
Bengal Fine	117/18	+8 +6
Bengal F.G.	111/15	
C. P. 1	138/39	+15 +12
C. P. 2	134/36	+9 +7
Arvi	134/36	
Amraoti	134/36	
Ellichpur	134/36	
Berar	133/35	+5 +3
Khandesh	126/30	Par —3
Jalna/Sailu	128/30	
Burwah/Sanavad	132/34	
Khandwa	132/34	
Harda/Khirkiya	132/34	
Mathia	116/21	
Malkapur	131/34	
Broach	137/42	
Punjab 4F	162/67	N/D.
Punjab 289F.	184/87	+50
Sindh N.T.	172/77	+38 Ap/M.
Kampala	258/60	+127
Jinja	247/50	
New Manza	247/48	

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Sept 23

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Khandesh		104	
Central India	320	7,574	
Barsi and Nagar		439	58
Berar	33	1,835	6
Central Provinces		1,710	
Total Oomras	353	11,662	64
Dholera	79	6,819	600
N W Provinces		2	
Rajputana	42	732	
Sind Punjab	588	3,502	2,859
Broach	188	2,862	137
Coompta & Dharwar		2,404	1,175
Westerns Northerns	70	1,998	137
Cocoanada			12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		768	229
Egyptian African and Sudan	9,933	32,655	10,182
Total	11,253	63,404	15,579

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 15th Sept

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Europe	610	2,765	15,372
Japan and China	100	32,595	17,222
Coast Ports		1,892	2,864
Up-country by Rail		13,730	11,999
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		12,886	3,935
Total	710	63,818	50,992

American Cotton Figures

Bombay, Sept. 23.

F.P. Bales	1938-39	1937-38
Receipts to date 22-9-38	993000	1767000
Receipts Yesterday 22-9-38	26000	57000
Exports to date 22-9-38	498000	633000
Stock at Ports 16-9-38	2707000	1983000
Stock at Interior Towns 16-9-38	2195000	1049000
Stock at Liverpool 16-9-38	1164000	691000
Visible Supply 16-9-38	6140000	3960000
Quantity in sight 16-9-38	1489000	2141000
Quantity out of sight 16-9-38	984000	1062000

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Liverpool, Sept 23

No precipitation. Slightly warmer in Western and Central Belts. Forecast: Entire Belt generally fair, slightly warmer.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 21st Sept.	2,197
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1938	52,151
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	14,125
Increase	38,026

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—
Oct. 122 Dec. 132 Jan. 137 March 138 May 148 July 152 at Cross Rate 4.81 7/16
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1939 152—Livarpool May 1939 4.68 Rs. 52 1/4 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1939 152—New York May 7.92 Rs. 31 at Cross Rate 4.81 7/16.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Sept. 22.

Broach A/M. 1939 op 153 1/2; highest 153 5/8; lowest 152 3/4; closing 152 3/4.
Oomra D/Jan. op 137; highest 137; lowest 136; closing 136 1/8.
Bengal D/Jan. op 115 3/4; highest 115 3/4; lowest 115; closing 115.
T/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (21-10-38) Rs. 5.
T/Mandi for Broach A/May 1939 (24-3-39) Rs. 15 1/4

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Sept. 23.

Yesterday London gold prices declined one penny at £7-3-11. London Paris Exchange rate was 18 points up at 178.53 dollar sterling cross rate was 4.81 7/16. London silver prices improved 1/16d to 19 5/16d. for spot while forward was unchanged at 19 7/8d. speculators bought and sold. Business was small. Later the market was quietly steady with small buyers at fixed prices and sellers at 1/16 over fixed prices. New York silver was unchanged but Montreal near month advanced 125 points. Shanghai T. T. on London was 0.8 1/2. The local market was quiet with a restricted turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

GOLD

Ready	35	15	9
Ashwin delivery	36	0	9
Ashwin Teji-mandi	0	4	0
Kartik delivery	36	1	0
Kartik Teji-mandi	0	3	0

SILVER

Ready	51	2	0
Ashwin delivery	51	2	0
Ashwin Teji-mandi	0	11	0
Kartik delivery	51	1	0
Kartik Teji-mandi	1	3	0

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept. 22.

Spot	19 5/16
Forward	19 1/8

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept. 22.

Gold bars fine per oz	£7-3-11

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Sept. 22.

September	43.00+125
December	40.50

N. Y. Silver

New York, Sept. 22.

Spot	42 3/4 cents

London Metals

London, Sept. 22.

Copper	£41 15 0
Spelter	£14 8 9
Lead	£15 3 9
Tin	£195 5 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Sept 23

London market—
Standard copper cash (buyers) £41-10-0
Standard copper 3 months £41-15-0
Electrolytic copper £47-0-0
Bombay market—
Market closed.

Precious Metals

Bombay, Sept. 23.

The following are the weekly quotations for the Precious Metals.

	Per Tola
Platinum 100 per cent	Rs. 52
Platinum 97 per cent	Rs. 51
Platinum 25 per cent	Rs. 15
Palladium 100 per cent	Rs. 35
Iridium 100 per cent	Rs. 100
Osmium 100 per cent	Rs. 90
Ruthenium 100 per cent	Rs. 55
Rhodium 100 per cent	Rs. 165

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Sept 22

October	£10 5 0
November	£10 3 9

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Sept 23

Castorseeds Sept—			
Opening	28	9	0
Highest	28	10	0
Lowest	28	9	0
Closing	28	10	0
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	28	15	0
Highest	28	15	0
Lowest	28	11	6
Closing	28	12	0
Groundnuts Feb—			
Opening	26	13	3
Highest	26	13	6
Lowest	26	11	6
Closing	26	13	6
Cottonseeds Sept—			
Opening	18	8	0
Highest	18	10	0
Lowest	18	8	0
Closing	18	10	0
Cottonseeds Jan—			
Opening	18	10	3
Highest	18	11	9
Lowest	18	10	0
Closing	18	11	3

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Sept 22

October	62 5/8d.
December	59 1/8d.
March	57 7/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Sept 22

September	dol 0.63 5/8
December	dol 0.64
May	dol 0.65 1/8

New York Sugar

New York, Sept 22

March	2.01
May	2.03
July	2.07

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Sept 23

Ready Javas	Rs.	15	4 0
Shipment Oct Dec		5	8 0
Shipment Jan March		5	11 0
Kesar		14	1 0
Saraya		14	1 0
Java Spot		F	5.95

London Sugar

London, Sept. 22.

December	8s. 7d.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Sept. 23.

B C RATES—
T T D D 1/5 27/32
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 7/8
Bank's buying T T 1/5 15/16
Bank's buying D D 1/5 31/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/16 to Nov 1/6 3/32 Dec/Aug.
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 280
Bank's buying T T 277
Bank's buying D D 276 3/4
PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,313
Bank's buying T T 1,350
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 78 5/8
Bank's buying T T 78
Bank's buying 60 days 77
AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 66 1/8
JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 86
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 85 1/2
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 50 1/2
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 157
BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 88 1/2
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4.81.43 22nd inst.
Japan/London 1/2 1/64 23rd inst.
Hongkong/London 1/3 23rd inst.
Shanghai/London 0/8 17/32 23rd inst.
Java/London 8.91 1/8 23rd inst.
London/Paris 178.53 22nd inst.
London/Belgium 28.56 22nd inst.
London/Switzerland 21.25 1/4 22nd inst
London/Berlin 12.05 1/2 22nd inst.
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 22nd inst.
London/New York 4.81.43 22nd inst.
London/Amsterdam 8.92 1/8 22nd inst.
London/Italy 91.55 22nd inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull, Uncertain.
Gold £7-4-0 21st inst.
Gold £7-3-11 22nd inst.
Silver London Ready 19 1/4 21st inst.
Silver London Ready 19 5/16 22nd inst.
Silver London Forward 19 1/8 21st inst.
Silver London Forward 19 1/8 22nd inst.
Silver New York Ready 43 21st inst.
Silver New York Ready 43 22nd inst.
London Discounts 3 months 15/16 per cent 21st inst.
London Discounts 3 months 15/16 per cent 22nd inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 21st inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 22nd inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—
Call 1/4 per cent.
3 months 1 per cent.
6 months 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Sept. 22.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	76
3 1/2 per cent	89
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	102
4 per cent 1948/53	106
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	112
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	115
5 per cent 1942/47	109
3 per cent 1949/52	98
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	71 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	99 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	110
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary Steady	45

BOMBAY YARN EXCHANGE

Bombay, Sept 23

Yarn No. 6 1/2s October 101 December 101 February 100
Yarn No. 10 1/2s October 111 December 112 February 113
Yarn No. 20 1/2s October 152 December 152 February 153

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Sept. 23.

GOVT. SECURITIES.

3 1/2 per cent Paper	97/1
4 per cent 1960-70	110,12
5 per cent 1945-55	115/12

BANKS.

Bank of Baroda	112
Bank of Hindusthan	30
Bank of India	140
Central Bank	29/8
Imperial Bank F.P.	1542/8
Imperial Bank P.P.	3/5
Indian Overseas Bank	44
Reserve Bank	114/8
Union Bank	5/8

TEXTILES.

Ahmd. New Textiles	515
Ambica	232/8
Arun	237/8
Arvind	1215
Asok	235
Bharatkhand	2525
Bombay Dyeing	880
Buckingham and Carnatics	188
Calico	630
Central India	258/2
Century	286/4
Colaba	154/6
Delhi Cloth and Gen. Mills	355
Elgin	212/8
Gokak	157/8
Hukumchand	195
Indore	60/10
Jubilee	211/14
Khatau Makanji	126/4
Kohinoor	275/10
Laxmi Cotton	478/4
Madhusudan	200
Marsden	110
Morarji	138/12
Mysore	95/10
Nandlal Bhandari	91
New Great	236/14
Raipur	575
Rajnagar	240
sajjan	97/8
Sholapur	2885
Simplex	86/4
Swadeshi	216/4
Vishnu	1227/8

HYDRO ELECTRICS

Andhra Valley Ord.	1452/8
Tata Hydro Ord. X.D.	147/13
Tata Power Ord.	1362/8

ELECTRICS.

Ahmedabad Electrics	131/14
Ajmer Electrics	12/12
Bombay Suburban	138/12
Bombay Tram.	114/11
Surat Electrics	172/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Air Services of India	6
Mysore Sugar	27
Alcock Ashdown	310
Associated Cements	112
Belapur	189/8
Bombay Burma New	173/2
Bombay Burma Old	520
Bombay Steam	217/8
Bombay Telephone	84
Br. B. Petrol	8/6
Burma Corporation	5/5
Dalmia Cement	9/12
Indian Bleaching	180
Industrial Investment Tr.	42/4
Indian Radio Ord.	395
Indian Radio Defd.	425
Indian Copper	2/6
Indian Iron	30/4
Port Canning	74
Premier Construction	85
Rohtas Industries	26/4
Scindia Steam	19/6
Shivrajpur	42
Tata Oil	35/8
Tata Steel Ordy.	288/8
Tata Steel Defd.	1400

JUTES.

Birla Jute	15
Howrah	49/14
Hukumchand	6/2
Kamarhatty	467
Kankanarrah	369/8
Lawrence	350
Reliance	62/4

Pay in—Oct. 10 Pay out—Oct. 12

Business Small In Popular Scrips

SCATTERED LIQUIDATION AND COVERING

Disposition To Await Political Developments: Recovery In Cement Shares

BOMBAY September 23.

Yesterday the Wall-Street market ruled quiet with increased selling influenced by somewhat unfavourable developments in European political situation and U. S. steel shares declined dol. 1⅛ and Anaconda coppers closed dollar one down.

THE LOCAL MARKET SEEMS TO HAVE ASSUMED CAUTIOUS ATTITUDE AND BUSINESS WAS RESTRICTED.

DURING THE EARLY PART OF THE SESSION THERE WAS SCATTERED SELLING WHICH RESULTED IN A SMALL DECLINE WHILE LATER ON PRICES IMPROVED PARTIALLY UNDER SHORT COVERING.

As usual unfounded political rumours are at work to influence the course of prices, but outside interest being comparatively small, the market does not indicate any undue movement. Professionals are also watching developments and the tone of the market was mostly dull.

The market will remain open for one hour on Saturday and trading for the next settlement will commence on Monday. Thus there seems little possibility for any material change in prices except some sudden change in the European situation.

Foreign markets seem to be much worried and the state of suspicion is doing more harm to the general sentiment. Turnover is falling off and there seems no inclination to operate pending the clarification of the political situation.

The tone of the market at the close was steady and Tata Steel Dfds. were quoted at Rs. 1410 after declining to Rs. 1382/8.

Associated Cement shares recovered rapidly by active buying influenced by private reports of Rs. 7½ dividend and annas eight bonus.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, Sept. 23.

100	Ahmd. Advance	325 0
250	BOM. DYEING	881 4
100	CENTURY	287 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	155 0
100	COLABA	156 0
100	Coorla	95 0
250	David	75 0
250	Dawn	325 0
1	E. D. Sassoon	0 6 3
100	Finlay	125 0
100	GOKAK	158 0
1,000	Hindustan	1,700 0
100	Indore	61 0
100	Khatau	118 12
100	KOHINOOR	276 8
250	Laxmi	176 4
250	Madras United	35 0
1,000	Morarji	139 0
250	Model	47 0
50	MYSORE	100 0
200	NEW GREAT	238 0
100	Oosmanshahi	38 0
100	PHOENIX	225 0
25	Sassoon Silk	76 4
1,000	Sholapur	2885 0
50	SIMPLEX	86 8
100	SWADESHI	217 8
100	Swan	108 2
500	Vishnu	1227 8
1,000	Western	875 0

BANKS.

50-100	Baroda	109 0
25-50	Central	29 8
500	Imperial	1,540 0
125-500	Im. Conty.	372 8
50-100	India	140 0
100	Reserve Bank	114 8
5	Unions	5 9

CEMENTS.

100	Associated	112 4

INSURANCE.

100-500	Empire	711 4
15-100	Jupiter	13 4
20	Mercantile	52 8
15-70	New India	38 0
200	Oriental	4,290 0
15-50	Vulcan	7 1

ELECTRIC.

100	Ah. Old	131 14
1,000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1,455 0
10	Ajmer	12 12
10	Amalgmd.	13 0
50	BOM. TRAM	116 0
100	Bombay Suburban	138 12
10	Broach	10 0
100	Karachi	185 0
100	Poona	172 8
100	Surat	161 4
100	TATA HYDRO XD	148 0
1,000	TATA POWER	1,365 0

RAILWAYS.

100	Ahmedabad Prantij	937 8
100	C. Province	100 8
100	Dh. Baramati	104 4
100	Gujarat	99 0
100	Mandra Bhon	100 8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Sept. 23.

Bombay Dyeing (878/12) 877 880 8/5 882 881
Century (287) 286 285 286 287
Central India (254) 254 257 259 258 260
Kohinoor (276/4) 276 275 276
New Great (233) 231 232 231 233 238
Simplex (85/8) 86 85 86/8
Swadeshi (217) 216 215 217
Associated Cement (110) 109 108/8 110/8 111/8 113 112/6
Andhra (1460) 1455
Tata Hydro (154) 149XD.
Tata Power (1367/8) 1360 1362 1365
Tram. Ord. (116/12) 116 117 116
T. Steel Dfd. (1410) 1395 1390 1397 1387 1380 1392 1387 1407 1400 1405 1410
T. Steel Ord. (290/8) 288 289 286 287 289 288 289
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (157/12) 157/4 156/12 156/8
Bellapur (189) 188 187 188 190
B. Steam (218) 218
B. Burma (518/12) 517 518 520 521

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Sept. 23.

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes (Cash)	97/2
2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan	99/14
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	101/14
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	102/10
3 per cent 1963/65	97/10
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	105/4
4 per cent 1948 Bonds	107/14
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	110
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	118
3 per cent U P Bonds	97
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan	102/10
5 per cent 1940/42 Loan	106/4
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	100

TAX FREES

5	per cent 1945/55 Loan 115/10
4	per cent 1953/63 Mysore 111/8
5	per cent 1955 Mysore 124
5 1/2	per cent 1938 Mysore 100/8

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4	per cent 1974 B P T 109/8
4	per cent 1974 M Deb 108/8
5	per cent 1959 M Deb 118
5	per cent 1954 M Deb 129

Note:—3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes opened at Rs. 97/4 for current settlements, touched Rs. 97/5 to close at Rs. 97/2. Budli business changed hands from 4 annas at the opening to 5 annas towards the close in favour of Bulls.

100	Pachora Jamner	97 4
100	Sara Serajgunj	100 8
500	Tapti Valley XD.	718 12

MINING.

9	Burma Corp.	6 6
2sh.	Indian Copper	2 6
10	Indian Iron and Steel	30 4
10	SHIVRAJPUR	42 0
30	TATA STEEL DEFD.	1,405 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	289 0

MISCELLANEOUS.

100	ALCOCK	311 0
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	190 0
200-250	Bombay Safe Dep.	850 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	218 0
125	B. BURMA	521 4
50	Burma Conty.	173 2
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3-6-0
50	TELEPHONE	84 0
100	I. BLEACHING	130 8
50	I. Invest Trust	42 4
100	I. Radio Defd	430 0
100	I. Radio Ord.	390 0
100	Port Canning	72 8
30	Premier Con.	66 0
15	Scindia	19 6
25	Tata Oil Mill (nil)	35 8

PREFERENCE.

5½	p.c. Amalgmd (T. F.)	106 0
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1.525 0
6	p.c Bombay Steam	297 8
7	p. c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	70 0
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	562 8
6 1/4	p.c. Prem Const. 1st	107 8
6-1/4	p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	97 0
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	152 8
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1.597 8
6	p.c Tata Steel 1st	206 4
7½	p. c. Tata Steel 2nd	156 8
7	p.c. Vishnu	717 8

DEBENTURES

3-3/4	p.c. Andhra Valley	102 0
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	108 12
4	p.c Bombay Telephone	53 0
7	p.c. Sholapur	78 10
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	108 10

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List.)

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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1938

Congress Cabinet Discussions

Condemnation Of States' Repressive Policy

Congress Premiers Justify Their Stand In Provinces

Haripura Resolution On Federation To Be Reiterated

SYMPATHY WITH STATES PEOPLES' STRUGGLE: DRAFT RESOLUTIONS SENT TO GANDHIJI: A.I.C.C. MEETING TO-DAY

NEW DELHI, Sept. 23.

The Congress Working Committee resumed its sitting at 8 a.m. to-day at Birla House. Besides all the members of the Working Committee present here the Premiers of the four provinces, namely, Madras, United Provinces, Bihar, and Orissa, Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay and Dr. Khan Saheb, Premier of N. W. F. P. attended the meeting.

It is understood that the Committee discussed the various problems relating to the states and is now reviewing generally the work of the Congress Ministries in the various provinces.

The Congress Working Committee adjourned at 11-15 a.m. to meet again at 3 p.m. at Mahatma Gandhi's residence at the Harijan Colony to resume discussion on the question of "Non-Violence."

It is stated that Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, Premier, Madras made a vigorous defence of the policy followed by him with particular reference to the use of the Criminal Law Amendment Act in countering the anti-Hindustani agitation in Madras.

REPRESSIVE POLICY JUSTIFIED

Other Premiers are reported to have justified the action taken by them in their respective Governments.

The Committee discussed the main outline of the resolution to be passed with regard to the Indian States. It is understood that the draft solution condemns the repressive policy adopted by several States like Kashmir, Hyderabad, Travancore and Orissa States and expresses sympathy with the aspiration of the States' peoples disapproving violence.

The Committee also discussed draft of a resolution on the question of Federation. The draft will be submitted to Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon and after his approval will be finally passed. The resolution generally reiterate the Haripura Congress resolution and removes certain misapprehensions created in the public mind as regards Congress attitude towards Federation.

The Congress Working Committee will receive two deputations from the Punjab representing the two groups of the Congressmen there at the Harijan Colony at 5-30 p.m. to-day.

It is understood that the Working Committee also passed the budget for the next year.

The A. I. C. C. will meet at the Gandhi Ground at 4-30 p.m. to-morrow.—A. P.

MINISTERIAL ACTIVITIES REVIEWED

Congress Plenary Session In April?

NEW DELHI, Sept. 23.

The Congress Working Committee resumed its sitting this Premiers, namely, Pandit Govind morning at the Birla House at 8-30. Besides the eleven members of the Committee, five Congress Ballabh Pant, Mr. B. G. Kher, Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, Mr. Bishwanath Das and Mr. Sreekrishna Sinha were also present. Dr. Khan Saheb, the Frontier Premier, is also expected to attend the morning session of the Committee.

It is understood the Committee is reviewing the record of activities of the Congress Ministries during the last one year with special reference to the programme outlined in the Congress election manifesto, as it is expected that this question will be raised at the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee. It is not unlikely that the Committee may frame an official resolution expressing appreciation of what they have been able to achieve so far in the face of considerable difficulties, particularly in such matters as the release of political prisoners, relief to agriculturist population, educational reforms, Harijan uplift and settlement of labour problems.

A. I. C. C. MEETING

The Committee decided that the session of the All-India Congress Committee should commence to-morrow at 4 in the afternoon at Gandhi Grounds, Queens Garden.

CONGRESS PLENARY SESSION IN APRIL.

Among other things considered by the Committee this morning was the question of desirability of holding the plenary session of the Congress some time in April instead of in February in view of the fact that during February and March both the Central and Provincial Legislatures would be engaged with the discussion of budgets.

FRIDAY'S ARRIVAL.

Among to-day's arrivals in connection with the All-India Congress Committee Session were the Hon. Dr. Khan Sahib, the Frontier Premier, Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, Babu Purshottamdas Tandon, Speaker of the United Provinces Assembly, Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, Mr. Hariharnath Shastri and Mr. Zahir Ahmed of the A.I.C.C. Office.

The C. P. Ministers including the Hon. Pandit Ravishanker Shukla the Premier, and Dr. Choitram P. Gidwani will arrive this evening.

POLITICAL PRISONERS' RELIEF COMMITTEE

The All-India Political Prisoners' Relief Committee meet in the A.I.C.C. pandal to-morrow at 8 in the morning.

Acharya Narendra Dev will preside.—United Press.

COORG WANTS TO BE SEPARATE PROVINCE

NEW DELHI, Sept. 23.

A deputation of Coorg Congressmen has come to Delhi to wait on the Congress Working Committee with a view to pressing their claims for the constitution of Coorg into a separate autonomous province.

The deputationists also want the Working Committee to keep in abeyance the resolution passed at Haripura proposing amalgamation of Coorg with Madras. They argue that the proposed merger would deprive them of the benefits of the advisory capacity of the Legislative Council which they have got at present in Coorg under the Chief Commissioner without the possible compensating advantage of being a part of an autonomous province, as they would not have sufficient representation in the Madras Legislature to make their voice felt effectively.

The members of the deputation have already interviewed Gandhiji, Babu Rajendra Prasad and Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya. It is understood that Mahatma Gandhi has advised them to place their case before the Working Committee.—A. P.

HOW GANDHI JAYANTI IS CELEBRATED IN DELHI: Seth Jamnalal Bajaj and Bibi Parvati Devi, Vice-President of the Delhi P. C. Committee, grinding flour in celebration of Gandhi Jayanti at Delhi.

SUBHAS BOSE DETAINED AT ALLAHABAD

Expected To Reach Delhi At 7 p. m.

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 23.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose arrived at Bamrauli aerodrome at 1 p. m. and left for Delhi, after a halt of about an hour. Originally, he intended to land at Cawnpore and, not Allahabad, but due to strong headwind he made a slight change in the programme and stopped at Allahabad. While here, he asked the local Congress Committee to ring up Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel at Harijan Colony, Delhi and inform him that due to strong winds Mr. Bose had been delayed, and now expected to reach Delhi at about 7 p.m.—A. P.

SUBHAS FLIES TO DELHI

CALCUTTA, Sept. 23.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, Congress President, left this morning at 5/30 for Delhi by a specially chartered gypsy-moth aeroplane belonging to the Bengal Flying Club.

While taking off Mr. Bose told a representative of the Associated Press that he would fly via Allahabad and Cawnpore. It is expected that the 'plane will reach Cawnpore by about 1 p.m and Delhi at the latest by 4 p.m.—A. P.

Sir John Ewart, Director of the Intelligence Bureau, Government of India, who arrived from England by S.S. "Stratheden" on Thursday.

PRAJA MANDAL PRESIDENT ARRESTED

CUTTACK, Sept. 23.

News has been received from Gardhenkanal of the arrest of Harmohan Patnaik, president of the Dhenkanal Praja Mandal, which has been declared an unlawful body by the Dhenkanal Durbar.—A. P.

Mr. M. R. Masani, Officiating General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, arrived here last night.

ST. XAVIERS' STRIKE CALLED OFF

Bose Brothers Pave Way For Settlement

CALCUTTA, Sept. 21.

Following a prolonged meeting between the College authorities and the Students' Strike Committee, the strike in the St. Xaviers' College was called off this afternoon.

WAY CLEARED

The strike, it will be recalled, was started on the 2nd September following some incidents on the rector's day on August 30. On the second day of the strike some of the strikers were arrested on a charge of obstruction, and others were dispersed by the police by a lathi charge. This caused resentment amongst the student community in the city and there was a general strike of all students of all Calcutta colleges on September 5. The matter was then referred to the Syndicate of the Calcutta University, who, while not willing to interfere in the matter, requested Dr. Syamaprasad Mookerjee and Mr. Justice C. C. Biswas to help the authorities to bring about a settlement. The endeavours of Dr. Mookerjee and Mr. Justice Biswas, however, failed to achieve the desired result as the authorities declined to concede the students' demand for taking back the Bose brothers (Kalyan and Aurobindo).

The Bose brothers, who took a leading part in the strike have since taken their transfer certificates, as desired by the authorities of the institution, thus paving the way for a settlement between their fellow students and the authorities.—A. P.

MR. ANDREW'S TRIBUTE TO MAHATMA'S UNIQUE ACHIEVEMENT

BANGALORE, Sept. 23.

"Hitherto in human history non-violence and truth, the antidote to war, have been confined to individual martyrdom and sacrifice, but Mahatma Gandhi, beginning in South Africa and continuing in India itself, had been working out the same principles on a corporate scale. Undoubtedly this corporate moral resistance was far harder to achieve without any violence than individual acts of martyrdom, such as the past history of human race discloseu."

This handsome tribute was paid by Mr. C. F. Andrews to Mahatma Gandhi on Wednesday evening addressing the students of National High School on the occasion of the celebration of Gandhiji's 70th birthday.—United Press

MR. HENDERSON FOR RANGOON.

MADRAS:—Mr. C. A. Henderson, the newly appointed Agent of the Government of India in Burma, left Rangoon on Friday morning by s.s. "Ethiopia". He was seen off by a large number of his friends and officials.—A. P.

Mystery Woman Prepares Tea

NAINITAL.

Of late a very interesting story has attracted the attention of the people here. It being the Pitra Paksha (the period when Hindus honour their dead), a sundry shopkeeper appeared distressed a day before the "Sradha" of his father fell, as there was no lady in the house to arrange things for the ceremony. He went late to bed. But at about 2 in the night a young woman entered the house and was seen by one of the inmates.

Questioned, she asked the man to keep quiet and informed him that she was a relation and had come to arrange things for the 'Sradha' ceremony and asked him to sleep well and not to disturb others in the house.

She arranged every thing and even the morning tea at about 5 a.m. But before the neighbours could get up she disappeared.

Enquiries made by the inmates of the house show that none of their possible lady relations ever entered their premises at about 2 a.m.

The mysterious woman is being taken to be the spirit of one of the dead of the family.—A.P.

ALL-INDIA KISAN COMMITTEE MEETS

Reviews Activities In Different Provinces

NEW DELHI, Sept. 23

A meeting of the All India Kisan Committee was held here yesterday at the residence of Prof. N. G. Ranga, General Secretary of the All-India Kisan Committee, under the presidency of Swami Sahajanand Saraswati.

The Committee reviewed the proceedings of the Comilla session of the All-India Kisan committee and subsequent progress made by the Kisan movement in different provinces.

It is understood the policy to be pursued by the Kisan Committee in the Congress and non-Congress provinces was also considered by the Committee

The general sense of the Committee appeared to be that the Kisan Committees should judge the measures and laws initiated by Governments, Congress or non-Congress, from the correct Kisan point of view and accord their support to those which were calculated to benefit the Kisans. The Kisan Committees should, however, expose the glaring defects, if any, of these measures and condemn any repressive or reactionary policy that might be followed by the non-Congress Ministries.

Among those present at the meeting were Prof. N. G. Ranga, Mr. Indulal Yagnik, Mr. Niharendu Dutt Majumdar, Mr. Bankim Mukherjee, Mr. P. C. Joshi, Bibi Raghubir Kaur, Shrimati Bharatidevi Ranga and others.

The Committee will meet again to-day.—United Press.

DR KHARE FORMS "CONGRESS DEMOCRATIC PARTY."

NAGPUR, Sept. 23.

Dr. N. B. Khare, ex-Premier of the Central Provinces, has issued a statement to the press heralding the formation of a "Congress Democratic Party." This new party, Dr. Khare says, will work within the Congress Party, just as the Congress Socialist Party.

Dr. Khare at the outset says that he is not going to Delhi due to indifferent health and he adds that he would not get justice from A.I.C.C. which is dominated by the high command.—A. P.

Black flags will greet Mr. Mahomed Ali Jinnah at every railway station in the Sind Province when he takes his journey to Karachi to preside over the Sind Provincial Muslim League Conference, to be held from October. 7 onwards.

Edgar Wallace' Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *THE CALENDAR*

WHAT DOES THIS MEAN?--- MY NAME ISN'T DEBNEY--- IT'S PLUNKETT, ISAIAH PLUNKETT!
THAT DISGUISE MIGHT HAVE WORKED, DEBNEY-- IF YOU HADN'T BEEN CARELESS ENOUGH TO LEAVE A PICTURE OF THE DISGUISE YOU COPIED IN YOUR FIREPLACE!
HERE! THAT'S- -THAT'S JUST A PLAIN MAGAZINE- ---
ANOTHER MISTAKE, DEBNEY---WHY ARE YOU CARRYING A LADIES' MAGAZINE?
I THOUGHT SO-- THE PLANS FOR ANSON'S RIFLE CONCEALED BETWEEN TWO PAGES!--- PUT THE CUFFS ON HIM, DONAVAN!
LYMAN ANDERSON
6-28
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